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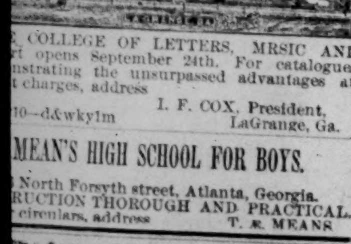

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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME XVII. TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 29, 1884. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

THE HEADQUARTERS.

THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE ON ITS WAY TO ALBANY

Where the Nomination will be Tendered to Grover Cleveland To-day--Mr. Hendricks to be Notified To-morrow--The Echoes from the Canvass all Over the Country.

NEW YORK, July 28.—The democratic national committee's headquarters have been engaged in the building adjoining the Hoffman house. The state committee's headquarters will be in the Hoffman house.

The committee appointed by the democratic national convention at Chicago to notify Grover Cleveland and Thomas A. Hendricks of their nominations, assembled at noon to-day at the Fifth Avenue hotel. Nearly all the members of the committee were present. Before calling the meeting to order, Chairman Vilas announced that it would be necessary for each member present to sign the platform adopted by the Chicago convention. This was done and the committee went into executive session to conduct their business. The sub-committee appointed at Chicago to prepare addresses to the candidates submitted their report, which was adopted. After a brief discussion the committee decided to leave the city for Albany to-night by the steamer Drew. To-morrow the committee will re-assemble at 10 a. m. at the Delavan house. At 3 p. m. they will wait upon Governor Cleveland and formally notify him of his nomination. On Wednesday the committee will proceed to Saratoga and notify Mr. Hendricks.

THE OUTLOOK IN INDIANA.

Governor Hendricks Fully Satisfied--Probable Effect of the Prohibition Ticket.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 28.—Governor Hendricks is fully satisfied with the present status of the campaign in Indiana. The democracy are organizing all along the line, from the lake to the Ohio. There is not a break anywhere. The republicans of this city seem to have lost all the backbone they ever had. Heretofore they have always been impudent and aggressive. The governor said if the republicans could truly say: "There is no need of a change—let well enough alone," they might possess an argument powerful enough to force people to vote for Blaine; but the well-defined uneasiness in business circles and the recent bank failures here have swelled the current of those clamoring for a change.

Senator Voorhees was here the day of the great Fletcher bank failure, with its 2,500 depositors, and witnessed the crowd of patrons surging up against the doors of the bank clamorous and angry.

"That," said Voorhees, "is the biggest and most emphatic Cleveland ratification meeting I have seen so far in the campaign." The governor thinks that the great pocket nerve of the masses has been at last touched.

The action of the state prohibitionists yesterday has probably settled the question, so far as Indiana is concerned. Their full state nominations will defeat Mr. Calkins heavily, and the electoral ticket will effectually settle Blaine's aspirations, so far as the state is concerned. Mr. and Mrs. Hendricks will leave for the east within the next forty-eight hours.

THE INDEPENDENT REPUBLICANS

The Pennsylvania Bolters Organizing for Action.

PHILADELPHIA, July 28.—A meeting of the independent republicans was held here today. A permanent organization was effected, under the name of "the association of republicans and independents of the city of Philadelphia," and the following officers were elected:

President—Henry C. Lea. First vice-president—Stuart Wood. Second vice-president—Joseph Parrish. Secretary—Lincoln Leyere. Treasurer—Samuel Wagner.

The president was authorized to appoint an executive committee of ten. The following resolution was adopted and ordered to be printed for distribution and signatures:

We, the undersigned independent republicans and independents of Philadelphia, believing as stated in the address issued by the conference held in New York on July 22d, that the paramount issue of the presidential election of this year is moral rather than political, do commend the use of all honorable means to accomplish the defeat of Blaine and Logan.

An Irish Republican Demonstration.

NEW YORK, July 28.—A mass meeting of Irishmen who favor the election of Blaine and Logan was held to-night at Chickering hall. The hall was taxed to its utmost capacity to accommodate those who desired to attend. Among those upon the platform were Governor Davas, F. Burke, Captain Michael Foley, Patrick Ford, of the Irish World, Captain O'Meagher Condon, of Washington, Edward J. Rowe, John Roach and Colonel J. P. O'Flynn. Austin E. Ford was made chairman. He said it was a strange thing to see 3,000 Irish-Americans assembled in New York city to indorse the nominees of the republican party.

The first speaker was Rev. George W. Pepper, of Ohio. He said that they had come together to defeat the candidate supported by the London Times. The republican party had always been oppressed by the English government, whose sympathies were with the democrats. It was the party of personal liberty and the protection of labor. Free trade crippled every country in which it had been introduced. He predicted that in November next Governor Cleveland would be buried so deep that the sound of Gabriel's trumpet would never reach him. Not one in two Irishmen in Ohio would vote for Cleveland. The Catholics there were all opposed to him.

Henry Cary Baird, the next speaker, said that the only way to do with England was to cripple her industries, and this could be done by keeping the republican party in power.

Judge Brennan, of Iowa, said he had come 1,400 miles to be present at the meeting. The democrats had said for forty years that because they were Irish they must vote the democratic ticket. It was now time to say they would vote the republican ticket.

The other speakers were P. T. Barry, of Illinois, and Captain Omeagher Condon of Washington. A circular was distributed giving the reason why Cleveland should not be supported by the laboring classes.

The National Labor Convention.

NEW YORK, July 28.—At a meeting of the national executive committee of the national labor party, held at No. 3 Pine street, in this city, to-day, the following resolution was adopted:

Whereas, owing to the fact that the letters of acceptance of General Butler and Governor Cleveland have not yet appeared, and that pending their appearance intelligent action cannot be taken by the convention called by this organization, to be held in the city of Chicago, July 30th, 1884, at Hershy hall; therefore,

Resolved, That said convention be and is hereby postponed until Monday, September 1st, 1884, to meet at the same hall, in the city of Chicago.

Trying to Create Campaign Material.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., July 28.—The county politics are running at white heat. For the last two days negroes have been flocking to the city in large numbers. From their action it is believed that some northern white republicans are among them for the purpose of inciting them to commit riotous conduct on or before the election day, August 4th. The authorities have taken the matter in hand and are prepared to quell any disturbance.

THE BUILDERS' STRIKE.

The Beginning of the Week with Large Accessions of Strikers.

NEW YORK July 28.—To-day begins the second week of the bricklayers' and laborers' strike for nine hours per day, instead of ten. Reports as to the number of men on the strike are conflicting. The employes say about 3,000 altogether, and the employers claim that the number does not exceed 700. The strikers drew no money last week, but beginning today they will be paid a certain amount each week until the strike is declared ended. This money comes from the treasury of the bricklayers' and laborers' unions, and from sums of money donated by other trades and labor organizations in order to aid the strikers in gaining the fight. Nearly all the plasterers in the city engaged on jobs where the employers refused to accede to the nine hour demand, quit to-day and will remain out till the strike is over. There are also a number of hod hoisting engineers who refused to work until the difficulty is settled. The strikers met to-day and assigned commission to various parts of the city, with instructions to report at headquarters immediately any job on which non union men had taken the place of the strikers. A large number of framers also stopped work this morning, and will only return when the nine hours is conceded. The master builders association will meet to-night. The strikers say that the large majority will vote to yield the nine hour demand. This is denied by many of the employers. They say they can stand the strike as long as any of their employes.

Attempted Lynching in Minneapolis.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 28.—Last night an immense crowd gathered around the jail in which are confined three men, Cantiney, German and Parker, who shot officer Laughlin yesterday morning, while he was endeavoring to arrest them for riotous proceedings. The mob expressed a determination to lynch the prisoners, and about midnight made an attack on the jail and effected an entrance into the outer corridors, but the strong force of police guarding the jail prevented the crowd from getting at the cells. After awhile the excitement subsided, and at about half-past three o'clock this morning in response to the appeals from the officers to respect the law the crowd began to separate, going away in twos and threes. Some stood idly around waiting for somebody to take the initiative, and as no other act of violence was attempted by any one, they too went away, and all danger was passed.

The Hugging Mollies.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 28.—[Special.]—The Register of yesterday contains the following description of a band now prowling about the city known by the strange appellation of "hugging mollies:"

"An excitement has been created among the timid in this community by wild reports of men in women's clothing suddenly seizing pedestrians on the back streets at night and relieving them of their valuables. An instance is given of a member of the penitentiary, who, it is said, was captured by four of these night prowlers, called "hugging mollies," on Wednesday night in the pines north of the penitentiary, where he was relieved of a gold watch and chain and detained as a prisoner for several hours. The boys are very much excited over the rumors, and Friday night a squad of colored boys, armed with guns, baseball bats, sticks and stones, paraded the back streets of half the city in quest of the "hugging mollies," who, they alleged, had attacked two boys the previous night. As soon as the police were informed of the pranks of these boys, one or two of the knights of the club went out on a scout for them, and finding them, dispersed the mob.

Since the above was written four or five of the gang have been "taken in" by the police.

A BLOODY FIGHT

In Which One Telegraph Operator Shoots Another Dead.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., July 28.—[Special.]—W. B. Windsor, who killed young Eddy at Soddy, Tenn., Saturday evening, had a preliminary trial in this city this evening. Eddy went into the telegraph office and demanded of Windsor the money he claimed the Cincinnati Southern railroad company owed him. Windsor stated that he had nothing to do with it. Eddy said he had come for the money, and must have it or blood. He held the pistol in his hand when the demand was made. Windsor ordered him to leave the office. Eddy flourished the pistol again, demanded the money or he would have blood. Windsor, during the trouble, had taken his pistol from the drawer. When Eddy again flourished the pistol Windsor, quick as a flash, shot him dead. Before the fatal shot was fired a man named Wilkerson stepped between the two men as a peacemaker, but Eddy pushed him to one side, flourishing his revolver and saying, "There was something would settle the matter." Both men are telegraph operators. Windsor was held to answer.

A Fourteen-Year-Old Girl Outraged.

DETROIT, July 28.—A fourteen-year-old daughter of Stephen Kimball, a wealthy farmer living near Lyons, while strolling near her house yesterday, was seized and outraged by two tramps. Kimball has offered a reward of $500 for their arrest.

Homicide in Mobile.

MOBILE, Ala., July 28.—Colonel J. S. Murphy, a prominent citizen and president of the Mobile Life Insurance company, was found shot dead last night by Reuben Turipp, near his residence in the lower part of the county.

Both Were Drowned.

CHICAGO, July 28.—On Sunday afternoon, while a party was yachting on the lake, Miss Mamie Louis fell overboard. Otto Mulhart, owner of the yacht, though unable to swim, plunged in to rescue her. Both were drowned.

Into the River.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 28.—The Journal special from Worthington, Ind., reports that the west span of the narrow guage railway bridge across White river gave way to-day under a passing train, precipitating the coaches and passengers into the river. William Hibbetts, of Switz City, was instantly killed.

Oliver Ames Retires.

PHILADELPHIA, July 28.—In the United States circuit court to-day, application was received from Oliver Ames, receiver of the credit mobilier of America, asking to be relieved from the the receivership of that corporation. No reason is assigned for this action on the part of Receiver Ames, but it was privately stated by his counsel that the cause was the pressure of the official duties of Ames, who is lieutenant-governor of Massachusetts, and finds it impossible to attend the court. Samuel R. Shipley, president of the Provident life insurance and trust company, of this city, was thereupon appointed as his successor.

A Reduction of Twenty Per Cent.

BETHLEHEM, July 28.—A reduction of 20 per cent in the salaries and wages of the officers and employes of the Bethlehem Iron company is announced.

Ten Per Cent Reduction.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 28.—The American worsted company, of Woonsocket, his given notice of ten per cent reduction.

The Whisky Tax.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Sometime ago the commissioner of internal revenue issued an order providing that on and after the first of September, 1884, the collection of tax on whisky by assessment shall be discontinued. Strong efforts have since been made to have him rescind this order, but without avail, and to-day he notified the petitioners that the original order will be enforced. Under this ruling the tax will be collected on the day it becomes due, and if not paid the property will be distrained.

GREELY AND HIS MEN.

THE ARCTIC FLEET ON ITS WAY TO THE SOUTH.

The General Plan for the Reception of the Arctic Voyageurs in Portsmouth--The Story from the Log of the Loch Garry--The Return to St. Johns, N. F., Etc.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., July 28.—At 10 a. m. the Greely relief squadron steamed out into the bay. The flagship Thetis led, followed by the Bear, Alert and all the harbor steam tugs and steam launches, with the flags of Great Britain and the United States at half mast and crowded with leading citizens. On all public buildings and mercantile premises flags were draped. The vessels in port displayed their national flags in mourning. Thousands of spectators from the shore waved adieus by banner or handkerchief, which salutations were gracefully returned by the receding squadron. Lieutenant Greely and the other survivors are enjoying tolerable health.

The following general plan of ceremonies in Portsmouth, upon the arrival of the Greely relief expedition there has been determined upon: Upon the arrival of vessels on the morning of Saturday, August 2d, a naval reception will take place in the outer harbor in which the ships of war, now lying there will participate, including the training squadron and the practice ships from Annapolis and the North Atlantic squadron. On Monday, August, 4th, a reception will be given on the shore to the officers and men of the relief expedition by the city of Portsmouth and the state authorities of New Hampshire, the officers and men of all naval vessels taking a part in the parade. In the afternoon or evening a public meeting will be held at which addresses of welcome will be delivered. No special invitations to the ceremonies will be sent outside the state, but all who desire to come will be made welcome. Lieutenant Greely having by the advice of his surgeon declined any public reception on account of his physical weakness, will be taken to Newburyport at such time and in such way as he may prefer or the secretary of war may direct. The remains of the deceased will be retained on board the vessels and landed at Governors Island, New York, if so directed by Secretary Lincoln, in which case relief ships will leave Portsmouth, Monday night, for New York, where they may be expected to arrive on the morning of Thursday, August 7th.

THE LOCH GARRY'S LOG.

The following details from the log of the steamship Loch Garry, of the Greely relief expedition, were furnished to-day by Ensign W. R. Chambers, United States navy, who was in command of the vessel during its cruise to the Polar regions:

"On our first day out from St. Johns a heavy fog set in around us and we encountered a large iceberg. In steaming out of the way of the latter we lost sight of the Thetis, and could only resume our position by the sound of her whistles. On May 18, when we were off Cape Farewell, we met the first great quantity of ice and were obliged to go ahead slowly. On May 22d we sighted Disco, but had much difficulty in finding harbor. The island was covered with ice and snow and landmarks were invisible.

"We left Godhaven May 24 and steamed through ice along the coast to a point about ten miles below Hare island. Here we were compelled to lay to. Lieutenant Schley signalled for me to go back to Godhaven and wait for a favorable opportunity, with east wind, to proceed to Upernavik. We left Godhaven the second time May 27th, and encountered more ice, through which we pushed our way and found the Thetis lying at Hare island, having been unable to blast her passage through the ice. The next morning the whalers Arctic and Wolf joined us and we started ahead. The ice was heavy and very hummocky, and we experienced great difficulty in making progress, and several times narrowly escaped collision with the Wolf. We finally succeeded in jamming ahead, and the Wolf followed in the opening we made.

"The Thetis was now out of sight, and we set our course for Cormerick fiord, here we sighted Thetis ten miles ahead. We overhauled Thetis on May 28. Captain Schley hailed us and said, "Go to Upernavik, calling at Proven; if you meet 'Bear' coal her with dispatch." During the fog which came on we got into a false lead, and while returning to open water to try another, met Thetis and proceeded together in the midst of a blinding snow storm, which lasted all night, to Upernavik. On our arrival there, May 29, we found Bear and coaled her. The vessels remained in the vicinity for nearly a week, when Thetis and Bear proceeded northward, while we waited for "Alert," which arrived June 14.

"The governor of Upernavik told us that there was no hope of getting through Melville bay as the season was unusually close. We left with the Alert June 21, and reached Berry islands June 23. We went ahead pushing through ice all the way, and on June 25 reached Horses head. Here the Alert got nipped in the ice, and in trying to get her out we lost so much time that the lock had become impenetrable. We lay jammed in the ice off Duck island till June 29. We worked all night on the 28th blasting and sawing ice, and finally got away into open water. On June 30 we were off Wilcox head, where we had more hard pushing to get to open water beyond the Devil's thumb.

"While busy here we sighted the Thetis and Bear coming toward us, and knew at once from the signalling that the Greely explorers had been traced, and the survivors, if any, were on board, for Captain Schley would never have come back without having accomplished his work. We returned to open water and a thick fog set in, so that it was some time before I could go on board the Thetis and learn the news of the rescue. We then pushed south with all haste possible, and arrived at Upernavik July 2. Captain Schley there dispatched the Alert and the Lock Garry to Godhaven, while the Thetis and the Bear put into Upernavik, the former to shift her broken rudder and the latter to get coal. At Godhaven the Alert's machinery was repaired, and we buried there one of the Esquimaux of Lieutenant Greely's party.

We left Godhaven with the Alert in tow. Off the coast of Newfoundland we encountered a gale and the steel hauser parted three times. The Alert was finally cast adrift July 15th. We dropped anchor at St. Johns at 9 a. m. on July 17th."

THE EXPENSE OF THE EXPEDITION.

The total expense of the Greely relief expedition is estimated by the officials of the navy department at about $700,000. The original estimate was $500,000. Of the amount expended $138,533 was for the purchase and repair of the steamer Bear; $171,165 for the purchase and repair of the Thetis; $250,000 for supplies; $25,000 for bringing the vessels to New York; $250,000 for instruments to be used in making observations; $15,165 for repairs made to the Alert; $21,000 for the transport Lock Garry, and $15,000 for coal. It is believed that in disposing of the vessels, the government will secure an amount equal to the sum paid for them. The larger quantity of provisions is suitable for navy use, and will be turned over to service. The contract for the Lock Garry, now in port in New York, which was obtained from English parties, expires on the 5th proximo. Captain Schley has informed the department that a board of survey examined her at St. Johns, and found her comparatively uninjured. There was no representative of the owners of the vessel on hand, however, and a new board will make an examination at the New York dock.

THE RECEPTION OF THE GREELY FLEET.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Secretary Chandler to-day telegraphed from Portsmouth, N. H., that there will be a naval reception to the arctic relief ships at that place on Saturday next. There will also be a city and state reception Monday. The secretary directed that the fact be communicated to all the cabinet ministers, the admiral and vice-admiral of the navy and the lieutenant general of the army, and asked that they be requested to be present on one or both days.

COMMANDER SCHLEY'S REPORT.

Rear Admiral Nichols, acting secretary of the navy, to-day received a report from Commander Schley, dated St. Johns, July 21st, in which he says that in prosecuting the search for Lieutenant Greely's party, it was often necessary, in order to gain open ice, so as to advance with as little delay as possible, to take greater risks than are ordinarily justifiable, as the waters were mainly unknown, imperfectly surveyed and their dangers unearthed, and to a great extent covered by ice. He says that while great prudence was exercised, both the Thetis and the Bear grounded two or three times, but without serious injury. He says he purposely avoided reference to these accidents in his telegraphic reports, for fear of causing uneasiness, but that in his final report he will give minute details of the circumstance of each grounding, and of the injuries sustained. The rapidity and success of the voyage, he says, shows that the injury to the ships was not serious.

THE COTTON CROP OF TEXAS.

The Long Continued Drouth Plays Havoc With It.

GALVESTON, July 28.—Concerning the present drouth and condition of the crops in Texas, the News says: The accounts from the growing crops are anything but encouraging. In some districts a full crop of corn is assured, but in many parts of the state even the corn crop is not satisfactory. The yield of wheat and small grain has been abundant wherever planted. Cotton in all sections is in a precarious condition from the continued drouth. The heavy rains of spring and the early summer retarded planting operations, and the crop, such as it is, is very late. The drouth of the past six or eight weeks has stunted the growth, and everywhere the cry comes up for rain. Should the drouth continue for two weeks longer, incalculable injury will be done, and the cotton crop will be cut short disastrously. On the other hand, with general rains, within a week or two, a fair cotton yield may yet be made. The situation of the cotton crop of Texas is certainly critical.

CAROLINA WONDERS.

Children Who Can Perform Curious Tricks with Music.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 28.—[Special.]—Columbia, which has been prolific of musical prodigies, comes forward with two more—the six-year-old daughter and eleven-year-old son of Mr. B. Visanska, one of our leading jewelers. These children are genuine curiosities in the way of musica precocity. The boy plays the violin; the girl plays the piano—both really wonderful in their way. They are practicing and studying asiduously under Professor A. Koepper, a painstaking and scholarly musician, who will bring out all there is in them. Carl Feininger, the celebrated New York violinist, heard them play a number of solos and duets a few nights ago and he expressed himself in glowing terms regarding their talent and proficiency. He also highly commended the maner in which they have been taught.

Speaking of wonders reminds me to mention the fact a number of South Carolina girls are now showing their ability to accomplish all of Lulu Hurst's feats. A gentleman of this city who fully understands the modus operandi, professes his ability and willingness to instruct any young lady how to do all that the "Georgia wonder" does on the stage. I am convinced that he is able to do all he claims.

Charleston Notes.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 28.—[Special.]—The Rev. F. A. Mood, D. D., the eminent Methodist preacher, is spending a few weeks with his family in this city. He will be heard in the pulpit during his stay.

Miss Ella Backer, the pianist from Boston, who will fill an engagement at the New Brighton hotel, has arrived.

Captain John L. Trammel, who was injured on the South Carolina railway a few days ago, is out of danger.

A small yacht was capsized in the harbor yesterday, but no lives were lost.

The longshoremen of Savannah visited their brethren in this city to-day and had a rousing time. They picnicked at Remley's point. To-morrow they will indulge in a champion cotton handling contest which will be full of amusement.

Twenty-seven carloads of watermelons were moved by the South Carolina railway last Friday and Saturday to the following points: New York, 7; Charleston, 4; Cincinnati, 11; Chicago, 1; Baltimore, 1; Chattanooga, 1; Boston 1, and Philadelphia 1. The total shipments over this line this season have been about eighty car loads of melons. Good prices have been obtained and the quality of melons has been exceptionally fine.

Columbia Dots.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 28.—[Special.]—Seven persons died within this city last week—colored five, white two.

A refreshing rain visited the city and its vicinity Saturday night and did a world of good to the truck gardens.

Commercially speaking, Columbia during the past week was disgustingly dull.

A party of Columbians went down to Sullivan's island Saturday and returned to-day. They are delighted with the New Brighton hotel.

Mr. Thomas B. Lee, superintendent of the Columbia canal, states that work on that gigantic enterprise is progressing satisfactory.

Yesterday all the churches in the city were well attended and some excellent sermons were preached. The learned Dr. Patton, of the South Carolina university, occupied the pulpit of the First Presbyterian church, and delivered a profound discourse.

A Racing Circuit in Carolina.

COLUMBIA, July 28.—[Special.]—Mr. James N. Nelson, of Charleston, a devotee of the turf, who holds an important place in the South Carolina jockey club, has arranged for a racing circuit in the state. He has leased the tracks in the following cities: Charleston, Greenville, Columbia and Sumter. These courses are to be put in excellent condition and liberal purses will be offered. The details have not yet been completely arranged, but the circuit has been definitely decided on, and the series of racing events will occur.

The Melon Trade.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 28.—[Special.]—The melon trade was highly satisfactory last week. About eighteen car loads went beyond the borders of the state. Along the line of Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta, the Wilmington, Columbia and Augusta, the Greenville and Columbia and the South Carolina railways the trafic has been active. Thousands of crates of peaches, pears and plums have also been shipped. Good prices have ruled. Columbia is fast becoming an important distributing point for fruits and melons.

Killed in the Storm.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 28.—[Special.]—A gentleman just from Augusta states that very heavy rains prevailed yesterday along the line of the C., C. and A. railroad, accompanied by much lightning. During the storm Saturday night a house not far from Batesburg was struck and two of the occupants, a negro woman and her child, were killed and several others were wounded. The husband of the woman was so badly shocked that he is expected to die.

Typhoid After the Cyclone.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 28.—[Special.]—I am informed by a trustworthy person that typhoid fever prevails to an alarming extent along the track of the cyclone which passed through Fairfield county last spring. Several deaths have occurred in families attacked by the malady, and the physicians have observed the curious fact that a majority of typhoid cases coming under their care are in the direct line of the cyclone's march.

Resisting an Award.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 28.—News comes from Aylemr that serious trouble is apprehended about six miles northwest of that place, when the farmers turned out on the farm owned by one Fagan, to stop the construction of the Pontiac and Pacific Junction railway. The farmers in question are not satisfied with the arbitration awarded for the right of way. A company of the Ottawa and the Carleton Rifles has been ordered to the spot.

Government Contracts Awarded.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Contracts for the approaches to the new building at Montgomery, Ala., have been awarded as follows: Curbing, paving, etc., to Figh & Williams, of Montgomery, Ala.; iron fence, etc., to the Champion fence company, of Kenton, O.; gate posts, etc., to McDonald & Fitchell, of Montgomery. The contract for the stone work of the superstructure for the new public building at Pensacola, Fla., has been awarded to Belknap & Dumesmie at $54,100.

TWO VESSELS SUNK

AND ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY PERSONS DROWNED.

The Story of the Collision Between the Gijon and the Laxham--Fighting Off Intruders With Knives--The Progress of the Cholera--Nihilism in Russia. Etc.. Etc.

LONDON, July 28.—The survivors of the British steamship Laxham, which collided last Monday night with the Spanish steamer Gijon, not far from Corunna, report that on the evening of the collision it was a thick fog. The Laxham was going slow, and both steamers were sounding their whistles. The Gijon struck the Laxham amidship, and the latter was nearly cut asunder. The funnel fell and the steampipe burst. The chief engineer, in reversing the engine, was horribly scalded. Most of the Laxham's crew boarded the Gijon. Captain Lothian tied his wife and child to himself and all three were thus hauled aboard the Gijon by ropes. The Laxham sank twenty minutes after the collision occurred. It was not long before the Gijon began to settle. Terrible confusion prevailed on board. The captain stood with his revolver in his hand but he was unable to keep order. The passengers and crew were fighting for their lives. Boats were lowered and filled to the ganwales, but they could not accommodate half the people. Those who were so fortunate as to secure places in them were obliged to keep off others with knives. The Gijon sank bow first. The quarter-deck was crowded with men and women, the captain and officers standing on the bridge. It is estimated that 130 persons perished.

THE CHOLERA IN EUROPE.

PARIS, July 28.—The steamer Tiger, belonging to the Messagaries Maratimes, from Marseilles, arrived off Piera Cus, Greece, yesterday, with two cases of cholera on board. Admittance to the port was refused and the steamer departed for Smyrna.

It is stated that the running of through coaches on railways between Germany and France will be stopped for fear of cholera.

There were 13 deaths from cholera at Marseilles last night. At Toulon there were 14, and at LaValette, a village near Toulon, 1. The mistral, a strong wind from the northwest, is prevailing, and the weather is cooler. The rate of mortality is decreasing in the cities, but increasing in the country among the peasants.

The government has organized posts of sanitary supervision of the Lyons railway and other lines. The fugitives from Toulon are now prevented from returning to the city. One who had returned died yesterday. There have been five deaths from cholera in Marseilles since 9 o'clock this morning.

There is a mild case of cholera in one of the hospitals of Paris. Three deaths from that disease occurred at Toulon to-day. In that city there are 31 cases at the Recontre hospital, and 115 in St. Maudner hospital. Three of the latter are serious. Two Toulon emigrants have died at Lazzerone of cholera.

AN ATTACK ON ENGLAND.

PARIS, July 28.—The Figaro has a bitter article against England. It declares that England has never helped, but always thwarted France. Her friendship is false and the alliance with her hollow. The Figaro advises France to abandon relations with England and give up her prejudices and hatred, and make an alliance with Germany. Germany was an honest enemy. She would be an honest ally.

DAMAGES AWARDED.

LONDON, July 28.—The trial of the action for damages brought by Mrs. Weldon against Mr. Semple, the medical man who had signed a certificate for her seclusion as a person of unsound mind, a fit subject for care and treatment, under which an attempt was made to take her to a lunatic asylum, was concluded to-day. A verdict in favor of Mrs. Weldon for £1,000 was rendered. The trial took place before Justice Hawkins, of the court of the queen's bench and a common jury. The defendant was represented by able counsel, but Mrs. Weldon conducted the case. The trial attracted much attention, and the court was thronged with people during its progress.

MINISTER FOSTER'S CONFERENCE.

MADRID, July 28.—John W. Foster, American minister, had another important interview on Saturday with Senor Canovas del Castillo, Spanish premier. It is a difficult task for the Spanish government to reconcile the conflicting commercial interests of the peninsula and Cuba.

A MINER'S DEMONSTRATION.

LONDON, July 28.—A large miners' demonstration was held at Barnsley to-day. Thousands of persons were present. Resolutions were proposed and adopted demanding additional inspectors in the mines, also the abolition of the house of lords.

THE PROPOSED AUSTRALIAN CONFEDERATION.

LONDON, July 28.—In the house of commons to-day Hon. A. E. Ashley, under secretary for the colonial department, stated, that the government were ready to confirm the Queensland scheme for the confederation of the Australian colonies and the annexation of New Guinea and other Pacific islands, as soon as the colonists shall have finally determined upon the necessary steps to accomplish this.

THE NIHILISTS IN FINLAND.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 28.—The czar has appointed a commission to revise the laws relating to Finland in the direction of a complete suppression of the local government. The diet of Finland will be limited to a consulting role; the initiative of all laws will be delegated to the governor-general. The reasons for this project are that the nihilists are making Finland the basis of plots against the czar and his government, and that the plots are connived at by the Finish authorities and people.

In consequence of an inquiry into the conspiracy at Warsaw, it has been arranged that the czar will arrive at Fortress Modlin, outside of Warsaw.

THE ARRIVAL OF STANLEY.

LONDON, July 28.—Henry M. Stanley, the African explorer, arrived at Plymouth this evening. In an interview with an associated press representative Stanley said he had returned to England, considering that he had completed the work of establishing satisfactory trading stations along the Congo river from its mouth to Stanley pool, a distance of 1,400 miles by the river. When he left the Congo country he was suffering badly from bronchitis, but was much benefitted by the sea voyage. He eulogized the trading prospects of the country in the vicinity of the Congo river.

FIVE HUNDRED PERSONS MASSACRED.

LONDON, July 28.—It is reported that 500 persons were massacred at Agig. A letter from General Gordon emphasizes the necessity of his remaining to protect Kasala.

THE PROROGATION OF PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, July 28.—Lord Randolph Churchill has determined, for the sake of unity, to retire from the chairmanship of conservative union, and will nominate Sir Michael Hicks Beach as his successor. Parliament will be prorogued August 9th and will be opened October 23d.

NEW CLAIMANT FOR THE FRENCH THRONE.

PARIS, July 28.—At a meeting in Paris today of 150 legitimists. Count Andigne presiding, the count of Paris and the Orleans branch were denounced as unfit to represent the principles of hereditary monarchy. The meeting also declared Prince Juan de Bourbon successor to the count of Chambord.

A RUSSIAN RIOT.

A riot has occurred at Klarinoff. The workmen attacked the shops of the Old Believers, whom they denounzed as worse than Jews. The contents of the shops were carried off. One person was killed and two were wounded.

THE ENGLISH AGITATION.

Lord Salisbury's "Picnic" Still Freely Discussed in London.

LONDON, July 28.—Both sides are still disputing whether the demonstration of last Monday is to be considered typical of public feeling or not. Though there are many disputes about the exact numbers, everybody agrees that the demonstration was a very big thing, the controversy being on the question whether it was spontaneous or manufactured and paid for. Certainly a good deal of money was spent by radical millionaires, as the agricultural laborers, who appeared in many thousands, are notoriously unable and unwilling to spend a penny on the assertion of their rights.

Lord Salisbury has added one other happy phrase to his already long list of venomous epigrams by describing such demonstrations as legislation by picnic, and the phrase has been caught up by all the papers. The liberals retort that the reason the tories so strongly object to these demonstrations is not that they disdain them for their own use, but that they can't get them up. In proof of this they point to the fact thet on the very day when Lord Salisbury was denouncing legislation by picnic Mr. Gibson, one of his foremost colleagues, was appearing at an open air demonstration in another town, where the assembled tories were regaled, not only with his Celtic and fiery oratory, but also with fireworks and the ascent of a balloon, with dancing, and special trains running at reduced rates.

The good humor of the meeting in London has not been imitated by the meetings in the provinces. In Leicester, a radical stronghold, Lord Salisbury was executed, then burned in effigy, amid much ceremony and to the general delight; and at Bournemouth there was a free fight. Meantime a strong difference of opinion is arising between the liberal leaders and their followers. The ministers want to confine the agitation strictly to the demand for the franchise, their object being probably to keep on their side the moderate liberals, whom they are not yet prepared to throw over, and many of whom are in the cabinet; and perhaps, also, they desire to pose as having their moderation overcome by the fierce pressure of excited public opinion. The radicals, on the other hand, are determined not to let the opportunity slip of having a strong agitation against the present powers of the house of lords.

THE AMERICAN CHOLERA SCARE.

What the Local Doctor Says—An Emphatic Denial.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Surgeon-General Hamilton has received a copy of a letter dated July 19 from Dr. J. B. Peace, who attended the supposed cholera case on the steamer Silver, and who warned the authorities of Nashville. Dr. Peace says the family arrived at New Orleans five days since (July 14) from San Luis, Spain. The vessel had been at Bordeaux, Toulon and Vera Cruz. Though the father did not speak English, Dr. Peace says he learned he had been detained at Toulon. The doctor says further: "The child died with every symptom of cholera. Whether this was a case of Asiatic or sporadic cholera I will not positively assert, but cholera it certainly was."

THE OTHER SIDE.

The surgeon general to-day received the following telegram from Jas. H. Holt, president of the Louisiana state board of health:

Extensive investigation fails to establish even the remote suspicion of Asiatic cholera as to the cause of the death of the infant Picolletto, passenger on the Annnie P. Silver.

THE NEWS FROM FRANCE.

Secretary Frelinghuysen has received a telegram from Consul Mason at Marseilles, as follows:

A marked improvement in Marseilles and Toulon. choleraic deaths from a daily average of sixty fell to forty-three Wednesday, forty-eight Thursday, thirty-eight Friday, thirty-eight Saturday, thirty-six Sunday, last night thirteen in twelve hours. The mortality from all causes is also declining at Toulon. The average fell form forty to fifteen. Isolated cases reported from various parts of the district. The epidemic declared severe at Arles and Aix.

A HELATH CONFERENCE CALLED.

The following notice has been issued:

NEW YORK, July 28.—By request of the members of the state boards of health of Illinois, Tennessee, Kentucky, New York and other states, a conference will be held in Washington, D. C., August 7, to consult with the government officials as to the best methods of meeting and mastering the cholera, in the event of its appearance in the United States. The marine and quarantine hospital officers are respectfully requested to take part in the conference.

THE CONDITION OF PANAMA.

Panama and the isthmus generally is in a most unenviable sanitary condition. Yellow fever has had many victims, although it cannot be said to be epidemic, and has maintained about the same ground of advance on the population for three years. There are now about fifteen cases in the Panama hospitals, in addition to several in private hands.

PRECAUTIONS IN SAVANNAH.

SAVANNAH, July 28.—[Special.]—The board of sanitary commissioners to-day refused to grant permission to erect any more poles in the city until the first of November, on the ground that the excavation of the earth at this season would be deleterious to health. This postpones the intended enlargement of the telephone service in this city.

At Brighton Beach.

NEW YORK, July 28.—At Brighton Beach to-day the weather was rainy and uncomfortable, the track deep with holding mud.

Fist race—maidens, two year-olds, three-fourths mile, Petersburg won by two lengths, Florence second, Daylee third; time 1:21¾.

Second race—Selling allowances, mile and a furlong. Rignet won, Bluestring second, Tony Foster third; time 2:03.

Third race—Brighton Beach R. R. stakes, mile three furlongs. Carley B won, Blue Peter second, Lord Edward third; time 2:32.

Fourth race—All ages, a mile and a quarter. Levant won, Waive O'Light second, King Fan third; time 2:18½.

Fifth race—For non-winners, one mile. Bouncer won, Telemachus second, Ben Woolley third; time 1:49.

The Saratoga Turf.

SARATOGA, N. Y., July 28.—First race—Purse $350 for three-year-olds, mile and one furlong. Woodward took a lead at the start, and was never headed. Chanciieer second, Albia third; time 2:00½.

Second race—Purse $300, all ages, one mile. Fon duLac won, Lady Laud second, three-fourth of lengths in front Baron Faverat, third; time 1:44¾.

Third race—Purse $300, for three-year-olds and upwards, three-fourth mile. Weasel, Lizzie S, and Greystone were in front throughout. Weasel won a good race by nearly a length, Greystone second, Lizzie S third; time 1:17¾.

Fourth race—Purse $400, steeple chase over short course, welter weight with allowances, mile and a half. Rienza won a good race by a length, Major Rickert second, Abraham third; time 2:54½.

Baseball Yesterday.

Washington—Nationals 4, Keystones 7.
Trenton—Trentons 8, Yorks 7.
New York—Alleghenys 1, Metropolitans 9.
Baltimore—Baltimores 13, Washingtons 0.
New York—Bostons 0, New Yorks 7.
Allentown—Allentowns 9, (reorganized), Virginias 1.
Reading—Ironsids 3, Actual 4.
Philadelphia—Providence 11, Philadelphias 4.
Athelic—Brooklyns 4, Chicago 5, Detroits 3.
Buffalo—Buffalos 9, Clevelands 3.
Kansas City—St. Louis Unions 8, Kansas City 2.

The Clinches and the Dixies.

SAVANNAH, July 28.—[Special.]—In the game between the Clinches, of Augusta, and the Dixies the former were victorious by a score of nine to four.

Columbus Coming to Atlanta.

COLUMBUS, Ga., July 28.—[Special.]—One thousand of the best people of this city have left on the excursion train for Atlanta, to witness the basebell games between the Stars and the Athletics.

GEORGIA GOSSIP.

SHORT TALKS WITH THE SCRIBES OF THE COUNTRY PRESS.

Rich Marble Deposits in Floyd County—Horrible Wife Murder in Murray County—A Painful Accident—Primus Jones and His Cotton Fields—An Affray Between Negroes

Messrs. Thomas Booz and G. G. Leake, of Cedartown, have recently bought a piece of property in Floyd county, near the line of Polk, that is extraordinarily rich in deposits of marble. Specimens of the marble, which embraces several varieties, including white, black and variegated, and all of which polish up beautifully and show their superior quality.

News of a horrible murder comes from Murray county, whereby Mrs. Pettit, wife of Pink Pettit, lost her life at the hands of her husband. The couple had not been living happily for several years. Pettit left home and went to north Alabama, where he remained until late Saturday, when he returned home. He inquired of his eldest daughter of the whereabouts of her mother. Being informed that she was in the kitchen, he at once approached her and demanded that she return the deeds for a tract of land he gave her when they were married. She refused to do this. In an instant Pettit flew into a rage, and drawing a large pistol fired four bullets in her breast, and she fell to the floor a corpse. The cries for assistance by the young ladies brought several gentlemen to the scene, and when they attempted to arrest the murderer he turned on them like a beast and made his escape. Several shots were fired at him without effect. Pettit is about 40 years of age; the second finger of his left hand is missing.

Valdosta is gathering up ten thousand dollars for the purpose of building an academy.

Mr S. L. Grubb, who is teaching school at Pine Grove academy, has forty-five pupils.

Not a bushel of western corn will be sold in Swainsboro next year. According to the Itemizer Emanuel county will make nearly enough of the valuable product this season to do this senatorial district twelve months.

Emanuel Itemizer: Mr. James M. Wiggins, who was tried before the court of ordinary some weeks ago, and adjudged a lunatic and subsequently carried to the asylum at Milledgeville, into which he was refused admission because of want of room in said institution, died in the county jail yard on Friday last from exhaustion and bruises inflicted on his head by himself while in prison the night before. For twenty-four hours preceding his death poor, unfortunate Wiggins was a perfect madman. That death was a relief to him no one who witnessed his intense suffering would attempt to gainsay. He was buried on Saturday near where he was reared.

Sumter Republican: Mr. Charlie Lewis, of Mt. Airy, N. C., has taken the Sumter Republican and paid his subscription nearly twenty-five years. He passed through Americus the other day and we saw him. He is full of life and fun and looks as fresh and rosy as a girl. He has a pretty wife and a nice home, and money comes rolling and tumbling into his pocket. Everybody likes Charlie; everybody has a kind word for him; he never gets fretted; never takes the blues. "December's as pleasant as May" to him, and

"Not a wave of trouble rolls
Across his peaceful breast."

Happy, fortunate man! He has discovered a great and wonderful secret—that a subscription for the Sumter Republican is the alchemy of the ancients and the only true philosopher's stone. Hurrah for Charlie!

The Sumter Republican is running a series of sketches on the Plains of Dura. In the last issue it was recorded how Lieutenant Greely got icebound in that region, and was fortunately rescued by Commander Schley. "Such blunders" says the Republican, very seldom occur.

The Bank of Americus makes a very creditable exhibit of its finances in reply to the call of the governor. The officers are capable men.

Dave Matthews and Henry Garland, both colored, broke into Trussel's mill, in Upson county, Thursday night, and stole three bushels of corn. Sheriff Foster made an attempt to arrest Garland, Friday morning, but he made his escape by outdoing the sheriff.

There is a great deal of sickness in the southeastern portion of Upson. Several families have had three children sick at the same time.

An exceedingly painful accident occurred at Flint river factory last week by which a lady, Mrs. Upchurch, had the misfortune of having her middle finger jerked from her hand.

The dry spell has given the farmers a good opportunity to clear their crops of grass and weeds.

Mrs. M. A. Gibson, of Brooks county, has two quilt patterns, one of which contains 3,036 pieces, and the other, 4,148.

Albany Medium: Colonel Reuben Jones, one of the best farmers in Baker county, says the cotton caterpillar comes in damaging numbers once in about five years. He has kept an accurate account of their visitations since the war, and is therefore prepared to show from actual experience that his statement is correct. Next week we will publish his statistics upon this important subject. According to his account, the farmers are safe from the caterpiller this year. Colonel Jones has demonstrated on this year's crop, that commercial fe... ers pay on cotton where properly applied. ...ilizer ...e farmers applied it solely in the drill. Heretofor... ...ult of heavy shedding at this stage of with the res... applied the fertilizer in the drill the crop. He... ...ut two weeks ago applied two as usual, and abo... ...acre in furrows in the middles... hundred pounds per... of the guano first applied les. Just as the strength... reached the guano in became exhausted, the roots ...s cotton is full of the middles, and the result is, hi... every square bolls, and he is offering ten cents for ... ...able discovery found on the ground. This is a valua... ery, and we gladly give it space.

Colonel Primus Jones, of Baker, the ... first bale man, has about three hundred acres planted in cotton this year, one hundred and twenty-five acres of which is lapped across four-foot rows. He has cotton open, and the first bale is hourly looked for. On one stalk is forty grown bolls, which gives some idea how his cotton is fruited.

The railroad commission saved, it is estimated in our year, to the farmers of Dougherty section, in freights on cotton alone, $75,000, and this, too, without crippling the railroads.

A twelve or fourteen year old boy, named Oscar Bryon, who lived near Silas Palmour's in Dawson county, accidentally shot himself in the side, from the effects of which he died almost instantly. He took the muzzle of the gun in his hand and undertook to pull a limb down so that he could get the plums, when suddenly the hammer was pulled back and the contents of the gun emptied into his side.

Mr. Harrison, tax receiver of Forsyth county, says that the polls for this year are only 1,787, sixty-six less than last year, and that the aggregate value of the property is $14,000 less.

On Saturday evening last, Abram Hassler, a negro, was drowned in Etowah river near the mouth of Yellow creek.

Miss Mary Harris, daughter of Mr. Boling Harris, of Pike county, has been adjudged a lunatic, and on last week was taken to Milledgeville.

We are indebted, says the Thomaston Times, to Mrs. J. D. Alexander for the local and editorial work on the Times this week, during our absence in Atlanta.

Americus Recorder: A few days ago Marion Sims, living twelve miles southeast of this city, discovered the trail of a snake leading through the dooryard, and following up the trail about one hundred and fifty yards he found his snakeship and shot him. It was a rattler, 6½ feet long, thirteen inches in circumference, and had thirteen rattles and a button. A pretty big snake for this country.

Jesse Wimberly, by trade a republican politician, is out of a job.

Dahlonega Signal: Seems to be some uneasiness about Professor Hall's new survey of the town, but there needn't be. It is comparatively harmless. There has been occasional encroachments upon the streets by fencing and otherwise ever since the days of the "intrusion," nearly, and the council, looking to the future, came to the conclusion that unless this system of trespassing should be stopped, in another generation or so there would be nothing left of the streets at all. Professor Hall was called in as a competent surveyor, made a survey and a new map of the town. The council acted upon it. The streets, all we believe, except the main street, which is ninety feet wide, have been narrowed from their original forty-five feet to forty, which gives the lot holders five feet more than they own, and gets rid of a great deal of the trouble. Improvements that are still in the street are expected to be removed, except where the cost of removal would be too heavy, and these will be worked out by degrees, as repairs are made, when the improvements rot down, etc. This is, we think, about what the council intend to do, so don't tear your shirt about it.

Wrightsville Recorder: Four able-bodied negro men devoted the greater portion of last Tuesday to playing marbles on the sidewalk. As the negroes have caught the contagion, it is hoped that the young men of our town will become completely disgusted, and turn their attention to something more profitable and instructive.

Last week Adam Edwards and Anderson Hamilton, two negroes, who live on Mr. J. J. Morris's plantation, about ten miles from Thomson, got into an altercation over a fight which occurred between their children, when Edwards seized a rifle and shot Hamilton in the region of the heart, from which he died in a few moments. Edwards immediately made his departure for parts unknown, and as yet has not been captured.

Rev. A. M. Rhodes, of Taylor county, is dead, aged 73 years.

A large crop of upland cotton will be raised in Taylor county this year.

On Tuesday, October 21, the gates will be opened for the fifth annual fair of the Talbot county stock and fair association.

The caterpillar is committing havoc among the cotton in Stewart county. It is not, however, the caterpillar of the cotton fly, aletia argillicea, but a ravenous brown cutworm, which has destroyed fully half the cotton in many places, and where the cotton has grown too large to be cut down by its sharp teeth, it barks the stalk around and climbs up the stalk and eats the buds away.

Mr. A. W. Latimer has been appointed commissioner for Stewart county to the World's industrial and cotton exhibition at New Orleans, La.

Sumter Republican: A sudden death and one that was attended by sad circumstances, occurred in this county Wednesday. Mr. Reagan, cousin to Mr. Green Reagan, of this city, had just taken charge of Mr. Salter's mill and had not yet moved his family, from Ellaville, where he had been residing. Wednesday morning he was at his post, busily grinding, but complained of feeling badly. At noon Mr. Salter learned that he was sick and hurried to the mill to see him. Mr. Reagan's condition was such as to forbid his removal and Mr. Salter had a bed and bedstead carried to the mill and had everything possible done for him during the remaining five hours of his life. He died at 6 p. m. His disease was said to have been congestive chill. Mr. Reagan leaves a wife and three children in very destitute circumstances. Mrs. Reagan's father, a minister of the gospel, resides in Alabama, and she wishes to go there with her children.

Rome Courier: A DeSoto father was caught in a most embarrassing predicament the other day when his wife presented him with twins. One of the little new comers had been expected and arrangements made for his reception, but neither the father or mother had anticipated the intentions of the other little one, and hence had made no preparations for her reception. Clothes had only been provided for one, the little boy. Therefore the amazed embarrassment of the paterfamilias when the little girl put in her appearance immediately after the arrival of the young man, can be better imagined than described. Recovering from his astonishment the father and his friends went promptly to work to extend the young lady the courtesies due her sex. Of course she must have the best, and was soon cosily attired in the clothes prepared for the first arrival. This left young Mr. —— entirely dishabille, and his little form was snugly wrapped up in an American flag, which had been used for decorative purposes during the encampment. And thus he remained until proper apparel could be provided. He should certainly make a patriotic man as he took his first earthly nap beneath the folds of our proud national colors.

POLITICS IN GEORGIA.

The following letter which has been sent out, shows that Colonel N. C. Barnett will be in the race for the office of secretary of state:

ATLANTA, Ga., July 9th, 1884.—As the precedent has been established to nominate the state house officers at the same time of the governor's nomination by the democratic convention, I will take this method to say to my friends that I will again offer my services as secretary of state, and shall feel obliged to you for your aid and influence in my behalf. Respectfully, etc.,

N. C. BARNETT.

My present clerk, Major J. F. Jones, will remain in the office if I am re-elected. N. C. B.

Judge H. W. Hopkins, of Thomasville, will be a candidate before the next legislature for the office of solicitor general for the southern circuit. Mr. R. G. Mitchell, who has held this position for the past twelve years, will no longer be an applicant.

Cumming Clarion: The Clarion favors Joseph E. Brown as his own successor in the United States senate.

Valdosta Times: Mr. W. T. Brinson having resigned his office as county treasurer, the commissioner appointed Captain W. H. Briggs to fill that important position until Mr. Brinson's successor could be duly elected and qualified. The county is to be congratulated upon securing the services of such an able, conscientious and honest gentleman to discharge the responsible duties incumbent upon this office, and it is to be hoped that he will allow the use of his name in the approaching election. If so he will be elected without opposition.

The Cumming Clarion says:

Colonel T. L. Lewis, of Alpharetta, announces this week that he is a candidate for senator of the 39th district, which is composed of the counties of Milton, Forsyth and Cherokee. Though Colonel Lewis is now a resident of Milton, Forsyth is his native county, he having been born, raised and educated in Cumming. It goes without saying that Forsyth county is proud of him as her son, and will evidence her appreciation of his merits, his legal abilities and indomitable energy by a vote in October of which he will be proud. Colonel Lewis is also interested in farming which identifies him with a majority of his fellow-citizens. For the past two years he represented Milton county in the house of representatives of which body he was among the most intelligent members. If elected senator —and he has no opposition so far—he will rank high in that body for practical statesmanship and untiring industry. We unhesitatingly commend him to the suffrages of the counties aforesaid.

The Dodge Democracy.

EASTMAN, Ga., July 28.—[Special.—At a convention the democracy of Dodge county elected the following delegates: To the gubernatorial convention, J. M. Buchan, C. T. Latimer, E. A. Smith and George W. Powell; to the congressional convention, B. R. Calhoun, R. S. Burton, W. K. Bussey and A. T. Wiggs; to the senatorial convention 14th district, J. Bishop, Jr., Joel Mullis, T. S. Wilcox and R. A. Harrell.

Resolutions offered by J. Bishop, Jr., were adopted instructing the gubernatorial delegates for H. D. McDaniel for governor; N. C. Barnett for secretary of state; W. A. Wright for comptroller general; Clifford Anderson for attorney-general, and R. V. Hardeman for treasurer; also instructing congressional delegates for C. F. Crisp, and the senatorial delegates for S. D. Fuller, of Wilcox county.

The Senatorship in the 36th.

NEWNAN, Ga., July 28.—[Special.]—The senatorial race in the 36th is growing interesting. In Meriwether W. A. Post got 10½ votes and Z. R. Ray 7½. In Coweta, Ray has 10 and Post 7, and Judge Z. H. Featherstone 4. The senator is conceded to Coweta and as none of the candidates received a majority of Coweta's votes the other counties are to decide the question. Post's friends claim that Featherstone's friends are all for him for second choice and that had he been out of the race Post would have carried Coweta.

Reunion of Confederate Soldiers—Address by Harry Jackson - Congress.

On Saturday, the 26th instant, there were held at Campbellton the largest reunion of the confederate soldiers of Campbell, Fayette and Douglas counties, that has taken place since the war. There were about 2,500 persons present, who enjoyed an address from Captain Harry Jackson. After the veterans had drilled under the command of Captain J. J. Beall, and the speech was over, all enjoyed a most sumptuous and bountiful repast beneath the shade of the trees. The day was pleasantly spent in social conversation and in recalling the sufferings and trials of the war.

Harry Jackson also addressed a large audience at Fairburn on the evening of the same day. He will carry Campbell county in his race for congress by an overwhelming majority. In fact, there is practically no opposition to him here. If he carries Fulton county on next Wednesday his nomination is assurred.

Casualties in Columbus.

COLUMBUS, Ga., July 28.—[Special.]—Joe McGhee, a colored barber, in a fit of jealousy and drunkenness Sunday evening, cut his wife in several places on the arm. The woman had a child in her arms at the time, which also received several wounds.

Tommie Thompson, a seven-year-old son of a stonemason of that name, was drowned this evening while bathing in the river just below the factory dam. The body was recovered.

A Sudden Death.

NEWNAN, Ga., July 27.—[Special.]—Little Ida Bell McSwain, infant child of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. McSwain, of this place, aged two months and one week, died suddenly to-day of congestion of the brain.

GEORGIA BY WIRE.

THE NEWS OF THE STATE BRIEFLY CHRONICLED.

Horse Stealing in Henry County—Jail Delivery in Liberty County—Burglary in Eastman—The Dawson Barbecue—The Waltz in Sandersville - Other Topics of the Day

MCDONOUGH, July 28.—[Special.]—Last night, about three mile east of here, a horse was stolen from Mr. Albert David, a worthy farmer. Suspicion points to a negro near his plantation.

Jail Delivery in Liberty.

HINESVILLE, Ga., July 28.—[Special.]—There escaped from Liberty county jail two prisoners. An opening was effected in the wall of the building. Conjecture is that they were assisted by friends.

Gretna Green Affair.

COLUMBUS, Ga., July 28.—[Special.]—Mr. Nolen Dudley and Miss Cornelia Raiford were married at the residence of his uncle, T. J. Dudley of this city, yesterday evening. It was a Gretna Green affair.

Guests at Tallulah.

TALLULAH, July 28.—[Special.]—The venerable Dr. Lipscomb, ex-chancellor of the state university, preached an excellent sermon yesterday to an elegant audience of visitors at Tallulah. Subject, "Christian Heroism."

The hotel registers show more than 300 guests.

Burglary in Eastman.

EASTMAN, Ga., July 28.—[Special.]—Friday night a burglar entered the residence of Dr. C. T. Latimer through a window and stole Mrs. Latimer's gold watch and breastpin. One also entered the house of Mr. W. W. Harrell and stole his watch. There is no definite clue to the perpetrator of the crime, but suspicion rests upon a negro boy who works for Mr. Harrell, and he has been arrested.

A Fine Fruit Exhibit.

AUGUSTA, Ga., July 28.—[Special.]—Louis A. Berckmans and Dr. J. P. H. Brown leave Augusta to-night for the state horticultural society meeting in Macon to-morrow with a fine fruit exhibit. Young Berckmans represents his distinguished father, who is president of the horticultural society, but is now in Europe as foreign commissioner of the New Orleans exposition.

The Dawson Barbecue.

DAWSON, July 28.—[Special.]—The barbecue given here Friday by the colored people was well managed, and was a decided success, there being an abundance of well cooked meats and other good things to eat. The large crowd in attendance was quiet and orderly, and the day was no doubt greatly enjoyed by all present.

A special term of our superior court will convene next Thursday to try the negro ravisher George Clark. Judge J. F. Clarke will preside.

Suicide of Thomas Calhoun.

AUGUSTA, Ga., July 28.—[Special.]—Thomas Calhoun, a popular young farmer on Beach island, across the river from Augusta, suicided this morning, shooting himself with a pistol through the brain. He was found dressed lying on the bed in a pool of blood, with the pistol in his hand. No cause is known. He was a fine young man, well connected, and was a descendant of Jno. C. Calhoun.

Wanted in Two States.

AUGUSTA, Ga., July 28.—[Special.]—Captain Sligh demanded an ex-convict, Dick Robinson, alias Joe Edwards, to-day in Augusta, on a requisition from the governor of South Carolina, which had been honored by Governor McDaniel. The authorities here refused to give up the prisoner, who is waiting trial for four burglaries, until Governor McDaniel was acquainted with the facts. Recorder Webb telegraphed to Atlanta and the governor revoked the requisition, and ordered the prisoner retained in Georgia till tried on the charges now against him.

Buried Under the Curbing.

CUTHBERT, Ga., July 28.—[Special.]—Harry Hull, colored, a noted well digger of this place, while cleaning out Mr. Philetus Jackson's well, about twelve miles in the country, yesterday lost his life by some old curbing and dirt caving in upon him while he was in the bottom of the well, which is 60 feet deep. The old curbing and dirt fell thirty feet, covering up the man to a depth of five feet. Friends dug Harry out and found that he was killed by the falling plank. This reminds the writer that a colored man was covered up in a well near Cuthbert twelve years ago and actually lived in the bottom of the well a week or more before he could be rescued, although several feet of dirt and debris had fallen in upon him. Thousands of people visited the scene during the week only to be horrified at the pleadings of the poor man for help. Death, however, came to the rescue, after which he was taken out and buried.

Dancing the Waltz.

SANDERSVILLE, Ga., July 28.—[Special.]—The picnic at Claremonde park, in Warthen on the 24th instant, under the management of several white-waist-coated exquisites from Sandersville, is pronounced the most magnificent affair of this season in this county. Music, the dizzling dance and eatibles in abundance that nothing short of a French nomenclature could do justice to fill the cup of bliss to overflowing. Theological creeds and church rules did not stand in the way of the dance, and it is said that the "escandalosissima waltz" will be discussed to-day at a called meeting of the leaders in a certain church in this place. Excommunication is not apprehended, however, as those members who indulge in the waltz are ready to confess themselves to heaven, to repent the past and to promise avoidance of similar indulgence in the future.

Claremonde park is the property of Mr. Macon Warthen, of Warthen, and with its artificial fish ponds, fountains, mineral springs, etc., is conceded by all to be the loveliest spot in Washington county. Sandersville went to Warthen by private conveyance on the 24th, but next July she will be carried out by the nightly iron horse on the Augusta and Sandersville narrow gauge railway.

CONGRESS--HARRY JACKSON.

The Canvass in Douglas---Reply to Messrs. McElreath and Selman.

DOUGLASVILLE, Ga., July 28, 1884.—Editors Atlanta Constitution: The statement of Messrs. McElreath and Selman which appeared in your issue of 27th inst. is so filled with inaccuracies and error that a decent regard for truth necessitates a reply thereto.

The inaccuracies and errors referred to are not the outcome of misconception, but they are deliberately contrived and artfully woven together for the sole purpose of influencing action in other counties against Captain Jackson, and therefore strict justice requires that this virtuous protest on the part of these gentlemen, this charge of unfairness, this cry of fraud, this objection to honest enthusiasm artfully styled "gush to and hurrah," should be thoroughly exposed, and a candid statement of facts be made, so that no man, be he for Jackson or Hammond, will stultify himself by disputing or attempting to contradict it.

The effort is made to create the impression that the convention in Douglas on the 22d instant was not in pursuance of a regular call. The truth is that the call was made by D. W. Price, chairman of the democratic executive committee, himself an avowed Hammond man. Hence, the party met at the courthouse under a call—not a supposed call—but a veritable call. This does away with inaccuracy number one.

Mr. Price called the convention to order, and asked for nominations for permanent chairman. Captain C. P. Bowen, a Hammond man, was placed in nomination, as was John B. Duncan, a Jackson supporter. The question was first put on the election of Captain Bowen, and some twenty or thirty persons voted for him, while some two hundred and fifty were waiting to vote against him. Then Captain Bowen stepped to the front and declared that he would withdraw, that he was not a candinate, and that he was satisfied with Mr. Duncan. Then Mr. Duncan was elected without dissent. This was clearly a test vote and showed the opposition that they were overwhelmingly defeated. Mr. Duncan on taking the chair in reply to a query stated that he was a Jackson man, but that he desired a fair and impartial expression of the wish of the people in the election to take place for delegates, and in the appointment of managers to hold the election he named a Hammond man, a Mynatt man and a Jackson man to act with the secretary.

The resolution offered by Mr. J. G. Camp providing that the votes be cast directly for the candidates for congress, and that the person having a plurality of the votes cast be declared to be the choice of the county of Douglas, and that ballots voted in any other way shall not be counted, proved to be the source of confusion. The adoption of this resolution was put before the convention and carried, but upon explanation by Captain Bowen and others that the purport of the resolution was not fully understood, it was again read. A Jackson supporter was speaking to the question when he was interrupted by a Hammond man. As Mr. Griggs, a follower of Hammond, was replying to the speech in favor of the adoption of the resolution, his voice was drowned by the shouts of Jackson men evidently in reply to a cry of "Hurrah for Hammond" uttered by some entusiast who thus expressed his approbation of Mr. Griggs course and not in retaliation for the interruption of the speaker who favored the resolution. Prominent Jackson men endeavored to suppress this interruption of Mr. Griggs, but their endeavors were met on the part of the Hammond-Mynatt men by shouts and cries and an expressed determination to break up the convention and never to allow the restoration of order. Finally, the Jackson men secured order by requesting every Jackson man in the house to sit down which was promptly acceded to. Then Mr. Griggs was asked to proceed with his remarks and assured that he should not be again interrupted. Mr. Griggs attempted to speak and was absolutely ordered from the platform by the supporters of the opposition. But while his own friends thus gaged him, the resolution of Mr. Camp was withdrawn, and a resolution dictated by a Hammond supporter was offered, providing that the convention proceed to elect delegates, and that each delegate be required to express his choice for congressman before being balloted for, and that, except as indicated by their expression of choice, they be uninstructed, and was adopted without opposition on the part of Jackson's friends.

Then a call was made for nominations for delegates. A Jackson ticket was nominated, and the gentlemen who were to run on the combination ticket were not placed in nomination.

The result, of course, was that the Jackson ticket had a walk-over, as has already been mentioned in your columns.

Messrs. McElreath and Selman say that the election was not fair. They know nothing about its fairness, because, according to their own showing, they left the convention and did not participate in it. They say they had reason to think and now believe they would have been successful in a fair election. How can these gentlemen have the rashness to make such a statement? Do they not know that the managers of that election were men who would scorn to act unfairly in conducting an election? Did they not have two managers appointed? Why did they not serve? Did the chairman of the meeting recall their appointment? Did Jackson men oppose their acting? How miserably absurd is all this twaddle about unfairness. Those gentlemen know that if they had polled their entire strength in that election they would not have counted more than sixty votes, while if the full Jackson vote had been cast, there would have been at least 300 votes counted for him, and it would have aggregated the largest vote ever cast at a primary election in this county in massmeeting. And to-day if the election were held in the districts, Jackson would receive two-thirds of the vote against the entire combination and coalition.

They object that Jackson's followers from Sa't Springs, who came in on the morning train, were enthusiastic, and hurrahed for Jackson. This is the first time it has ever been charged as a crime to be enthusiastic in support of your preference. If a friend of Captain Jackson paid the railway fare of these enthusiastic gentlemen, it simply shows that Jackson has better friends in Douglas than has either Hammond or Mynatt; for it is in evidence, by their own confessions, that they are not sufficiently loyal to vote for their choice.

Finally, it can be truthfully said that the Jackson men in this county have conducted the campaign on high-toned, honorable principles throughout. Not one word has been spoken in derogation of either of the other candidates. Their private character has been untouched, and no allusion has been made to them save so far as their public record is concerned. On the other hand Captain Jackson has been most bitterly assailed. His character has been dragged into this contest, and no effort has been spared to damn him in the eyes of decent people. Men opposed to him, have assumed to be saints, and have presumed that people will believe them.

Harry Jackson is the choice of Douglas county, and if he should receive the nomination he will carry the county against any opposition.

J. S. JAMES.

We certify to the correctness of the facts stated in the above communication.

J. B. DUNCAN, Chairman.
C. H. CLARK, Secretary.

The Election on Wednesday.

For general information we repuolish the resolutions adopted by the democratic executive committee of this county, which were published in THE CONSTITUION June 28, 1884:

Judge John Collier offered the following, which was adopted:

Resolved 1. That a primary election be held at the various voting precincts in the county of Fulton, on the 30th July, 1884, for twelve delegates to the fifth congressional district convention to be held in the city of Atlanta on the 4th of September, 1884, to select a candidate to represent said district in congress. Said primary elections to be managed at each voting precinct by three freeholders, one of whom shall be a justice of the peace or notary public, who is an exofficio justice of the peace, if such justice or notary public can be had.

Resolved 2. That none but white democrats shall be entitled to vote at said stations, and such voter shall have all the qualifications necessary to entitle him to vote for members of the general assembly. Each voter shall vote at the election precinct in the district in which he resides if there is a voting precinct in his district and not elsewhere. If his vote is challenged at the polls he shall swear that he is a citizen of the district in which he proposes to vote, if there is a voting precinct in his district; that he is a democrat; that he is entitled under the laws of the state to vote for members of the general assembly, and that he has not voted in another voting precinct in said primary election then being held in said county. If upon being challenged he declines to take said oath, then the managers shall decline to receive his vote.

Resolved 3, That said managers shall have kept tally sheets for the registering of the names of the voters, each ballot to be numbered to correspond with the number of his vote.

Resolved 4, That each one of the candidates for congress shall have the right to select one of the managers at each one of the voting precinets which managers so selected shall serve.

5. The polls at each voting precincts outside of city of Atlanta shall be opened at ten o'clock a. m. and kept open until three o'clock p. m., and at the voting precincts in the city the polls shall be opened at seven a. m. and closed at seven p. m.

6. The managers shall proceed to count the votes so cast and make report through the executive committee of the county at the courthouse, at twelve o'clock the next day, when it shall be the duty of said executive committee to consolidate the vote and declare the result. Upon motion of Mr. Paul Tuggle the permanent chairman of this committee was directed to fix the voting precinct for the northern district of Atlanta.

CREME DE LA CREME DURHAM CIGARETTES

are especially suited for Dinner Parties & Club Dinners, and occasions when gentlemen with fastidious tastes desire the creme de la creme. The "CREME DE LA CREME Cigarette meets this demand.

Each Cigarette is provided with a sweet, clean, new mouth piece, which disposes of all nicotine.

Look for trade-mark of BULL. None Genuine without it.

Watch the papers for our large advertisement; different portraits of leading men each time.

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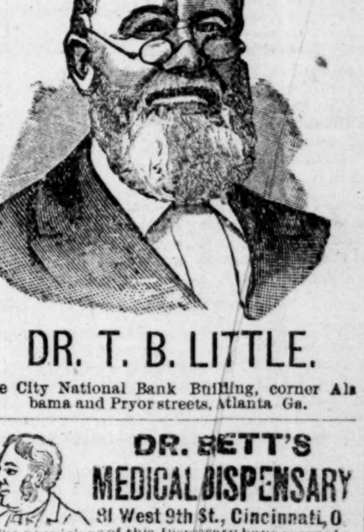
NO CURE NO PAY.



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The best remedy for Cholera, Cramps, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Dyspepsia, and other affections of the stomach and bowels. Introduced in the Army, 1862, by Surgeon-General C. S. A. Recommended by Gen. Warren, Purveyor-General; Hon. Kenneth Rayner, Solicitor U. S. Treasury, and others. Price, 25 cts. Sold by Druggists and Dealers. Only genuine if our name is blown in bottle. Sole Proprietors, THE CHARLES A. VOGELER COMPANY, BALTIMORE, MD., U. S. A.

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IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
BEDDING AND MATTRESSES,
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A White Mosquito Net measures 8x30 feet and costs $2.25. A. ERGENZINGER.

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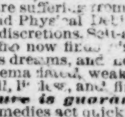
THE GATE CITY GAS LIGHT CO.

HAVE REDUCED THEIR PRICE FOR GAS TO $1.50 per M. cubic feet. A discount of 33⅓ per cent will be allowed if paid at the company's office, No. 12 West Alabama street, during the first ten days of the month, which reduces the net price to $1.00 per M on on all bills contracted after August 1st, 1884. We guarantee absolutely 25 per cent more light, for less money, than can be furnished by any other gas company in this city.

F. S. HOLMES, Supt.



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YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN, who are suffering from the terrible effects of Nervous and Physical Debility, Lost Manhood, Youthful Indiscretions, Self-abuse, or Excess of any kind, and who now find ...'s nerves weakened, have lascivious dreams, and nocturnal emissions, is debilitated, emaciated, weak, melancholy, absent-minded, dull, listless, and finds his life a burden.

A Cure is guaranteed in every case, as our remedies act quickly and cure permanently. Patients treated in all parts of the world.

DR. BETTS, the consulting physician, is a graduate from four medical colleges, 25 years experience and extensive practice in England, France and America. Pamphlets and list of Questions mailed free.

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SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
ATHENS, GA., May 10th, 1884.

On and after May 11th, 1884, trains on this road will run as follows:

Time given here is 90 meridien, Atlanta cit time.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.	No. 51.	No. 53.
Leave Athens, 90 meridian	3:30 p m	7:00 a m
Arrive at Lula	6:00 p m	9:00 a m
Arrive at Atlanta	10:30 p m	12:00 n'n
Arrive at Tallulah Falls		12:50 a m
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.	No. 50.	No. 52.
Leave Tallulah Falls	6:40 a m	
Leave Atlanta	7:40 a m	3:40 p m
Arrive at Lula	8:50 a m	6:40 p m
Arrive at Athens	12:30 p m	8:20 p m

Tallulah Falls accommodation Wednesday and Saturday only.

Leave Tallulah Falls	5:45 p m
Arrive at Rabun Gap Junction	6:50 p m
Leave Rabun Gap Junction	7:30 p m
Arrive at Tallulah Falls	8:30 p m

Connections made at Lula with passenger train on Richmond and Danville railroad, both east and west

H. R. BERNARD, Superintendent.
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VARIETY STORE.

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TURNIP SEEDS, all kinds, (growth of 1884), prices as low as the lowest. All orders from the city and country filled promptly. Terms cash.

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IN SUITS OR SINGLE ROOMS.

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is the BEST HEALTH BEVERAGE, Tonic and Nutritive known. The Genuine CONTAINS ONE-THIRD MORE to the bottle than the imitation, and is SUPERIOR in quality.

"I have used Johann Hoff's Genuine Malt Extract during the last 15 years in my medical practice, and have found it an admirable food and Tonic in convalescence, in cases of Dyspepsia, for the weak and debilitated, especially Nursing Mothers, Weakly Children, Lung and Throat Diseases."

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I have brought suit against Messrs. Tarrant & Co. for bottling and selling another preparation upon the reputation of my Genuine Malt Extract, for which I have received 58 Medals from Exhibitions, Medical Societies, etc. etc.

Beware of Imitations!

None genuine without signature of "Johann Hoff" & "Moritz Eisner," on the neck of every bottle.

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MAY mean "Poisoned with Potash." This is the case with hundreds who have been unwise enough to take Sarsaparillas, Potash mixtures, etc., until digestion is almost fatally impaired. Swift's Specific is a vegetable remedy, and restores the system to health and builds up the waste made by these poisons.

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But Finally Relieved by S. S. S.

"I was suffering with Blood Poison, and treated several months with Mercury and Potash, only to make me worse. The Potash took away my appetite and gave me dyspepsia, and both gave me rheumatism. I then took Sarsaparillas, etc. All these Sarsaparilla mixtures have Potash in them. This made me still worse, as it drove the poison farther into my system. A friend insisted I should take Swift's Specific, and it cured me of the Blood Poison, drove the Mercury and Potash out of my system, and to-day I am as well as I ever was."

GEO. O. WELLMAN, JR., Salem, Mass.

Cured Thoroughly and Absolutely.

John A. Smith, the largest merchant in Gainesville, Ga., says: "I suffered for years from the combined effects of Erysipelas and Eczema. I continued to grow worse under medical treatment and by taking medicine containing Potash. S. S. S. cured me thoroughly and absolutely. My appetite, strength and flesh returned as I was cured with it."

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A Minister and the Orphan Children.

"REV. L. B. PAINE, Macon, Ga., writes: We have been using Swift's Specific at the orphans' home as a general heath tonic, and have had remarkable results from its use on the children and employes of the institution. It is such an excellent tonic, and keeps the blood so pure, that the system is less liable to disease. It has cured some of our children of Scrofula."

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to applicants.

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RAILROAD NEWS.

THE HEADLIGHTS RUNNING INTO ATLANTA.

The Georgia Midland Railway—New Road From Rome to Chattanooga—The Greenville and Laurens Road—The East and West Railroad of Alabama – Points.

Americus Recorder: It is proposed by the people of Friendship and Pineville, if the A. P. and L. railroad is built on the upper route, to build a branch of about twenty miles, leaving the road west of Magnolia springs and passing through Friendship to Pineville. It is said that such a road could be easily built, as the route would lie along a level ridge between Muckalee and Lanahassee creeks, and the people along the route feel confident that they can raise sufficient funds to grade, bridge and tie it.

The East and West railroad, of Alabama, has been built from Cartersville, Ga., to Broken Arrow, Ala., and is now in operation. It is reported that a movement is on foot to urge upon the company to continue the line on to Birmingham, which is distant from Broken Arrow only about forty miles. If this is done it will put the Coosa coal fields within easy reach of all the Alabama furnaces, and will open a splendid trade to the merchants of Birmingham.

Local Railroad Points.

Mr. M. M. Welch, contracting freight agent of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, returned yesterday from an extended business trip to the northwestern cities.

To-day the rate committee of the Southern Railway and Steamship association will meet in New York. To-morrow the executive committee of the association will hold a meeting. Rates and other matters affecting the fall business of the roads will be disposed of in these meetings.

The railroad commission will meet at ... o'clock this morning. As all the commissioners were in the city yesterday there will be a full attendance. One of the matters to come up at this meeting is the complaint of the Baltimore Chemical and Fertilizing company, alleging that the Central railroad has overcharged the company to the extent of thirty-nine cents on a certain shipment of fertilizers. The principle involved in the case is of some importance.

It is expected that quite a number of Georgia editors will, on their return from Baltimore, accept the invitation of the Georgia Pacific to run over and take a look at Birmingham.

Railroad men in both the passenger and freight departments say that their business is duller than they have ever known it in a long experience.

The Georgia Midland Railway.

Mr. J. D. Trammell and his corps of engineers arrived here Saturday, having completed their preliminary survey of the Georgia Midland railway, from Columbus to Atlanta. Under this survey the distance between Atlanta and Columbus will be 104 miles. The engineering corps, it is said, will now proceed to Griffin and run a preliminary line from there to some point, ... Flint river, to intersect ... line now surveyed between Atlanta and Columbus. The officers of the Georgia Midland are: President, J. W. Woolfolk; secretary, C. L. Davis; directors, Dr. N. J. Bussey, George P. Swift, Jr., G. Gunby Jordan, T. ... Blanchard, M. E. Gray, B. T. Hatcher, Jo... F. Flournoy, C. L. Davis.

Estimates of the cost of building the road will soon be furnished by the engineer, and it is believed that the actual work of construction will begin in the course of a few weeks. The Enquirer-Sun and the Times, of Columbus, are booming the enterprise, and the people along the line are enthusiastic.

The Greenville and Laurens Railroad.

A Greenville, S. C., special to the Charleston News and Courier, says: Captain W. J. K..., chief engineer of the Greenville and Laurens railroad, completed his preliminary survey of a line from Greenville to the top of the mountains recently, and to-day made his report to Mr. John Ferguson, chairman of the committee under whose guidance he had been instructed to act by President Mauldin. ... report is brief and contains the following f... and figures. The survey was begun on ... track of the Spartanburg and Asheville ... road at Butt mountain gap. The best practical line was surveyed from that gap to a p... in Greenville county, near John H. Goodwin's, about twenty-five miles from the city of Greenville. From the foot of the mountain to Greenville three routes were surveyed, ... by Marietta being found the cheapest. ... ing the estimates of the Marietta route ... whole line from Greenville to Butt mountain gap, which is two and a half miles south of Flat Rock, and five miles south of Hendersonville, North Carolina, counting the cost of grading, culverts and trestling, is ... as follows: Greenville division, ... ing at J. H. Goodwin's, twenty-four and ... tenths miles, $93,700; thence to the North Carolina line, 15¼ miles, $390,000; from the North Carolina line to Butt mountain gap, 6½ m... $71,900, making the total line of a little ... 45 miles, cash in round numbers, the sum of $550,000. The estimates, Captain Kirk says, are liberal, and in many instances doubly excessive, and an improvement or decrease cost of from 10 to 20 per cent can be made on location.

The grade, it is stated, will not exceed ... feet to the mile at any point, and it is believed that the line will be pushed across the mountains to the level lands, where western connections will be practicable.

New Road From Rome to Chattanooga.

Two engineers and ten assistants are camped just outside of Chattanooga. The Times ... It now transpires that they are surveying a new line for a proposed railroad from Chattanooga to Rome, and are under instructions to carry the line through as soon as possible.

For several weeks there have been rumors afloat that the project of building this railroad would be revived. The history of the company is no doubt remembered in this ... Four years ago a company was organized and chartered under the name of the Lo... Mountain railroad company. Stock was subscribed and work begun, and the line graded about two miles, when negotiations were opened with R. G. Houston & Co. to ... the road and take the bonds. Houston & Co. forfeited their contract, however, but se... possession of the charter, and several ... arose, and since that time the matter has ... in statu quo.

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A man can't help but raise a storm w... has to rock a crying baby, because in ... ture of things he is a sigh-recker.—Cin... Merchant Traveler.

Established in 18

PETER LY[...]

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, WI[N]ES,

Distilled and Malt Liquors,

Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff, Wood and Willowware, Hardware, Holloware, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition, Crockery, Glassware, etc. A perfect

VARIETY STORE.

Just now receiving and on hand

Mason's Metal and Glass Top

—AND—

Millville Fruit Jars, Etc.

TURNIP SEEDS, all kinds, (growth of 1884), prices as low as the lowest. All orders from the city and country filled promptly. Terms cash.

95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell sts., Atlanta, Ga.

June 18, 1884.

FOR RENT OR LEASE.

OFFICES AND ROOMS IN THE

New Constitution Building

IN SUITS OR SINGLE ROOMS.

HEAT AND ELECTRIC LIGHT FURNISHED WITH EACH ROOM.

AN ELEGANT OTIS PASSENGER ELEVATOR

Running constantly. Also

A Handsome and Large Store,

Adjoining Constitution Business office.

Diagrams of the building can be seen at The Constitution office. Parties applying now can have rooms arranged as desired.

W. A. HEMPHILL, Business Manager.

EPILEPSY, FITS, FALLING FITS, CURED

This is no Humbug. For information, free of charge, write to

L. H. SCHUYLER, Stratford, Conn.

CANCER AND TUMORS Treated scientifically and cured without the knife. Book on treatment sent Free. Drs. Gratigny & Norris, 204 West Fourth St., Cincinnati, O.

THE ONLY GENUINE JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT

Is the BEST HEALTH BEVERAGE, Tonic and Nutritive known. The Genuine CONTAINS ONE-THIRD MORE to the bottle than the imitation, and is SUPERIOR in quality.

"I have used Johann Hoff's Genuine Malt Extract during the last 15 years in my medical practice, and have found it an admirable food and tonic in convalescence, in cases of Dyspepsia, for the weak and debilitated, especially Nursing Mothers, Weakly Children, Lung and Throat Diseases." W. O. STILLMAN, A.B., M.D., Phila.

I have brought suit against Messrs. Tarrant & Co. for bottling and selling another preparation upon the reputation of my Genuine Malt Extract, for which I have received 58 Medals from Exhibitions, Medical societies, etc. etc.

Beware of Imitations!

None genuine without signature of "Johann Hoff" & "Moritz Eisner," on the neck of every bottle.

JOHANN HOFF, Berlin, Germany.

EISNER & MENDELSON, Sole Agents for the U. S., 318 & 320 Race St., Philadelphia, Pa.

LUBRICATING OILS.

A. P. TRIPOD

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, GLUE,

Painters' and Artists' Supplies,

FRENCH AND AMERICAN

WINDOW GLASS LOOKING

CUT, ENAMELED, GROUND, COLORED, POLISHED AND ROUGH PLATE GLASS.

Also, Agent for the Celebrated

AVERILL MIXED PAINTS

AND SILICATE PAINT CO.'S MANUFACTURES.

13 BROAD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

P WITH P

MAY mean "Poisoned with Potash." This is the case with hundreds who have been unwise enough to take Sarsaparillas, Potash mixtures, etc., until digestion is almost fatally impaired. Swift's Specific is a vegetable remedy, and restores the system to health and builds up the waste made by these poisons.

VICTIMIZED!

But Finally Relieved by S. S. S.

"I was suffering with Blood Poison, and treated several months with Mercury and Potash, only to make me worse. The Potash took away my appetite and gave me dyspepsia, and both gave me rheumatism. I then took Sarsaparillas, etc. All these Sarsaparilla mixtures have Potash in them. This made me still worse, as it drove the poison farther into my system. A friend insisted I should take Swift's Specific, and it cured me of the Blood Poison, drove the Mercury and Potash out of my system, and to-day I am as well as I ever was."

GEO. O. WELLMAN, Jr., Salem, Mass.

Cured Thoroughly and Absolutely.

John A. Smith, the largest merchant in Gainesville, Ga., says: "I suffered for years from the combined effects of Erysipelas and Eczema. I continued to grow worse under medical treatment and by taking medicine containing Potash. S. S. S. cured me thoroughly and absolutely. My appetite, strength and flesh returned as I was cured with it."

LET TRUTH TELL ITS STORY!

A Minister and the Orphan Children.

"Rev. L. B. Paine, Macon, Ga., writes: We have been using Swift's Specific at the orphans' home as a general health tonic, and have had remarkable results from its use on the children and employes of the institution. It is such an excellent tonic, and keeps the blood so pure, that the system is less liable to disease. It has cured some of our children of Scrofula."

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to applicants.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,
Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

N. Y. Office, 159 W. 23d St., bet. 6th and 7th, Avs. Philadelphia Office, 1205 Chestnut St.

RAILROAD NEWS.

THE HEADLIGHTS RUNNING INTO ATLANTA.

The Georgia Midland Railway—New Road From Rome to Chattanooga—The Greenville and Laurens Road—The East and West Railroad of Alabama—Points.

Americus Recorder: It is proposed by the people of Friendship and Pineville, if the A. P. and L. railroad is built on the upper route, to build a branch of about twenty miles, leaving the road west of Magnolia springs and passing through Friendship to Pineville. It is said that such a road could be easily built, as the route would lie along a level ridge between Muckalee and Lanahassee creeks, and the people along the route feel confident that they can raise sufficient funds to grade, bridge and tie it.

The East and West railroad, of Alabama, has been built from Cartersville, Ga., to Broken Arrow, Ala., and is now in operation. It is reported that a movement is on foot to urge upon the company to continue the line on to Birmingham, which is distant from Broken Arrow only about forty miles. If this is done it will put the Coosa coal fields within easy reach of all the Alabama furnaces, and will open a splendid trade to the merchants of Birmingham.

Local Railroad Points.

Mr. M. M Welch, contracting freight agent of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, returned yesterday from an extended business trip to the northwestern cities.

To-day the rate committee of the Southern Railway and Steamship association will meet in New York. To-morrow the executive committee of the association will hold a meeting. Rates and other matters affecting the fall business of the roads will be disposed of in these meetings.

The railroad commission will meet at 10 o'clock this morning. As all the commissioners were in the city yesterday there will be a full attendance. One of the matters to come up at this meeting is the complaint of the Baltimore Chemical and Fertilizing company, alleging that the Central railroad has overcharged the company to the extent of thirty-nine cents on a certain shipment of fertilizers. The principle involved in the case is of some importance.

It is expected that quite a number of Georgia editors will, on their return from Baltimore, accept the invitation of the Georgia Pacific to run over and take a look at Birmingham.

Railroad men in both the passenger and freight departments say that their business is duller than they have ever known it in a life-long experience.

The Georgia Midland Railway.

Mr. J. D. Trammell and his corps of engineers arrived here Saturday, having completed their preliminary survey of the Georgia Midland railway, from Columbus to Atlanta. Under this survey the distance between Atlanta and Columbus will be 104 miles. The engineering corps, it is said, will now proceed to Griffin and run a preliminary line from there to some point, say Flint river, to intersect the line now surveyed between Atlanta and Columbus. The officers of the Georgia Midland are: President, J. W. Woolfolk; secretary, C. L. Davis; directors, Dr. N. J. Bussey, George P. Swift, Jr., G. Gunby Jordan, T. E. Blanchard, M. E. Gray, B. T. Hatcher, John F. Flournoy, C. L. Davis.

Estimates of the cost of building the road will soon be furnished by the engineer, and it is believed that the actual work of construction will begin in the course of a few weeks. The Enquirer-Sun and the Times, of Columbus, are booming the enterprise, and the people along the line are enthusiastic.

The Greenville and Laurens Railroad.

A Greenville, S. C., special to the Charleston News and Courier, says: Captain W. J. Kirk, chief engineer of the Greenville and Laurens railroad, completed his preliminary survey of a line from Greenville to the top of the mountains recently, and to-day made his report to Mr. John Ferguson, chairman of the committee under whose guidance he had been instructed to act by President Mauldin. The report is brief and contains the following facts and figures. The survey was begun on the track of the Spartanburg and Asheville railroad at Butt mountain gap. The best practical line was surveyed from that gap to a point in Greenville county, near John H. Goodwin's, about twenty-five miles from the city of Greenville. From the foot of the mountains to Greenville three routes were surveyed, that by Marietta being found the cheapest. Taking the estimates of the Marietta route the whole line from Greenville to Butt mountain gap, which is two and a half miles south of Flat Rock, and five miles south of Hendersonville, North Carolina, counting the cost of grading, culverts and trestling, is stated as follows: Greenville division, ending at J. H. Goodwin's, twenty-four and one-tenths miles, $93,700; thence to the North Carolina line, 15½ miles, $390,000; from the North Carolina line to Butt mountain gap, 6½ miles, $71,900, making the total line of a little over 45 miles, cash in round numbers, the sum of $550,000. The estimates, Captain Kirk states, are liberal, and in many instances doubtless excessive, and an improvement or decrease of cost of from 10 to 20 per cent can be made upon location.

The grade, it is stated, will not exceed 68½ feet to the mile at any point, and it is believed that the line will be pushed across the mountains to the level lands, where western connections will be practicable.

New Road From Rome to Chattanooga.

Two engineers and ten assistants are camped just outside of Chattanooga. The Times says: It now transpires that they are surveying a new line for a proposed railroad from Chattanooga to Rome, and are under instructions to carry the line through as soon as possible.

For several weeks there have been rumors afloat that the project of building this railroad would be revived. The history of the company is no doubt remembered in this city. Four years ago a company was organized and chartered under the name of the Lookout Mountain railroad company. Stock was subscribed and work begun, and the line was graded about two miles, when negotiations were opened with R. G. Houston & Co. to build the road and take the bonds. Houston & Co. forfeited their contract, however, but secured possession of the charter, and several suits arose, and since that time the matter has been in statu quo.

About two months since interest in the project was revived and Messrs. Cleghorn, Allgood and other Georgia capitalists associated themselves with the enterprise. One gentleman agreed to subscribe $50,000, and other liberal propositions were made. A meeting of the directors was called, but in the meantime a letter was received from Rome stating that a new company would be organized in that city and a new charter would be applied for. Pending this nothing further was done in this city, and the project was lost sight of until the corps of engineers mentioned above appeared in the field. This seems to indicate that the company was organized and means business. It is rumored that they have made arrangements to place the bonds, and propose to build the road.

It would prove of inestimable value to this section, opening one of the most fertile regions of north Georgia and a country teeming with mineral wealth.

The Queen and Crescent has ordered 10,000 tons of steel rails, and they will begin arriving next week. Forty miles of the Alabama Great Southern railway is already laid, and the remaining 260 miles will be laid at once, and enough will remain to lay a considerable amount on the Vicksburg and Meridian.

A man can't help but raise a storm when he has to rock a crying baby, because in the nature of things he is a sigh-rocker.—Cincinnati Merchant Traveler.

Rough on Rats.

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants bed-bugs, chipmunks, chipmunks gophers 15c. Druggists.

Before marriage: "Wooed and won." After marriage: Wood and one." Burlington Free Press.

Of the many remedies before the public for nervous debility and weakness of nerve generative system, there is none equal to Allen's Brain Food, which promptly and permanently restores all lost vigor; it never fails. $1 package, 6 for $5. At druggists, or by mail from J. H. Allen, 315 First avenue, New York City.

Editors begin to tremble—counterfeit postage stamps are in circulation.—Washington Hatchet.

Magic for the Aged.

Men of advanced age, like Mr. Benjamin Miller, Thomsontown, Pa., in his 76th year; Mr. W. H. Redwood, salesman, Baltimore, Md., in his 73d year; Mr. John Lane, Hyde Park, Ill., aged 60, and many others, were all cured of rheumatism by a few applications of St. Jacobs Oil, the great pain-cure.

De pusson what doan' talk nothin' but slang, doan' think nothin' but slang.—Arkansaw Traveler.

Lundborg's Perfume, Edenia.
Lundborg's Perfume, Marechal Niel Rose.
Lundborg's Perfume, Alpine Violet.
Lundborg's Perfume, Lilly of the Valley.

The centiment of a manfucturing town is ten mills.—Whitehall Times.

With the condiments generally attainable it is not possible to produce a mayonaise dressing for salads that will compare with Durkee's Salad Dressing. Buy a bottle and be convinced.

"Business before pleasure," as the man said who married a bony, wart-on-the-nose old gal for her money.—Kentucky State Journal.

No "Eau de Cologne"

Can possibly compare either for fragrance, sweetness, purity, or durability of aroma, with the genuine Murray and Lanman Florida Water which is formed by the most careful distillation of the choicest flowers of that garden of the tropics from whence it derives its name. Only one trial is necessary to insure its constant use, as it imparts vigor to the body, strength to the nerves, and calmness to the mind.

Is it not strange that editors who are so familiar with the paste pot should so often get stuck on paste diamonds.—Boston Times.

"A Single Fact is Worth a Ship-Load of Argument."

Mr. W. B. Lathrop, of South Easton, Mass., under date of January 7, 1884, says: "My father had for years an eating cancer on his under lip, which had been gradually growing worse until it had eaten away his under lip down to the gums, and was feeding itself on the inside of his cheek, and the surgeons said a horrible death was soon to come. We gave him nine bottles of Swift's Specific and he has been entirely cured. It has created great excitement in this section."

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

The Swift Specific Co., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga., 159 W. 23d St., N. Y., and 1205 Chestnut St., Phila.

A Chicago girl sleeps with her feet out of the window because she has read somewhere that cold contracts.—Burlington Free Press.

One bottle of Dr. Fuller's Pocket Injection, with syringe combined, cures without capsules. $1. All Druggists. tu th sa wky

Folks sometimes growls 'bout de very source o' dar fortune. De farmer often complains o' de heat.—Arkansaw Traveler.

Distance Lends Enchantment!

Maud had a fine figure, good face and pretty name. One should see her at a distance. When she began to talk, you realized that she never used SOZODONT. Her breath was unlike the breezes of Araby the blest.

A Massachusetts editor has just fallen heir to $50,000, and now hopes to keep his paper alive during the coming presidential campaign.—St. Paul Herald.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE,
A Reliable Article.

Dr. E. Cutter, Boston, Mass., says: "I found it to realize the expectations raised, and regard it as a reliable article."

Magnetic girls are becoming so common that a girl who does anything shocking will try to excuse herself on the plea that it was magnetism.—Philadelphia Herald.

All Weakness of Genital Organs, Sexual Impotency, and nervous disorders permanently cured in thirty days, by the genuine Dr. Ricord's Restorative Pills. Bottles 50 Pills $1.25, 100 pills $2.00, 200 pills $3.50, 400 pills $6.00. Magnus & Hightower, corner Pryor and Decatur streets, Atlanta. Wholesale by Lamar, Rankin and Lamar.

"I kin stand abuse an' ridicule, but not sawcasm," remarked a tramp who asked a St. Paul woman for a meal and was referred to the woodpile.—St. Paul Herald.

YOUNG MEN!—READ THIS.

The Voltaic Belt Co., of Marshall, Mich. offer to send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belt and other Electric Applances on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred as thirty days trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated phamphlet free.

Never make a rash promise, especially if you are young. Breach of promise suits are not only annoying, but they are sometimes very costly.—Philadelphia Chronicle.

A Pure and Effective Hair Dressing.

Cocoaine, a compound of Cocoanut Oil, beautifies the hair and is sure to allay all itching and irritation of the scalp.

The superiority of **Burnett's Flavoring Extracts** consists in their perfect purity and strength

When a girl refers her lover to her pa he feels that it is harder to question the pop than it is to pop the question.—Philadelphia Chronicle.

Cincinnati, O., April 14, 1884. S. B. Smith & Bro., Covington, Ky.—*Esteemed Sirs:* **I have been troubled with a serious kidney affection, and seeing your advertisement, concluded to try a bottle of your May Flower, though without much hope of being benefited by it. The first bottle worked splendidly, and persevering with its use, I am entirely relieved of my painful illness. Any one can write to me, and I will reiterate what is here written.**

Mrs. E. Wither,
Walnut Hills, Cincinnati, O.

The shady side of the street is the most patronized these days; but the girls prefer the side where the most sons are.—Kentucky State Journal.

To Toy Gently With Fortune is Nice.

To toy with fortune, if at not to great a risk, is one of the pleasantest of pastimes. The wild gambling in stocks on Wall street brings to the speculator not near as healthy an exercise as the investment in the drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery, at New Orleans, La., of $5 for a whole or proportionately for fractional parts. The 171st Grand Monthly Drawing will occur on Tuesday, August 12th, and any information can be had on application to M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La.

If fresh air and exercise are wholesome young fathers should be healthy. The man with a fresh heir gets plenty of exercise.—Philadelphia Call.

SHERIFF'S SALES FOR AUGUST, 1884.—WILL be sold, before the courthouse door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in August next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to wit:

One pianoforte, of "Hallett & Crampton" make, now in the boarding house of Mrs. Hewie, No. 108 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga., levied on as the property of J. E. Wheat, to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court, in favor of C. C. Nelson vs. J. E. Wheat.

Also at the same time and place, a house and lot, No. 25 Parson street, city of Atlanta, Fulton county, and being the house and lot whereon defendant now lives with her husband, John Elam, said lot fronting 130 feet on Parson street, and running back to Vine street, along said street 70 feet, thence to Parson street; and containing one-fourth acre, more or less. Levied on as the property of defendant, Margaret Elam, to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of W. J. Willingham vs. Margaret Elam.

A certain tract or parcel of land situated and lying in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga., being part of land lot number 47, commencing at Brumby's, southeast corner on Blackburn street, in the city of Atlanta and running south fifty feet thence west one hundred feet, thence north fifty feet to the south line of Brumby's lot, thence east along the south line of Brumby's lot one hundred feet to the beginning point. Levied on as the property of Mrs. T. H. Edwards to satisfy an execution issued from justice court, 1234 district G. M. of said county upon an attachment for purchase money upon three past due installments for said lot, in favor of M. C. Adair and John C. Evans, transferer vs. T. H. Edwards.

Also at the same time and place, a certain lot in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, fronting fifty-three (53) on the east side of Yonge street, and running back 150 feet to city lot No. 8, and bounded on the north by city lot No. 4, and on the south by city lot No. 6; the said premises described being designated as city lot No. 5, as shown in printed hand bill plat of Bell & Goldsmith, dated 1872, part of lot No. 22 in land lot 46, 14th district of said county; levied on as the property of Andrew T. Finney, to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court, in favor of F. R. Mayer & Co. vs. Andrew T. Finney.

A. M. PERKERSON, Sheriff.

FULTON COUNTY SHERIFF'S SALES FOR state and county tax for the years 1882 and 1883.

Will be sold before the courthouse door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in August next, (1884) within the legal hours of sale the following property to-wit:

A lot on Marietta street, next lot to the city limits, containing one-fourth acre, more or less, and adjoining the property on the west by F. B. Pinion, east by the Tumlin property; levied on as the property of George Bancroft for state and county tax for the year 1883, from the tax collector of Fulton county.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Whitehall street, in the second ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Lewis & Marion, part of land lot No. 77, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga., containing 50x150 feet, more or less, as the property of Dr. G. G. Crawford trustee.

Also at the same time and place, one pool table, now in the Bouquet saloon, No. 60 Decatur street, Atlanta, Ga., levied on as the property of Reeves, Vaughn & Whattey for special tax for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Pryor street, in the second ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Bowie & Hammond, part of land lot No. 77, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing 45x140 feet more or less. As the property of John W. Brumby, trustee.

A. M. PERKERSON,
Sheriff.

MARSHAL'S SALES—AUGUST, 1884—CITY MARshal's sale for city taxes for the years 1882 and 1883: Street assessment, sewer assessment and curbing and paving tax, Will be sold before the courthouse door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in August, 1884, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, levied on by the city marshal to satisfy fi fas issued by order of the mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta, Georgia, for city tax for the years 1882 and 1883. Street assessment, sewer assessment and paving and curbing tax.

CITY TAX.

Levied this fi. fa. on city lot in ward 1, land lot 86, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 200x200 feet, more or less, on the northeast corner Peters and Castleberry streets, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining other property of said railroad company; levied on as the property of Cincinnati and Georgia railroad company to satisfy a tax fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Cincinnati and Georgia railroad company for city taxes for the year 1882.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 86, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 200x200 feet, more or less, on the northeast corner Peters and Castleberry streets, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining other property of said railroad company; levied on as the property of the Cincinnati and Georgia railroad company to satisfy a tax fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Cincinnati and Georgia railroad company for city taxes for the year 1883.

STREET ASSESSMENT.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit, a certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 78 feet on Broad street, between Marietta and Walton streets, and running back 8 feet; levied on as the property of Marcus A. Bell, agent, to satisfy a tax fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Bell, agent, and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the road way or street proper of Broad street with granite blocks,

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit, a certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 229½ feet on Marietta street, between Thurman and Simpson streets, and running back 80 feet: levied on as the property of William Brenner to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Brenner and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the road way or street proper of Marietta street with granite blocks.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit, a certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 51½ feet on Washington street, between Fair and Jones streets, and running back 145 feet, said lot known as No. 103 on said street, according to the street numbers; levied on as the property of Mrs. Mary E. Spencer to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Spencer and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the road way or street proper of Washingten street with macadam.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 108, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 150x200 feet, more or less, on Peters to Chapel street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Middlebrooks and Kile; levied on the one-half undivided interest as the property of A. C. King to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said King for proportion of cost of paving the road way or street proper of Peters street with macadam.

SEWER ASSESSMENT.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit, a certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 108 feet on Fair street, between McDonough and Frazier streets, and running back 130 feet; levied on as the property of John White's estate to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said White's estate and said property for the proportion of cost of constructing a sewer along Fair street.

CURBING AND PAVING.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: a certain lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 80 feet on Marietta street, between Simpson and Baker streets, and running back 160 feet; levied on as the property of William Brenner to sasisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Brenner and said property for the proportion of cost of curbing and paving the sidewalk in front of said property.

Also, at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 108, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 150x200 feet, more or less, on Peters to Chapel street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Middlebrooks and Kile; levied on the one-half undivided interest as the property of A. C. King to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said King for proportion of cost of curbing and paving the sidewalk in front of said property. J. W. LOYD, City Marshall,

HALL, ROBERTS & CO................AUCTIONEERS.

Guardian's Sale.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—BY VIRTUE OF an order of the Court of Ordinary of Fulton county, will be sold before the courthouse door of said county, on the first Tuesday in August next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit: Parcel of land in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, and in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, being part of land lot No. 76, and more particularly described as follows. Beginning at a point on the north side of Crumley street, 200 feet west from corner of McDonough and Crumley streets; thence running north parallel with McDonough street (now Capitol avenue); 104 feet to Mrs. Meakin's lot; thence west 40 feet to lot onee owned by C. W. Smith; thence south parallel with McDonugh street 104 feet to Crumley street; thence east along Crumley street 40 feet to the beginning point. The same being the property of Walter and Homer Ellis, minors. Sold for the purpose of reinvestment, maintenance and education of said wards.

Terms Cash.

July 7th. 1884. JESSE M. ELLIS, Guardian.

july 8 15 22 29 august 5

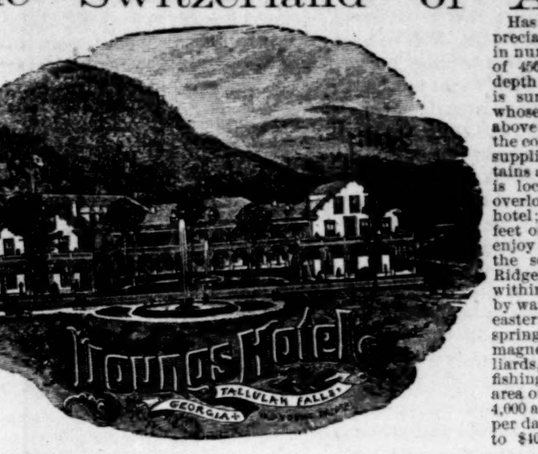
BY VIRTUE OF A SPECIAL ORDER FROM THE Court of Ordinary of Fulton county granted July term, 1884, will be sold on the first Tuesday in August next, before the courthouse in the city of Atlanta, within the legal hours of sale, an undivided one-eighth interest in the minerals in land lot number 677, in the fourth district and third section of Bartow county, Ga. Sold for distribution. Terms cash. E. A. HOWARD,

Executor of the E[...] of G. G. Howard.

july 8 15 22 29

TALLULAH FALLS,

The Switzerland of America,



Has to be visited to be appreciated. The Falls are five in number, and has a total fall of 450 feet with canyons in depth 1,000 feet. This scenery is surrounded by mountains whose summit stands 3,000 feet above the sea, and from which the cold ice springs flow that supplies the beautiful fountains at Young's hotel, which is located upon a high cliff overlooking the Grand Rapids hotel; has 110 rooms with 1,200 feet of verandah, where you enjoy the cooling breeze from the south slope of the Blue Ridge mountains. Depot within 200 yards hotel, reached by way of Air-Line and Northeastern railroad Mineral springs, iron, sulphur and magnezia. Amusements, billiards, ten pins, bath rooms, fishing, hunting, etc. The area of land owned by hotel is 4,000 acres. Rates of board $2 per day, $8 to $10 per week, $20 to $40 per month. The Atlanta cornet band is here for the season. Two good livery stables in connection. Dr. P. H. Thompson, resident physician, of Bluffton, Ga. For further information, address

su tu W. D. YOUNG, Owner and Proprietor.

PAUL JONES,

WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER

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WHISKIES,

Imported Brandies, Gins, Sherry and Port Wines, Pommery Sec, VeClicquot, Monopole, G. H. Mumms & Co.

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FINE TABLE CLARETS

BASS ALE, BURKE'S GUINNESS STOUT.

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Gen'l Agts. Cincinnati Safe & Lock Co. & Boston Magneso Calcite Fire Proof Co.

----FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES----

Vault Doors, Office, House, Express and Bankers' Safes.

SAFES PRICED DELIVERED ANYWHERE. LARGEST STOCK IN THE SOUTH.

Descriptive Circulars sent to any Address. 20 LOYD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

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GENERAL MACHINE WORK PROMPTLY DONE.

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CENTRAL CITY IRON WORKS, MACON, GA.

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33 PEACHTREE STREET.

NEW GOODS, FRESH STOCK AND THE HANDSOMEST STORE IN ATLANTA

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If you don't believe this, come and see for yourself. We have come here to do business.

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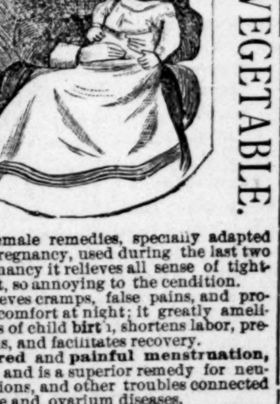

The gem of female remedies, specially adapted to troubles of pregnancy, used during the last two months of pregnancy it relieves all sense of tightness and weight, so annoying to the condition.

Luxomni relieves cramps, false pains, and promotes rest and comfort at night; it greatly ameliorates the pangs of child birth, shortens labor, prevents after pains, and facilitates recovery.

For **disordered and painful menstruation,** it has no equal, and is a superior remedy for neuralgies, convulsions, and other troubles connected with the uterine and ovarium diseases.

Luxomni is no liquid preparation, but a combination of vegetable plants from which a simple tea is made, and is without doubt the gem of female remedies. Price, $1.00 per package. If your druggist has not the preparation, address the BARRY MANUFACTURING CO., Drawer 28, Atlanta, Ga.

G Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Mf'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio.

G has taken the lead in the sales of that class of remedies, and has given almost universal satisfaction. MURPHY BROS., Paris, Tex.

G has won the favor of the public and now ranks among the leading Medicines of the oildom. A. L. SMITH., Bradford, Pa.

LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR, Wholesale Agents

WHY DIE WITH CANCER?

SUCH IS THE EXCLAMATION OF ALL WHO see the wonderful operations Dr. Green is almost daily performing. When terrible, excruciatingly painful tumors, activly malignant, are thoroughly removed from the breast, without the knife or the loss of a drop of blood—when horrible eating and ulcerating sores, that have destroyed the eyeball, and is fast consuming not only the soft tissues of the face, but the bones also. When the same character of growth and ulcer on various parts of the body, it may be slowly, but none the less surely, are carrying their victims to an untimely death too horrible to contemplate. When such as these are being constantly cured and sent home rejoicing with a new lease on life, is it not strange that every one so afflicted does not hasten, as on the wings of the wind, to secure the benefit of the Doctor's marvelous skill! Hundreds do but very, very many do not, because they are persuaded that these things are not so, or that some blood purifier will cure them. No blood medicine or exclusive constitutional treatment ever DID, or ever WILL CURE CANCER. It may benefit for a while, but if it is cancer IT WILL NOT CURE IT. If you have been persuaded that Dr. Green does not succeed in curing cancer, as stated above, write to him for his pamphlet, or better still call at his office, talk with him, go with him to see some of his patients, or to see some that have been cured for years, correspond with scores and hundreds whose names and postoffice addresses will be furnished you with pleasure, and in this way satisfy yourself. The Doctor will take great pleasure in furnishing you with evary facility for learning all you can with reference to his treatment and its results. Beside all this you will not be deceived in any particular. Everything is straight, square and honest! Call on him or address him at his office thus: Dr. E. H. Green, 17½ Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Boarders.

THE WELL KNOWN BOARDING HOUSE, NO. 25 N. Forsyth st., having been thoroughly refurnished and renovated and passed into new hands, will be opened on August 1 for permanent or transient boarders. Cold or warm baths free. Electric baths extra. Location opposite First Baptist church and within one minute's walk of postoffice, capitol and opera house. Terms moderate.

BOARDERS WANTED—DAY BOARDERS, ALSO a large nice room to rent at 66 N. Forsyth st. Mrs. Turner and Mrs. Marshall.

GOOD BOARD, COOL ROOMS, AND QUIET situation at No. 95 Walton Street. Only $3,50 per week.

ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE, 143 PEACHtree street, will be open for summer boarders from June 10 to September 1, 1844.

PERSONS VISITING NEW YORK AND DESIRing pleasant rooms and good board in central location can be accommodated at 119 West 21st st. References given and required. th su tu

AUCTION SALES.

L. B. DAVIS, AUCTIONEER—AUCTION SALE live stock this morning at Hoffman's stable, 47 South Forsyth st. L. B. Davis.

LOST.

STOLEN—A BLACK AND TAN SETTER DOG, answers to the name of "Cody," has on large collar and tag, my name on collar. Liberal reward for delivery to Robt. Bird, 154 Loyd street.

GROCERIES.

A. K. SEAGO & CO., SPECIALTIES, SUGAR, molasses, rice and coffee, New Orleans, give notice to their correspondents in Georgia, Florida, South Carolina and Alabama that their third successful business season, in the Crescent City closed on 24th July, and as is their custom each summer, the office will remain closed until 1st October next.

FOR SALE—Machinery.

FOR SALE CHEAP—1 SMALL ENGINE, 1 BOILER and water tank. Apply to H. L. Atwater, receiver for Pillsbury & Morgan. tf

FOR SALE—Building Material.

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS. W. J. WILLINGHAM, 64 Elliott street. 2ws.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF LUMBER IN THE city. W. J. Willingham, 64 Elliott street. 2ws.

WANTED—Money.

WANTED—$500 FOR ONE YEAR, SECURED by real estate worth $3,000. Address W. T., Constitution. sun tue thu

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

[R]OOM MATE WANTED—CALL AT 30 SOUTH Broad street, room No. 1.

WANTED SITUATION—Female.

A LADY COMPETENT TO TEACH MUSIC AND the English branches of education, is desirous of obtaining a position in an academy or some respectable family. Highest references given. Address Teacher, Abbeville, C. H., S. C., Key box No. 39.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Males.

SITUATION WANTED—A COMPETENT, EXperienced traveling salesman, with large acquaintance, wants a situation to travel or work in stock and wait upon visiting trade. Address, Salesman, box 142.

SITUATION WANTED BY A MAN OF EIGHT years experience in northern markets in grading, measuring and shipping lumber. Capable of keeping lumber accounts. Box 52, Anniston, Ala.

WANTED—SET OF BOOKS TO KEEP AT night. Address, D., this office.

HELP WANTED—Females.

WANTED—A GOOD, RELIABLE SERVANT for cooking and general housework in small family. Good wages and an excellent home to one giving satisfaction. Call or address 20 E. Pine street, city.

GOOD HOUSEKEEPER WITHOUT ENCUMbrance, for dinniug room and pantry in boarding house. Address "Matron," Constitution office, gving experience, wages expected and references.

WANTED—A WOMAN TO DO HOUSE WORK, etc., for small family one mile west of city limits; call 114 Whitehall st.

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, WE furnish light, simple work at your own homes, sent by mail any distance. You can make $2 to $5 a day; no canvassing, no misrepresentation; we have a good demand for our work, and furnish steady employment. Address Royal manufacturing company, Providence, R. I.

WANTED—LADIES OR GENTLEMEN—IN CITY or country, to take nice, light and pleasant work at their own homes; $2 to $5 a day easily and quietly made; work sent by mail; no stamps for reply. Please address Reliable Man'f'g Co., Philadelphia, Pa. tu thu sat sun

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—A DRUGGIST WHO THOROUGHly understands his business. None other need apply. Call at Room 8, Gate City Hotel, city.

WANTED—A NEAT, FIRST-CLASS BLACKsmith. Best wages paid. No horse shoeing wanted. Call at Atlanta Wire Works, 82 Peachtree.

WANTED—Salesmen visiting druggists and grocers, to sell, in connection with their line, a staple article on commission. Ad. Wurmser & Son, Cin.

WANTED—Agents.

AGENTS WANTED—IT WILL PAY ANY INTELligent man or woman wanting profitable employment to write for my illustrated circulars and terms of agency for the celebrated Missouri steam washer, which by reason of its great intrinsic merit is meeting with such phenomenal success. J. Worth, 17th and Franklin avenue, St. Louis, Mo. sat tues thur

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—YARD, FRONTING W. & A. R. R., located in close proximity to center of city, adapted for coal, wood or lumber. Address, Lock Box 175. tues thur and sun.

FOR SALE—FRUIT JARS, GEM MASON AND Cohansey jelly tumblers, New Berlin preserving kettles and cooking vessels. Ladies come and see Ripley's, 89 Whitehall street.

FOR SALE—A JERSEY BULL CALF, ENTITLED to register, solid color, fine pedigree. Also registered Jersey cow. Address W. L. Fain, Atlanta, Ga. tu th

FOR SALE—ONE SECOND-HAND FAIRBANKS platform scale capable of weighing 1,200 lbs, but little used; also one No. one Power mortising machine of H. B. Smith patent, never has been used, never been unpacked. This is a first-class machine and never been used. Enquire of Isaac Robinson, at Ogletree, Robinson & Boyd, Factory corner Gilmer and Butler streets.

FRESH WATER FISH RECEIVED DAILY AT Arctic Ice House, 51 Peachtree street. tf

ICE AT WHOLESALE—SPECIAL RATES FOR car load lots and by the ton at Arctic Ice House. Capacity 20 tons a day. 51 Peachtree street. tf

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

FOR SALE—GROCERY STORE, FULL OF GOODS and fixtures for $100. No. 216 Wheat street.

AXEHANDLE MACHINE FOR SALE—A FULL and complete set of latest improved handle machine. All in good order and capable of turning out 90 dozen daily, will be sold cheap to make room for other machinery. Apply to Atlanta Cotton Mills Supply Company, 654 Marietta street. sun tu th tf

WANTED—PARTY WITH SOME MEANS TO purchase a controlling interest for the Southern States in a patented invention that can be made to rival the telegraph or telepnone. Call on A. F. McGrew, Markham House, Atlanta.

PERSONAL.

STRICTURES AND OTHER SEXUAL DISEASES of men speedily, safely, certainly and pleasantly cured by Dr. Stainback Wilson, 14 Loyd St.

FARMERS AND LAND OWNERS IN GEORGIA wishing to sell lands will get the benefit of experienced and extensive advertising, and probably a quick sale by placing their property with me and making a systematic effort to induce immigrants from the New England, Middle and Western States and Europe. Send full description, terms and price. Sam'l W. Goode, Attorney and Real Estate Broker, 21 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. su tu

WATERMELONS.

WATERMELONS AND CANTALOUPES—WE are prepared to handle them on this market or to forward to other good markets. Elam Johnson Son & Co. tf

FUEL.

COAL AND WOOD. W. J. WILLINGHAM, 64 Elliott street. 2ws.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR RENT—A DWELLING OF 8 ROOMS, GAS and good water. Piano and household furniture for sale. Apply at 49 Wheat st.

TO RENT—MY RESIDENCE, N. W. CORNER OF Ivy and Houston streets. It is central, has ten rooms, with gas and water and a stable. D. W. Gwin. 3t.

FOR RENT—HOUSE, SIX ROOMS, PANTRY and closets, nearly new and very nice, near Whitehall street. Apply to Dr. Marvin, 365 Whitehall. tf

FOR RENT—Rooms.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, CENTRAL, GAS, bath, etc. Single rooms for gentlemen. Be sure to call in at 43 East Mitchell street.

FOR RENT—LARGE, NICE FRONT ROOM FOR rent, over No. 49 Peachtree street. Suitable for office or bed room. Geo. E. King & Co. 2t

FOR RENT—THE MOST COMMODIOUS AND elegant offices and sleeping apartments in the city. Apply to M. Wiseberg, 31½ Peachtree street. tues thu sun

ROOM, NICELY FURNISHED, LIGHT AND airy, on first floor, gas, bath, etc. Price moderate to desirable party. Address 41 E. Mitchell street. dtf

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—STORE AND CELLAR, 190 DECAtur street; suitable for saloon, bakery, etc. Apply next door.

FOR SALE—Real Estate.

JONESBORO RESIDENCE FOR SALE—CHEAP—6 rooms, 1½ acres land, fine orchard fruits, No. 1 water, high elevation, very desirable. Want to move to Florida is my reason for selling. Big bargain for somebody. Address C. P. Vaughn, Jonesboro, Ga. Price $800.

The Constitution:

Published Daily and Weekly.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day, except Monday, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at $1 per month $2.50 for three months, or $10 a year.

THE CONSTITUTION is for sale on all trains leading out of Atlanta, and at news stands in the principal southern cities.

ADVERTISING RATES depend on location in the paper, and will be furnished on application.

CORRESPONDENCE containing important news solicited from all parts of the country.

ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts or checks payable to

THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Georgia

ATLANTA, JULY 29, 1884.

INDICATIONS for the South Atlantic states at 1 a. m. to-day: partly cloudy weather, and occasional rains, southwesterly winds, stationary temperature.

GOVERNOR CAMERON, of Virginia, has convened the general assembly of Virginia upon the request of two-thirds of the members of each house, to meet in the capitol at Richmond on Wednesday, August 13.

THE Galveston News, after a careful survey of the crops of that state, comes to the conclusion that without speedy rains the cotton yield will be cut off disastrously, and even the corn crop will be seriously affected.

THE cotton worm is ravaging the cotton crop in lower Egypt. The prospect is that it will be very poor. The Nile is now very much lower than at any time since 1878, when 40,000 persons perished from famine.

THE committee appointed to notify Governor Cleveland of his nomination will do so at three o'clock this afternoon. The notification of Mr. Hendricks will take place to-morrow, notwithstanding Bill Chandler's belief that it took place some time ago.

WE print in another column an admirable interview with Hon. J. W. Renfroe, in which he declines to enter the race for the treasurership. We have always maintained that the state lost one of the very best officers it has ever had when Mr. Renfroe left the treasurer's office. Able, devoted, conscientious and of fine executive power, Georgia never had a better treasurer, and we don't believe it ever will.

THE question of more direct communication between Columbus and Atlanta is coming up in a practical form under new auspices. Some enterprising citizens of Columbus have obtained a charter for the Georgia Midland and Gulf railroad. The surveying party has just been over the proposed route, and the chief engineer says that a railroad one hundred and seven miles, passing through a prosperous section of the state, would connect the two cities. The incorporators are hopeful that their enterprise will attain an early success.

IT used to be the fashion for foreigners to go away from this country and attain notoriety by their harsh criticisms on its people and its institutions. After enduring indiscriminate censure we stand in danger of nausea from an overdose of taffy. Langtry has just sailed for Europe, throwing kisses to our shores and promising to come back again very soon. Considering the amount of greenbacks which foreign celebrities have pocketed in the past few years, we can stand their most garrulous gush without a murmur of modest protest.

ABOUT CANDIDATES.

Editor Dana has figured it up, and he concludes that Governor Benjamin Butler, the well-known anti-fat greenback candidate, is doomed to poll at least two million votes at the coming presidential election. Without pausing to consider whether this system is not equal to counting chickens before they are hatched, Editor Dana proceeds to congratulate Candidate Butler and the country generally at this marked evidence of his wonderful influence over the voting populace of this our native land.

We are pained to learn, however, on looking over the returns at present available, that Editor Dana gets his information in regard to Candidate Butler's popularity from the columns of John Kelly's feebly-conducted organ. In fact Editor Dana boldly credits John Kelly's feebly-conducted organ with the information, and then proceeds to comment on it with the seriousness that characterizes Swinton in the moment of noble frenzy when he is playing fly-loo in Schwab's beer saloon.

On the information, therefore, of John Kelly's feebly conducted organ, Editor Dana allots to Candidate Butler the suffrages of two million voters, and even goes so far as to intimate that two millions is a very moderate calculation; adding to this startling suggestion the comforting thought that "the man who runs for office with such a support may well be proud of the fact, and his children may be proud of it after him."

Considering that the two million voters which have attracted Editor Dana's attention exist only in the weak minds of those who edit John Kelly's feebly conducted organ, we have no doubt that Candidate Butler's children "may be proud of it after him," to say nothing of his great-grand-children. A candidate who polls two million votes in the weak minds of those who feebly conduct John Kelly's paper is entitled to congratulations, and we are glad to see that Editor Dana extends his without inquiring whether the returning board has been guilty of its whole duty or whether it has been subsidized.

In this connection—to employ a phrase which Editor Dana has made popular in this country—we observe a tendency on the part of the esteemed Sun to exalt Candidate Butler in one column and belittle Grover Cleveland. The old woman that kissed the cow would find little or no objection to this, for she would naturally conclude that even an editor has the right to slobber a little over a scrub cow if his inclinations lead him in that direction. But Editor Dana's tastes, if not his judgment, ought to be greatly superior to those of the old woman. He ought to know, and does know, that Candidate Butler has reached high-water mark as a professional demagogue, and that he is no more to be compared to an honest, conscientious man like Grover Cleveland than Dorsey is to be compared to Horatio Seymour—to use names a little at random.

Editor Dana announces that he sincerely prefers Cleveland to Blaine, not because Cleveland is qualified or deserving, but because the republican party ought to go. At the same time, Editor Dana is continually patting Butler on the back, and the meaning of his caresses, as we interpret them, is that Butler would make the best president of all. Well, eccentricity is a good thing in its place, and piquant out of its place, and it cannot be denied that Editor Dana is piquant. The instinct that bids us beware of demagogues informs us that Butler is worse than Blaine, bad as Blaine is conceded to be; and if such a man as he can poll two millions of votes, it is time to put a few more trowels of mortar in the pillars of the republic. If Editor Dana really desires the republican party to come down and out, he should turn his attention to electing the democratic candidate. That is the only remedy we know of for bad government; the only way out of our political troubles.

THE BLAINE ASSESSMENT.

Elsewhere we print a circular that Chairman Jones, of the republican national committee, has caused to be sent to every clerk and every officer of the general government. The circular is not only a violation of public decency, but it is a violation of the spirit if not the letter of the civil-service act. Mr. B. F. Jones, who is a private citizen and, therefore, without the prohibitory clause of that act, asks "every person holding any office, place or employment under the United States," to send him a sum of money to go into a campaign fund. Chairman Jones is known to be the favorite manager of James G. Blaine. The presidential candidate gave him charge of his campaign. He selected him, although no one else had recommended him or thought of him. An assessment of Chairman Jones is, therefore, a direct assessment of Candidate Blaine. Whatever moral difference there is between the manner of forming a corruption fund, and sending a collector through the departments, book in hand, is, therefore, to the credit of the latter and to the shame of the new method. The circular notifies every appointee of the government to shell out, and if the donation is not up to the figures desired another circular will doubtless follow. A gigantic corruption fund is to be formed. Mr. Jones is to pass the hat among the Pennsylvania manufacturers who cling to the republican party, and his clerks are to squeeze all they can out of the government officials. This course is rendered the more imperative by the fact that most of the New York and Boston capitalists upon whom the republican party has heretofore heavily drawn in presidential years, now refuse to respond except with a declaration in favor of Cleveland and Hendricks. The Pittsburg manufacturers and the poor clerks are therefore to be worked for all that can be wrung from them. No wonder republicans are leaving the ranks in large numbers. No wonder the college presidents and professors who have been life-long republicans see that nothing short of a defeat will purify the party. Under Blaine the lowest level has been sought and found, and men who unite intelligence with purity of purpose refuse to be dragged down to his level, and in this way the ranks of the independent republicans are rapidly filling up. The circular that we print this morning is proof positive of an intention to drag-net the country for a fund to be used in buying voters, first in Ohio and West Virginia, and then in the doubtful states. To a certain extent this conspiracy against the people is carried on shamelessly, and steps are taken and methods introduced that would thirty years ago have staggered the country. But a long course of corruption and chicanery have hardened the public conscience, and the masses sleep, while only the thoughtful and sensitive revolt. Fortunately, the revolt from within is this year large enough to render the methods of Mr. Blaine and of his tax collector at Pittsburg very odious, and let us hope, disastrous.

THE Georgia editors are going into the cavern at Luray. We have no doubt it is a very fine affair, but there are few Georgia editors that have not at some time or other found themselves in bigger holes than the cavern at Luray. The truth is, the upright Georgia editor has a very hard time of it.

THE New York Tribune is dealing with General Benjamin Butler pretty much as if he were a journeyman prophet. But why should the Tribune try to comb the hair on the top of the general's head when there is no hair there?

THE star route element is on top in the republican party. Steve Elkins is managing things, and Steve was the manager of the star route knavery.

OCCASIONALLY when a sick man is informed that he is suffering from mercurial poisoning he flies into a rage and calls his physician a fool. He has never taken any medicine containing mercury. How can he, therefore, have mercury in his system? This question is answered by the Medical Record. It seems that looking glasses are largely responsible for mercurial poisoning. In two instances where a man and his wife were the victims, it is stated that the cause of the trouble was in a mirror hanging in the bedroom, the wooden back of which was dotted with thousands of minute globules of mercury. The apartment was heated during the night. In another instance a mirror forty years old with a weak back was the cause of the mischief. When the mirrors were removed the sick people speedily recovered.

THE appointment of Bryant to be United States marshal for Georgia shows that the Arthur administration is red hot for civil service reform. Bryant is, and always has been, a typical republican.

THE York Tribune pays a high tribute to Arthur. It says that prices fell when Garfield was assassinated, and haven't recovered since. We can now understand why Bryant was appointed to succeed Longstreet. Arthur desired to restore confidence to the country.

IT is now generally conceded that John Roach is the author of Mr. Blaine's remarkable letter of acceptance—John Roach and Bill Chandler.

THAT versatile humorist, M. Quad, of the Detroit Free Press, has just commenced the publication in his paper of a serial entitled "Under Five Lakes, or the Cruise of the Destroyer." The story is a thrilling narrative of a voyage under water from Chicago to the foot of Lake Ontario. From the opening chapters it is fair to predict that the career of the "Destroyer" will be of more extravagant interest than the history of Jules Verne's submarine craft, the "Nautilus."

MRS. HARRIET BEECHER STOWE is a firm believer in Mr. Blaine's innocence. This confidence is probably mutual. No doubt Mr. Blaine believes that Mrs. Stowe is innocent.

A MAN named Benedick, who has recently escaped from the Sandwich islands, makes the startling statement that fully 80,000 American citizens are held in bondage on those islands. Benedick says that he was engaged at San Francisco to go to Honolulu as a hotel waiter at $50 a month. When he landed he was placed in a pen with hundreds of men and women, and the next day the planters came in, picked out their laborers and sent them to the field under guard. It was useless to protest. They found that they were expected to go to work at fifty cents a day. They were docked without mercy and fined every time they took a chew of tobacco. At the end of the month, Benedick was informed that he was $133 in debt to his employer, and a contract was shown him with his name forged to it binding him to serve two years. Fortunately Benedick had $500 concealed on his person. With $400 he succeeded in buying his liberty, and at once returned to San Francisco. If he tells the truth, an odious and oppressive system of slavery exists in the Sandwich Islands.

FREETRADE MEDILL, of Chicago, is howling his eyes out for Protection Jim.

THE impoliteness of little Billy Chandler in refusing to continue his correspondence with Mr. Hendricks is due to the condition of his health. Little Billy is unwell.

BRYANT denies with great bitterness that his appointment is a reward for his devotion to Arthur at Chicago. In our opinion, Bryant was appointed because he is a typical republican.

A NEWSPAPER man who has been studying the condition of the French says that they live on cereals, whereas the English live on meat. One pound of dry wheat or flour will go as far as three pounds of meat. If you feed the cereals to cattle, as they do in England, it will take 8 pounds of grain to make a pound of meat. One acre of cereals in France will support five men, while it takes two acres of grass to support one steer, and in the end one man eats the steer. The Frenchman buy millions o gallons of cotton-seed oil and eats it in his salads and soups. He refines millions of gallons and sells it back to America at two or three dollars a gallon. Cotton-seed oil has been found to be better and cheaper than peanut and olive oil. There is not a mouthful of meat or grease thrown away in France, and a population of 100,000,000 can be supported better in that country than a population of 25,000,000 can be supported in England.

THE negroes who have been trying to kick Bryant out of the republican party may now see that Bryant is the party so far as Georgia is concerned.

THE New York Tribune, hunting around for something warm enough to express its ecstacy compares Mr. Blaine's letter of acceptance to "the explosion of a leveled tube." This is horrible. The Tribune's allusion may be to a sewer pipe; if so, what sort of a campaign is this going to be?

SOME of the newspaper wits speak of the prohibition presidential nomination as the Biblical ticket. So far as names go St. John and Daniel certainly have a very respectable sound. It is impertinently suggested by a malicious opponent of the ticket that the original St. John was a little remiss in failing to object to the turning of water into wine, and the point is also made that while Daniel was saved from destruction in the den of lions it was his own virtue and not a legislative enactment that saved him. The prohibitionists, it is charged, are not satisfied with teaching people to be good and temperate so as to be in no danger from such lions as wine, brandy and whisky. They reject this method and go in for killing the lions. Inasmuch as these lions do not rush around seeking whom they may devour, but on the contrary are being pursued and devoured by wicked men, the prohibition remedy seems to begin at the wrong end of the evil.

GEORGE AUGUSTUS SALA, does not pretend to be a medical authority, but he makes the positive statement that in the epidemic of 1832-3-4 no user of tobacco fell a victim to the cholera. The statement is worth investigating. Tobacco is a disinfectant and a poison. Perhaps it counteracts the poison of the cholera germs.

MISS FANNY DAVENPORT is fair and fat. She is also fascinating. With all of these conditions except the second, she has every reason to be perfectly satisfied, and she has recently succeeded in reducing her adipose tissue to a reasonable bulk. That she should be able to get rid of her fat without growing less fair and fascinating is a matter of considerable interest to a large percentage of womankind. Miss Fanny's methods are very simple. She eats no bread, except dry toast in moderation, no sugar, and she drinks sparingly of water and other fluids. Every day she takes a walk of several miles. Naturally this sensible actress feels better and stronger than ever before in her life. There's no risk to be run in following such an anti-fat treatment.

ELI PERKINS says there are no beautiful women in England because the poor feed so badly and the rich drink burgundy and champagne instead of pure water. Beer, bread and cheese will not make good looking men and women, nor will burgundy, champagne and lobster salad. Rich people are backing their stomachs and kidneys against a copper distillery. If men and women would stop drinking liquor and would astonish their stomachs with pure water, bread, milk and oatmeal, they would have pink cheeks instead of purple noses, and Bright's disease and dyspepsia would become things of the past.

ATTORNEY GENERAL BREWSTER is making an awful splurge at Long Branch. He has a coat-of-arms that he bought and paid the cash for, and two footmen with noble calves. Ray for Uncle Brews.!

THE New York Sun thinks the fraud which seated Mrs. Hayes's husband was a "peerless fraud." Well, yes; perfectly splendid.

POLITICAL NOTES.

THE government says the redemption of unused postal cards does not pay, and it will redeem no more of them.

IT is said that fifty Canadian newspapers have declared in favor of independence. Annexation finds but few advocates.

MICHAEL DAVITT, in his speech at Tralee Thursday, implored Irishmen everywhere to assist in the movement against the house of lords.

JUDGE DIXON, who was last year the republican candidate for governor of New Jersey, has announced himself for Cleveland and Hendricks. The democrats claim at least ten thousand majority in New Jersey.

THE president of the Scott law committee of the Cincinnati saloon keepers asserts that every case against the law will be fought up to the highest court, and that the liquor men will aid the democrats again in this campaign. He thinks Ohio will give a democratic majority of 17,000.

JUDGE HOAR, of Concord, Mass., painfully realizes how harder it is to have serpent children than any number of thankless teeth, by hearing from his second son, Charles, out in Colorado, that he, too, like both his brothers at home, will, incontinently bolt Blaine.

LE MESSAGER, a French newspaper published in Lewiston, Me., has declared for Cleveland and Hendricks. It is the accredited organ of the French Canadians in the state and wields a powerful influence. The Portland Argus asserts that there are 12,000 French voters in Maine.

MR. EDGAR M. JOHNSON, law partner of Governor Hoadly, put his faith into definite form by offering to bet $500 to $300 that Governor Cleveland will carry Ohio, and he bases his belief on the certainty that the Germans generally will go against Blaine on account of his prohibition proclivities.

WHEN Thomas A. Hendricks, the democratic nominee for vice-president, was a member of the United States senate the bill making eight hours a legal day for government laborers was up for consideration. Mr. Hendricks said: "My opinion is that eight hours of labor faithfully applied are quite sufficient and that the health of the laborer and the general interest of society will be promoted by this reform."

HON. JAMES SPEED, a distinguished Kentucky republican, and the last survivor of the men composing President Lincoln's cabinet, has bolted the nomination of Blaine. His reasons for so doing, given in a letter to the public, relate to Mr. Blaine's views of our foreign relations and his views touching the "surplus revenue." Mr. Speed openly declares that voting the democratic ticket is the least of the evils that an honest republican has to face in this crisis, and he cites the fact that he "voted with the democrats to kill off the folly and wickedness of the know-nothings, and has never regretted it."

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

GOVERNOR CLEVELAND'S mother, it is said strongly disapproved of his entering political life.

"O WONDERFUL, wonderful, and most wonderful! And yet again wonderful, and after that out of all whooping!" is the quotation which the Boston Advertiser thinks best voices that city's first estimate of Lula Hurst.

GEORGE W. PECK, owner of Peck's Sun, not only owns one of the finest houses in Milwaukee, but also a new steamyacht that will carry one hundred passengers and accommodate twenty persons in the staterooms.

L. J. ROSE has sold his estate, probably the finest in California, for $750,000. The plantation is known as Sunny Slope, near Pasadena, and it contains more than two thousand acres of well-watered land. The orange crop was sold on the trees by Mr. Rose this year for $16,600, and the vintage last year from one thousand acres of vines was one thousand eight hundred tons of grapes.

DR. R. H. MCDONALD, of California, failed to capture the prohibitionist nomination as president, to be sure, but he got a fine advertisement for "Vinegar Bitters." His campaign of cranky self-assertion seemed to work very well with the brethren at Pittsburg until it became noised about that he had been concerned in the manufacture of the tonic named, which includes a portion of alcohol among its constituent parts, when he promptly disappeared.

DR. J.H. MCLEAN, the wealthy patent medicine man of St. Louis, having served a short term in congress, felt the need of a newspaper organ. Two months ago he started a two-cent journal in St. Louis, the Morning Call. It has received its last call and has gone to join the innumerable caravan. It suspended last Tuesday and the doctor is short something like $12,000. But he has had some of the experience without which no practical politician can be said to be complete.

THE Hon. William Daniel, of Baltimore, temporary chairman of the recent prohibition national convention at Pittsburg, is a man of diminutive stature and boyish appearance. It is told that when he was one of the most distinguished lawyers on the "east'n sho'" of Maryland, he visited one day one of the old families where still obtained the custom of making the children eat at a second table after their elders had dined. So when dinner was announced one of the half-grown boys of the family sidled up to Mr. Daniel, with the invitation, "Let's you and me go out an' play sock ball while the grown folks eat dinner."

GROVER CLEVELAND, the democratic nominee for president, comes from old Presbyterian stock. His grand father and great-grand-father were Presbyterian preachers. Cleveland himself is not very devout, though he has a pew in a Presbyterian church in Albany, and frequently attends its Sabbath services. Thomas A. Hendricks, the democratic nominee for vice-president, is also of Presbyterian descent. His father's house was a very strict Presbyterian home. His brother Abram, is a preacher of that denomination. During the war Thomas and a number of other Indianapolitans from different churches organized St. Paul's Episcopal church, of which Mr. Hendricks is now senior warden, and with Mrs. Hendricks is very punctual in attendance on its services.

DANIEL MANNING, the man who so skillfully and successfully managed the Cleveland battle at Chicago, is editor of the Albany Argus and he has been more than any one else the maker of Cleveland. He is of the same age as Cleveland and the two are remarkably alike. They weigh about the same and their tastes and habits are similar enough for them to have been twins. In Albany Manning is often taken for Cleveland and they are known as the two Dromios of the city. Manning is to Cleveland what Thurlow Weed was to Seward. Manning is a reticent fellow, with considerable wire-pulling ability and sound judgment. Tilden discovered him and made him his lieutenant. He is not a sagacious man and has not a great amount of inventive genius, but if the facts are put before him his judgment is almost infallible as to the best course to be pursued. Manning started life as a reporter on the Albany Argus, and he soon became one of the reporters of the legislature. He made some money and put it into Argus stock. He kept on buying, and when William Cassidy died he stepped into his shoes and, with Mrs. Cassidy, he now owns a controlling interest in the paper. He is worth about $150,000, and the Argus pays him from fifteen to twenty per cent on a capital of $100,000.

THE CORRUPTION FUND.

Chairman Jones Assesses in Polite Phrase The Clerks and Deputy Marshals.

We give below a copy of a circular that is this morning in the hands of every employe of the government in Georgia:

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE, No. 242 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY, July 23, 1884.—Dear Sir: The pending presidential campaign is of unusual importance to the country. Every republican is deeply interested in its result. The national committee, on behalf of the republican party, desires to make it justly vigorous and effective, and success certain in November. Funds are required, however, to meet the lawful and proper expenses of the campaign; and to provide the same the committee finds itself dependent upon the liberality of republicans to make such voluntary contributions as their means will permit, and as they feel inclined to give. You are therefore respectfully invited to send, as soon as you conveniently may, by draft on New York or postal money order to the order of B. F. Jones, chairman republican national committee, 242 Fifth avenue, New York city, such sum as you may desire to contribute for the objects before mentioned. A receipt for the same will be sent by return mail.

The committee cheerfully calls the attention of every person holding any office, place or employment under the United States or any of the departments of the government to the provisions of the act of congress entitled, "An act to regulate and improve the civil service of the United States,' approved January 16th, 1883, and states that its influence will be exerted in conformity therewith.

Respectfully, B. F. JONES, Chairman.

ECHOES FROM THE PEOPLE.

Mingo and Other Sketches.

A. H. M., Athens, Tenn: 1. By what company is Mr. Harris's new and celebrated book, "Mingo," published? 2. What is the price?

1. J. R. Osgood & Co., Boston. 2. The price is $1.25.

Hard Questions.

Subscriber, Atlanta, Ga.: Please let me know in your next issue the diameter of a thread of silk. What is the weight of a spider's thread one mile long. What is the thickness of the film of a soap bubble; also the thickness of gold leaf. If you do not know, publish them for me. I had the dimensions once, but have lost them.

As it is uncertain about finding the estimates to which you refer, within a reasonable length of time, perhaps it would be better for you to hunt up your lost statistics. If you find them send us a copy.

Lula Hurst.

J. E. B., Roscoe, Ga: 1. What has become of Miss Lula Hurst? 2. Has she that strange power yet? 3. How long is she going to travel? 4. Where is she now?

1. She is in Boston giving exhibitions. 2. Yes. 3. As long as she finds it profitable. 4. Answered above.

Confederate Money.

J. C. W., Jewelville, Ga.: Is confederate money worth anything, and where can I find a purchaser?

Burke, the "old book-store" man, of this city, sometimes buys it. The price paid for it is merely nominal.

Several Questions.

J. L. M., Atlanta, Ga.: 1. Is there any way to keep lemons from spoiling for a short or long time? 2. When water is artificially made into ice do all impurities leave it? 3. Is not the water made by melted ice as pure as rain water? 4. Is there any danger of gas explosion in the Atlanta dwelling houses?

1. We know of no certain way. 2. It depends upon the methods of ice manufacture. Some artificial ice is pure and some is not. 3. Not always. 4. There is some little danger, but not enough to be seriously considered.

Of Ancient Origin.

N. S. A., Bold Springs, Ga.: Do you know anything of the origin of the Georgia word, "Obstropulous?" I believe Franklin county claims the honor of its author.

It dates back several centuries, and first appeared in England.

Give Our Ministers a Vacation.

ATLANTA, July 28.—Editors Constitution: I note that the two Presbyterian churches have given their ministers a month's vacation. It would be a good idea for the other churches to follow suit. A minister who has a month's rest and a little travel in new scenes and new people will do more good in the remaining eleven months than if he worked every month. It is policy, economy, and certainly humanity, to give them a month's vacation. A CHURCH-GOER.

The Sanitary Carts and Their Imperfect Work.

ATLANTA, July 28.—Editors Constitution: Never was it so important that our sanitary carts should do perfect work as now. And yet I have had a barrel of decayed vegetable matter at my gate for four days before the cart called. It is said there are not enough carts to get around o'tener than twice a week. The city had better hire a few carts in addition to what it owns. Cholera may come. Let us be ready. K.

Interesting Reminiscences.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: The year General Jackson first took the presidential chair, it was 1829, I was in Jefferson, Jackson county, a clerk in the store of Sylvanus Ripley. I well remember every presidential election since then. Including 1828 and 1884 I have been observant of fourteen presidential elections. I have been a Jeffersonian southern rights democrat all the time. In 1840 I settled in Greenville, Meriwether county, to practice the law. Poor old Hiram Warner was then judge of of the Coweta circuit.

In 1844 I was an elector for Polk and Dallas in the 4th congressional district, and had the heaviest charge in my county there was in any county in the state, and the heaviest charge in my district there was in any district. We answered the taunting question of the whigs, "Who is James K. Polk?" They said, "We don't know James K. Polk." Old George Drompole, of Virginia, then the leader of the democrats in the house of representatives from Virginia, attended the ratification meeting of the nomination of Henry Clay, in Washington City, by the whigs. He was slightly in "his caps," and when one of the whig orators exclaimed, "We don't know James K. Polk." "Old Drum," as he was called, rolled out the reply. "Well, General, that is not our objection to Mr. Clay, we know him too —— well!" My opinion is that we shall see a repetition of the presidential campaign of 1844, and that Governor Cleveland will stand to Blaine, as James K. Polk did to Clay, with a similar result.

"Has the south anything at stake?"

Yes, everything that is implied in good government! W. F. S.

ABOUT AUGUSTA.

Facts and Figures Showing the City's Progress for Forty Years.

Augusta Chronicle and Constitutionalist.

In 1845 Augusta had 7,502 people—3,948 whites and 3,254 colored. Her real estate was worth $2,000,000, and her banking capital, with six banks, was $2,550,000. She had then twelve warehouses, capable of holding 70,000 bales of cotton. Her stock in trade was $1,095,505, and she had at interest $1,409,593. She had one cotton mill, the Augusta manufacturing company, with 10,000 spindles and 200 looms.

In the year of our Lord, 1884, Augusta has 36,521 people, 20,521 white and 15,906 colored. The gain over last year was 1,029, and over the census of 1870 a gain of 21,132; and since 1880 of 14,630. She had, in 1880, including the country grist mills, eighty-six manufacturing establishments, with $2,402,275 capital, working 1,959 hands, paying out $527,700 wages, using $2,466,570 materials, and making $3,490,780 of products. Since 1880 the manufactures have grown until, in four years, the capital has increased from $2,403,275 to $5,600,000, or 125 per cent; hands from 1,959 to 5,200, or over 150 per cent; wages from $528,700 to $1,152,000, or over 100 per cent.

The cotton receipts of Augusta last year ran to 181,567 bales, an increase from 162,771 bales over 1882, or 18,796. In 1881, however, the receipts went to the enormous figure of 211,115 bales, and in 1880 to 160,746, and they must be brought back to the great amount of 1881.

Her wholesale business alone will run to $5,000,000, while her trade amounts annually to $22,000,000. She has seven banks, with a capital of only $1,300,000, unless we count the full value of the Georgia railroad as behind the bank of that company, when her bank capital could be estimated at $5,500,000.

Some eight railroads concentrate in Augusta, and a ninth is building, giving a magnificent railway connection. Besides this, there is the Savannah river connecting the city with the ocean. The canal and our nine cotton factories are tremendous instrumentalities of city advancement.

The Military Pageant.

MACON, July 28.—[Special]—To-night is a great one with the military of Macon. The occasion is the visit of the Volunteers to the camps of the Floyd Rifles and the Southern Cadets. At promptly 8:30 the members of the Volunteers assembled at the armory on Mulberry street and formed for its march to the camps. A few minutes later, the drum corps heading, thirty-one men began a march to the scene of military life, and the tramp begun. A large crowd gathered to see the company leave the city. As the command passed the corner of Mulberry street and Cotton avenue a display of fire works was made by Dr. George Paine. The march out was a pleasant one. The boys discussed their trip through the west and other topics. When the camp was reached a lively scene presented itself. The bands were playing, salutes firing and a general scene of military life was caught. The two companies were drawn up in line, commanded by Lieutenant H. C. Villipigue, of the Cadets. After a few orders the companies broke ranks and partook of the hospitalities of the camp. A platform had been arranged and a party of young ladies invited out to join in dancing. Japanese lanterns were suspended over the gay party, and the hours were danced away. The evening was a success and everybody returned to the city happy.

The Georgia Journalists.

BALTIMORE, July 28.—After spending Sunday in Washington, the Georgia journalists returned to Baltimore to-day and left for Gettysburg.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., July 28.—Forty-six members of the Georgia state editorial association reached here at noon to-day. They visited the battlefield, and left for Carlisle late in the afternoon.

The Laborer's Friend.

From the Memphis Scimitar.

Mr. Blaine pays the men who tug, toil, starve and die in his mines, 62½ cents per day, and still he is the glorious friend of labor.

THE DAY IN MACON.

THE DEATH OF ENGINEER FRYER FROM WOUNDS.

An Engine Runs off the Track—A Swell Hackman's Arrest—A Murder Late Last Night—The Military Manouvers—An Old Offender Arrested—Death of Mrs. Turner.

MACON, Ga., July 28.—[Special.]—Fryer, the young engineer who was struck on the head by Flournoy, as telegraphed Saturday, died Sunday morning at 6 o'clock of the blow.

Friday afternoon at about four o'clock, Mr. Robert Flournoy, the yardmaster of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, was standing in the cotton yard of the road, looking after the interests of the company. When Mr. H. C. Fryer, an engineer, pulled up with his train, in some way the cars on the track were so arranged that he could not get to the coal pit as he wanted to. He began to assail the yardmaster, when a war of words ensued and the lie was passed, whereupon Flournoy threw something at Fryer, but missed him. Fryer left his engine, and going to where Flournoy was, collared him. Both had knives open. Mr. H. T. Tarver, of the road, attempted to stop them but did not touch either. Flournoy passed his hand over Fryer's face, when he cut him in the left shoulder. Flournoy did not succeed in cutting him but stepped to a car and threw a coupling pin at him but missed. Fryer started towards Flournoy again but before he reached he turned and ran; when after running about forty yards Flournoy picked up a piece of iron and coal melted together, weighing about two pounds and threw it at him, striking him in the back of the head, and he fell on his face stunned.

Mr. Tarver rushed to pick him up, thinking he was dead, but he staggered to his feet and went at Flournoy with drawn knife. They were separated, and Flournoy walked off. Fryer was taken to his residence, on Hazel street, and his wounds examined. Dr. L. L. Johnson was called in, and he soon discovered his skull crushed by the blow. He called in Dr. Metteur, who decided that he was in a precarious condition.

Flournoy secured a buggy and horse and spent the next day in the country. After much suffering Fryer died yesterday morning.

A coroner's inquest was held, with Colonel J. J. Clay as foreman of the jury, and a thorough investigation held. The jury rendered a verdict that deceased came to his death by a blow inflicted by the hands of Robert Flournoy with a clinker.

The body was forwarded last night to Barnesville, the home of his wife's parents.

It was a touching scene to see the devoted little woman caressing her seven-year old child and sobbing as if her heart was breaking.

Flournoy returned to the city yesterday afternoon and gave himself up, but no action was taken in the matter.

To-day a warrant for murder was sworn out and he was arrested. He was carried before Judge Simmons, who placed him under a bond of $1,000 to answer.

The following gentlemen went on his bond: Messrs. J. A. Flournoy, Emory Winship, W. B. Chapman and G. M. Davis.

The deceased was formerly connected with the Macon and Western railroad, and has been connected with the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad for the past nine years, having gradually been promoted to the position of engineer. He married a Miss Wood, of Barnesville, and was living in the city. Mr. Flournoy has been the yardmaster of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad for the past year, and is regarded as a gentleman of high moral character, and has won the confidence of the road so much so that he will be retained in the service of it. The feeling about the affair is at a high pitch; the mechanics and laborers of the road think he is grossly at fault for striking a man who was running away, while his friends think he did as any other true man would have done under a like circumstance.

A Singular Run-Off.

AN ENGINE LEFT ALONE, JUMPS THE TRACK.

MACON, July 28.—[Special.]—This morning about seven o'clock, when the hostler, Mr. Sheriden, of engine twenty-seven, East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad had brought it out to pull out with the north bound seven o'clock train for Atlanta, he closed the throttle and left it standing below the depot. The steam gradually worked itself out and the throttle being on down motion, it started backward of its own volition when the tender reached the switch about fifty feet back, it was heavily loaded with coal and jumped the track, running about fifty feet, tearing and breaking it up badly. It finally stopped and the engine lay still, panting, an engineer rushed to it and closed the throttle. A crowd began to gather soon to witness the peculiar sight. A force of hands were sent for by Mr. Mitchell, master of train service, and it was placed in position. The north bound train was delayed a while on account of it.

A Walnut Street Robbery.

MR. S. JOSEPHSON ROBBED OF HIS WATCH AND CHAIN.

MACON, July 28.—[Special.]—Walnut street was paid a visit last night by burglars, and Mr. S. Josephson, the victim. A thief entered his rooms next to Mrs. Barnard's and succeeded in getting away with a handsome watch and chain valued at $100. He also secured some money and his pocket book.

A Counterfeit Bill.

A SWELL HACKMAN BEFORE THE UNITED STATES COURT ON ITS ACCOUNT.

MACON, July 28.—[Special.]—Friday last Officer Tom Bailey arrested Ed Seafort, a colored hackman for soliciting passengers on the platform of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad depot. He was carried to the barracks and fined ten dollars before the recorder. He paid six dollars and was to bring the other four in a stipulated time. He turned over the money to Mr. George Henry, the watchman, which was a five dollar note and some silver. When Mr. Henry looked at the five dollars during the morning he discovered it to be counterfeit, and told Seafort to make it good, giving him until this morning to do so. He failed, and was arrested by Officer Charles Mosely, who gave him a quiet berth in the barracks. He accused Jane Kendrick, a notorious woman, of giving it to him. She denied it and immediately had a warrant issued for him. The United States authorities took the matter in hand, and Seafort is on their tender mercies. He is a fancy hackman, and much indignation is expressed at his arrest by his friends, who regard him as a martyr.

The Colored Sensation.

ALL HANDS BOUND OVER BUT THE WOMEN.

MACON, July 28.—[Special.]—The case of the barber, Charles Brown, and the Pullman car porter, Searcy, telegraphed Saturday, was heard to-day before Judge Matt R. Freeman. The affair created much excitement on account of the prominence of the parties in colored society.

Brown waived an examination on the charge of adultery and was bound over in the sum of $200 for assault on Sercy. The latter waived examination in case of tresspass and was placed under bond in the sum of $150, and was also placed under bond of $200 on warrant for assault sworn out by Brown. Sercy's wife was dismissed.

The Volunteers' Sergeants

FORWARD THEIR PHOTOS TO MILWAUKEE.

MACON, July 28.—[Special.]—When the Macon Volunteers last year landed in Milwaukee they received a great ovation. One day they dined at the Soldiers' Home, after which, as they stood in position awaiting to take arms from the stacks, a carriage drove up in which were seated three young ladies dressed in the uniform of the Plantagenet brigade, who had come out as an honorary delegation to pay their respects. They pinned bouquets on the breasts of the brave Georgia boys, who in return showed their appreciation by their beaming countenances. The trip has been in the thoughts since of every member of the command and the little incident always mentioned.

Captain Carnes wrote to the young ladies for their photographs to adorn the walls of the new hall of the company, but they rather wished to have their faces enshrined in their thoughts rather than on the walls of the hall and requested that the company send their photos.

The sergeants, Messrs. Freeman, Simms, Subers, Brown, Butts and Juhan, had a fine group taken and forwarded to day. Mr. Azel Freeman received a letter from Miss Nelly F. Ellsworth, in behalf of the Plantagenet brigade, filled with sentiment of it to the reprentatives of the Volunteers.

Smaller Sayings

OF WHAT HAPPENED IN THE CITY YESTERDAY.

MACON, July 28.—[Special.]—To-day in recorder's court a negro named Wesley Mixon was arraigned for wife-beating and other charges. He was an old offender and had eluded the officers for several months. He was fined $30 or sixty days on the chaingang.

Mrs. Turner the estimable wife of ex-Manager W. H. Turner, of the Western Union Telegraph company, died here to-day of consumption. She had been an invalid some time.

The Southern telegraph company is establishing call bells in the prominent business houses to-day. The office will be formally opened on the first.

WYNTON.

JACKSON SPEAK

BEFORE A LARGE AUDIEN DEGIVE'S.

Captain Harry Jackson Speaks at DeGi House Before a Very Large and Enth Audience—He Reviews the Recor Colonel Hammond—His Histor

Caaptin Harry Jackson addressed a and enthusiastic audience at DeGive's o last night. Almost every seat in the h ccupied, only a few seats in the seco being vacant. It was a packed house, ences of such magnitude having ever there. The audience cheered lustily tain Jackson and the following gentlem upon the stage: Ex-State Senator Wils George Hillyer, Mr. Sam Inman, Mr. M Clarke, Mr. Mickleberry, Mayor Goodw C. Kiser, Colonel W. L. Heyward, Mr. C G. W. Haney, Mr. Benjamin Mr. J. J. Doonan an Huson, the latter of Henry county, an Henry R. Jackson, of Savannah, father Harry Jackson.

As soon as the cheering ceased Judg arose and in a few remarks introduced Jackson, who was received with the mo siastic cheers.

Representatives of five Jackson clubs the audience all wearing Jackson of blue ribbon and bearing the names of the Jackson delegates, T hundreds of these badges and as the cheered they seemed to show up on two the vast audience.

Captain Jackson began his address beautiful reference to the fact that he home, surrounded by his friends, amongst whom he had moved for eight If there was any merit in him known here and all his and shortcomings were likewise known ferred to the history of the campaign, that from the first he and his friends anxious that the county of Fulton shou which one of the three aspirants shoul forward, and he was willing to abide t Colonel Mynatt had been of the sam but not so with Colonel Ha He and his friends insiste Fulton should be last, hoping that the ot ties would go for him and that he would Fulton with such a strength that he cou resisted here. He reviewed the action of t house meeting on that subject. Colone mond was given a month in canvas this county before the

Captain Jackson reviewed the canvass showing that that county, which the Hen ty Weekly had claimed for Hammond a solid, had been carried by him after an ei canvass. He said he had tried there to voter and he would continue to try to one. He was going to th chine shops, foundries and stor see the mechanics, merchants, doct every other voter possible, and should they preferred Hammond he would have to find with them.

Captain Jackson discussed the record of Hammond at some length. In '61 he was general, and when the drums of war were soldiers to war that gentleman entered peaceful duties of that office. he was elected to the constitutional co and ext he was elected reporter of the court. That position he held until he wa attorney general, and in reference to pointment Captain Jackson had a few say. Colonel Hammond had said that Smith on his ascension to the guber office had offered him anythin wanted that was in his gift. Captain stated that he had secured the position of general for Colonel Hammond in order to a vacancy in the reporter's position that h secure it.

While attorney general Colonel Hamm elected to the convention of 1877, and Jackson said that constitution was one poorest that Georgia had ever had. elected to the legislature in 1878, and whi he was elected to congress under the opera the iniquitous two-thirds rule. He did n Fulton on his first election, and he has ne ried it from that day to this when met w proper opposition. Colonel Hammond ceived $36,000 of the people's money, what?

In 1881 he introduced a bill to make thr presidents.

Great cheering.

In 1882 he introduced a bill to establish a States court for the northern district of G and in such shape that Colonel Mynatt h suggest the amendment that was to right it.

Uproarous cheering.

He introduced several other bills for the relief of people, but none of them passed.

In 1883 he introduced a bill that Capt Jackson said if he had been Kamskatcha and had seen it he would have that Colonel Hammond introduced it. change the word "or" to the word "and." laughter.]

In the same year he introduced the sa bill to make three vice presidents.

In 1884 he introduced the same old bill He showed how the Trezevant claim h badly managed by Colonel Hammond, an of success.

He charged that on one occasion in when the south was charged with the use shot gun policy, Colonel Hammond had a it.

"There," said Captain Jackson, "did y the clarion voice of Benjamin Hill." [Grea ing.]

"Then you needed the power and en Robert Toombs." [Renewed cheering.]

"Then the courage of little Aleck Ste [Great cheering.]

He charged Colonel Hammond with a the tariff when it was out of season. He briefly to the failure to get the garrison h to the alleged Day swindle that Colonel Ha said he stopped. The property of Judah jamin was sold during the war government to Day, then given back after the war and Day claimed his mone the property was taken from him. What Day claim?

He referred to Colonel Hammond's over the law in Irwin's code, regulating the p tial vote by which the electoral vote of t was lost in 1880. He showed what a d thing that would have been if the nation had been close.

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THE DAY IN MACON.

THE DEATH OF ENGINEER FRYER FROM WOUNDS.

An Engine Runs off the Track—A Swell Hackman's Arrest--A Murder Late Last Night--The Military Manouvers--An Old Offender Arrested--Death of Mrs. Turner.

MACON, Ga., July 28.—[Special.]—Fryer, the young engineer who was struck on the head by Flournoy, as telegraphed Saturday, died Sunday morning at 6 o'clock of the blow.

Friday afternoon at about four o'clock, Mr. Robert Flournoy, the yardmaster of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, was standing in the cotton yard of the road, looking after the interests of the company. When Mr. H. C. Fryer, an engineer, pulled up with his train, in some way the cars on the track were so arranged that he could not get to the coal pit as he wanted to. He began to assail the yardmaster, when a war of words ensued and the lie was passed, whereupon Flournoy threw something at Fryer, but missed him. Fryer left his engine, and going to where Flournoy was, collared him. Both had knives open. Mr. H. T. Tarver, of the road, attempted to stop them but did not touch either. Flournoy passed his hand over Fryer's face, when he cut him in the left shoulder. Flournoy did not succeed in cutting him but stepped to a car and threw a coupling pin at him but missed. Fryer started towards Flournoy again but before he reached he turned and ran; when after running about forty yards Flournoy picked up a piece of iron and coal melted together, weighing about two pounds and threw it at him, striking him in the back of the head, and he fell on his face stunned.

Mr. Tarver rushed to pick him up, thinking he was dead, but he staggered to his feet and went at Flournoy with drawn knife. They were separated, and Flournoy walked off. Fryer was taken to his residence, on Hazel street, and his wounds examined. Dr. L. L. Johnson was called in, and he soon discovered his skull crushed by the blow. He called in Dr. Metteur, who decided that he was in a precarious condition.

Flournoy secured a buggy and horse and spent the next day in the country. After much suffering Fryer died yesterday morning.

A coroner's inquest was held, with Colonel J. J. Clay as foreman of the jury, and a thorough investigation held. The jury rendered a verdict that deceased came to his death by a blow inflicted by the hands of Robert Flournoy with a clinker.

The body was forwarded last night to Barnesville, the home of his wife's parents.

It was a touching scene to see the devoted little woman caressing her seven-year old child and sobbing as if her heart was breaking.

Flournoy returned to the city yesterday afternoon and gave himself up, but no action was taken in the matter.

To-day a warrant for murder was sworn out and he was arrested. He was carried before Judge Simmons, who placed him under a bond of $1,000 to answer.

The following gentlemen went on his bond: Messrs. J. A. Flournoy, Emory Winship, W. B. Chapman and G. M. Davis.

The deceased was formerly connected with the Macon and Western railroad, and has been connected with the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad for the past nine years, having gradually been promoted to the position of engineer. He married a Miss Wood, of Barnesville, and was living in the city. Mr. Flournoy has been the yardmaster of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad for the past year, and is regarded as a gentleman of high moral character, and has won the confidence of the road so much so that he will be retained in the service of it. The feeling about the affair is at a high pitch; the mechanics and laborers of the road think he is grossly at fault for striking a man who was running away, while his friends think he did as any other true man would have done under a like circumstance.

A Singular Run-Off.

AN ENGINE LEFT ALONE, JUMPS THE TRACK.

MACON, July 28.—[Special.]—This morning about seven o'clock, when the hostler, Mr. Sheridan, of engine twenty-seven, East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad had brought it out to pull out with the north bound seven o'clock train for Atlanta, he closed the throttle and left it standing below the depot. The steam gradually worked itself out and the throttle being on down motion, it started backward of its own volition when the tender reached the switch about fifty feet back, it was heavily loaded with coal and jumped the track, running about fifty feet, tearing and breaking it up badly. It finally stopped and the engine lay still, panting, an engineer rushed to it and closed the throttle. A crowd began to gather soon to witness the peculiar sight. A force of hands were sent for by Mr. Mitchell, master of train service, and it was placed in position. The north bound train was delayed a while on account of it.

A Walnut Street Robbery.

...S. JOSEPHSON ROBBED OF HIS WATCH AND CHAIN.

MACON, July 28.—[Special.]—Walnut street was paid a visit last night by burglars, and Mr. S. Josephson, the victim. A thief entered his rooms next to Mrs. Barnard's and succeeded in getting away with a handsome watch and chain valued at ... He also secured some money and his pocket book.

A Counterfeit Bill.

SWELL HACKMAN BEFORE THE UNITED STATES COURT ON ITS ACCOUNT.

MACON, July 28.—[Special.]—Friday last Officer ...m Bailey arrested Ed Seafort, a colored hackman for soliciting passengers on the platform of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad depot. He was carried to the barracks and fined ... dollars before the recorder. He paid six dollars and was to bring the other four in a stipulated time. He turned over the money to Mr. George Henry, the watchman, which was a five dollar note and some silver. When Mr. Henry looked at the five dollars during ... morning he discovered it to be counterfeit, ... told Seafort to make it good, giving him until this morning to do so. He failed, and was arrested by Officer Charles Mosely, who gave him a ...et berth in the barracks. He accused Jane ...ndrick, a notorious woman, of giving it to him. ... denied it and immediately had a warrant issued for him. The United States authorities took ... matter in hand, and Seafort is on their tender ... He is a fancy hackman, and much indignation is expressed at his arrest by his friends, ... regard him as a martyr.

The Colored Sensation.

...ALL HANDS BOUND OVER BUT THE WOMEN.

MACON, July 28.—[Special.]—The case of the ...er, Charles Brown, and the Pullman car porter ...Searcy, telegraphed Saturday, was heard to... before Judge Matt R. Freeman. The affair ...ed much excitement on account of the prominence of the parties in colored society. ...own waived an examination on the ...e of adultery and was bound over ... sum of $200 for assault on Searcy. The latter ...d examination in the case of trespass and was ...d under bond in the sum of $150, and was placed under bond of $200 on warrant for assault sworn out by Brown. Searcy's wife was discharged.

The Volunteers' Sergeants

...FORWARD THEIR PHOTOS TO MILWAUKEE.

...ON, July 28.—[Special.]—When the Macon ...teers last year landed in Milwaukee they ...ed a great ovation. One day they dined at ...Soldiers' Home, after which, as they stood in ... awaiting to take arms from the stacks, a ... drove up in which were seated three ladies dressed in the uniform of the ...genet brigade, who had come out as an honorary delegation to pay their respects. They ... bouquets on the breasts of the brave Georgians, who in return showed their appreciation ... beaming countenances. The trip has ... the thoughts since of every member of the ...and and the little incident always mentioned.

...in Carnes wrote to the young ladies for ...photographs to adorn the walls of the new ... the company, but they rather wished to ... their faces enshrined in their thoughts rather ... the walls of the hall and requested that ...mpany send their photos.

...ergeants, Messrs. Freeman, Simms, Subers, ...Butts and Juhan, had a fine group taken ... led to-day. Mr. Azel Freeman received ... Miss Nelly F. Ellsworth, in behalf of ...genet brigade, filled with sentiment of ... representatives of the Volunteers.

Smaller Sayings

...HAT HAPPENED IN THE CITY YESTERDAY.

..., July 28.—[Special.]—To-day in recorder's ... negro named Wesley Mixon was arraigned ... beating and other charges. He was an old ... and had eluded the officers for several ... He was fined $30 or sixty days on the ...ng.

...urner the estimable wife of ex-Manager ...urner, of the Western Union Telegraph ..., died here to-day of consumption. She ... an invalid some time.

...uthern telegraph company is establishing ... in the prominent business houses to-day, ...e will be formally opened on the first.

WYNTON.

JACKSON SPEAKS

BEFORE A LARGE AUDIENCE AT DEGIVE'S.

Captain Harry Jackson Speaks at DeGive's Opera House Before a Very Large and Enthusiastic Audience--He Reviews the Record of Colonel Hammond--His History.

Caaptin Harry Jackson addressed a very large and enthusiastic audience at DeGive's opera house last night. Almost every seat in the house was ccupied, only a few seats in the second gallery being vacant. It was a packed house, few audiences of such magnitude having ever assembled there. The audience cheered lustily when Captain Jackson and the following gentlemen walked upon the stage: Ex-State Senator Wilson, Judge George Hillyer, Mr. Sam Inman, Mr. Marshall J. Clarke, Mr. Mickleberry, Mayor Goodwin, Mr. M. C. Kiser, Colonel W. I. Heyward, Mr. Cohen, Mr. G. W. Haney, Mr. Benjamin McDuffey, Mr. J. J. Doonan and Dr. Huson, the latter of Henry county, and General Henry R. Jackson, of Savannah, father of Captain Harry Jackson.

As soon as the cheering ceased Judge Hillyer arose and in a few remarks introduced Captain Jackson, who was received with the most enthusiastic cheers.

Representatives of five Jackson clubs were in the audience all wearing Jackson badges of blue ribbon and bearing thereon the names of the Jackson delegates. There were hundreds of these badges and as the wearers cheered they seemed to show up on two-thirds of the vast audience.

Captain Jackson began his address by a very beautiful reference to the fact that he was in his home, surrounded by his friends, with those amongst whom he had moved for eighteen years. If there was any merit in him it was known here and all his demerits and shortcomings were likewise known. He referred to the history of the campaign, and said that from the first he and his friends had been anxious that the county of Fulton should decide which one of the three aspirants should be put forward, and he was willing to abide the result. Colonel Mynatt had been of the same mind; but not so with Colonel Hammond. He and his friends insisted that Fulton should be last, hoping that the other counties would go for him and that he would come to Fulton with such a strength that he could not be resisted here. He reviewed the action of the courthouse meeting on that subject. Colonel Hammond was given a month in which to canvas this county before the primary.

Captain Jackson reviewed the canvass in Henry showing that that county, which the Henry County Weekly had claimed for Hammond as almost solid, had been carried by him after an eight days canvass. He said he had tried there to see every voter and he would continue to try to see every one. He was going to the machine shops, foundries and stores and see the mechanics, merchants, doctors and every other voter possible, and should they say they preferred Hammond he would have no fault to find with them.

Captain Jackson discussed the record of Colonel Hammond at some length. In '61 he was solicitor general, and when the drums of war were calling soldiers to war that gentleman entered upon the peaceful duties of that office. In '65 he was elected to the constitutional convention, and ext he was elected reporter of the supreme court. That position he held until he was elected attorney general, and in reference to that appointment Captain Jackson had a few words to say. Colonel Hammond had said that Governor Smith on his ascension to the gubernatorial office had offered him anything he wanted that was in his gift. Captain Jackson stated that he had secured the position of attorney general for Colonel Hammond in order to open up a vacancy in the reporter's position that he might secure it.

While attorney general Colonel Hammond was elected to the convention of 1877, and Captain Jackson said that constitution was one of the poorest that Georgia had ever had. He was elected to the legislature in 1878, and while there he was elected to congress under the operations of the iniquitous two-thirds rule. He did not carry Fulton on his first election, and he has never carried it from that day to this when met with the proper opposition. Colonel Hammond has received $36,000 of the people's money, and for what?

In 1881 he introduced a bill to make three vice presidents.

Great cheering.

In 1882 he introduced a bill to establish a United States court for the northern district of Georgia, and in such shape that Colonel Mynatt had to suggest the amendment that was to right it.

Uproarous cheering.

He introduced several other bills for the relief of people, but none of them passed.

In 1883 he introduced a bill that Captain Jackson said if he had been in Kamskatcha and had seen it he would have known that Colonel Hammond introduced it. It was to change the word "or" to the word "and." [Much laughter.]

In the same year he introduced the same old bill to make three vice presidents.

In 1884 he introduced the same old bill again.

He showed how the Trezevant claim had been badly managed by Colonel Hammond, and failed of success.

He charged that on one occasion in a debate when the south was charged with the use of the shot gun policy, Colonel Hammond had admitted it.

"There," said Captain Jackson, "did you need the clarion voice of Benjamin Hill." [Great cheering.]

"Then you needed the power and energy of Robert Toombs." [Renewed cheering.]

"Then the courage of little Aleck Stephens." [Great cheering.]

He charged Colonel Hammond with agitating the tariff when it was out of season. He referred briefly to the failure to get the garrison here and to the alleged Day swindle that Colonel Hammond said he stopped. The property of Judah P. Benjamin was sold during the war by the government to Day, then given back to him after the war and Day claimed his money when the property was taken from him. What was the Day claim?

He referred to Colonel Hammond's oversight of the law in Irwin's code, regulating the presidential vote by which the electoral vote of the state was lost in 1880. He showed what a disastrous thing that would have been if the national race had been close.

As to his own record, Captain Jackson said that he entered the confederate army before he was sixteen, and with the exception of a few months service at Charleston and Savannah, he served during the whole war in Virginia. The war over, he went to Savannah, where he could obtain no employment except that of cleaning out the gas lamps of the city. With his little brother Davenport he walked from Savannah to Augusta, where he sold his overcoat for $7.50, and with the proceeds purchased a ticket to Athens There he found friends and relatives who welcomed him. Chief Justice Lumpkin invited him to join a law class then commencing its studies, without fee or reward, and thus he became a lawyer. As soon as he graduated at the law school he came to Atlanta and assisted in forming the young men's democratic club, which saved this portion of the state from radicalism in the great three days' election of 1870, he was at the polls before day and never went to bed nor took off his clothes until they closed. Where then was Hammond? Who saw him at the polls? When the ... came, and the whole white population of Atlanta rushed forward to assist the men who were making the fight against radicalism, where was he, sir. Hammond, who is now claiming your suffrages for a fourth term in congress. He considered it undignified and unbecoming a gentleman to assist in such work; and yet Jackson is now called an aristocrat.

Space does not permit a longer synopsis of Captain Jackson's speech. His record since is well-known to the people of Atlanta.

He concluded as follows:

I appeal to you, my fellow citizens, among whom I have lived and moved for the last eighteen years, and with whom I have worked for the building up of this great city of Atlanta, to rise in your might and to vindicate me from being a gambler, a drunkard, and a manufacturer of drunkards! I appeal to you to vindicate me from being a hypocrit and a briber of the honest voters of this country. I appeal to you my comrades in arms upon the battle-fields of Virginia and the west, the followers of Lee, Jackson and Johnson to vindicate me at the ballot box. I am now o trial before my countrymen, and as I have stood by them in the past, I ask them to stand by me now.

When we are all in the presence of the Great Judge above, when all human actions and human motives are understood, and my distinguished antagonist has had placed upon his brow a huge golden crown, and in his hands a huge golden harp, possibly some kind hearted angel may hand me a little crown and a little harp. And as the grand chorus of the redeemed of all ages sounds forth through heavens, possiblo I may be permitted to accompany, with my feeble notes, the deeper bass of my distinguished antagonist, Mr. Hammond.

The last words of Captain Jackson were drowned in a perfect storm of applause.

He was followed by his distinguished father, General Henry R. Jackson, of Savannah.

General Henry R. Jackson arose amidst repeated calls and much enthusiasm, and spoke as follows:

I rise, my friends, in response to your call; but not unembarrassed by a doubt as to whether it becomes me to do more than return my thanks for so cordial a greeting. If I am to address you at all, I must needs speak to the issues of the conflict which has brought you together. Those issues are painful because they are personal. Had the canvass been confined to their legitimate discussion, involving, as they do, the comparative fitness of the gentlemen whose names have been submitted to your consideration, undoubtedly, silence would be for me the better part. It is reasonable to suppose that the father will exaggerate the merits of his son. [Loud applause, mingled with cries of Hurrah for Jackson]. I claim no exemption from a common weakness; but when the fire of controversy, sweeping over the legitimate lines of fair discussion, seeks to devour the good name of a citizen who is soliciting, as he has a right to solicit, the support of his people, the entire world I, think, will agree that the father can becomingly raise his voice in defense of his son. [Applause.] If an angry word shall escape my lips to-night it will be hurled in purest defense alone.

I was amazed, of course I was saddened, when I heard that the name of my son, who in the early budding of his life had come to this city, in a manner consigned to my good friend, Major Crane, at a time when Atlanta, as compared with her present greatness, was a diminutive town, to earn by his daily toil his daily bread; who had identified his own young life with the young life of Atlanta, so rapidly and so completely; twining the tendrils of his young heart around her every interest, so proudly and so fondly; who, I was happy in being assured, had been prominently active in every development that could promote her welfare, or redound to her glory; [Renewed applause.] who was, with Mr. Darwin G. Jones, one of the founders—the first president, I believe—of the Young Men's Library association, called the "pet" institution of Atlanta. [Continued applause.] who had been active in the building up, sustaining and perfecting of her military companies; [Applause.] organizations not simply ornamental, but indispensable to social security; who had labored so unremittingly, by day and by night, as seemingly to have seriously impaired the strong constitution which God had given him; who came to my house, years ago, bearing, as I was alarmed to think upon his frame and his features the impress of some fatal disease, in an earnest effort to secure the votes, of the county of his birth, for the city of his love, to make her the permanent capital of the state; [Prolonged applause.] who recently had brought to bear all the energies of his impassioned nature upon the construction of a hall for the laboring youth of Atlanta, where they could resort, after the toils of the day were ended, for recreation; but to find, it neither at the gambling table nor in the use of intoxicating drink; [Applause.] I say I was perplexed and pained to hear that his name had been placed upon the criminal docket of this county for gambling, and that he had been seeking upon streams of alcohol to float himself into political position. Was this, then, to be the end of it all? And did he deserve it? Looking to the entire story of his life—all he had done, and all he had said—I ask of his people whether he deserved it? And by whom can this question be answered except by his own people? And how can his people now answer it except at the polls? But I pray that I be not misunderstood! I do not complain of the jury who indicted him, nor the solicitor who framed the indictment, nor the judge who pronounced the sentence; they were in the legitimate discharge of official duty. Had I been juror, solicitor or judge, I should have done precisely what they did. He had violated the law, and the law must be enforced, even to the letter, [Applause.] But the law has its spirit as well as its letter. The spirit is the substance, the letter is the form. Far better the spirit without the letter, than the letter without the spirit! Now, who had violated the letter, and who the spirit, of this law? Had betting at cards, condemnable, as it undoubtedly is, when made the habit of a life, been confined to the occasional amusement of a circle of friends in the privacy of home life; had it never been used as the means of building up public establishments, whither the idlers of the community might repair for the purpose of dissipation; where the public peace might be disturbed, and the perpetration of crime even might be encouraged, who does not know that the law against gambling would never have been placed upon the statute book? But, my son violated the letter of the law; and he has been made to pay the penalty. [Applause.]

Let us now determine who has violated the spirit of the law. That spirit assumes the this citizen, who brings a breach—and such a breach—of the public law to the notice of a grand inquest, will do it in the broad light of the day! Self-constituted vindicator of the public law, he makes himself a public minister of the law. He must be controlled in his action by a public and not a personal, by a pure and not a vicious motive. Now, who was the prosecutor in this case? Did the spirit of the law ever contemplate that he should enter the courtroom under a mask? And why did he wear it, if his motives were pure? Why do the work of that most contemptible of all cowards—that stabber in the dark at the character and happiness of others—the malignant writer of the bucket letter? In vain shall court or country summon such a prosecutor to the witness stand. He will never appear for his conscience tells him that he has violated the spirit, not simply of human, but of divine law. [Applause.]

Safe under his infamous mask from human justice, he cannot escape the chastisement of God. [Applause.] Has he a home? He knows he has befouled it. Has he a family? He knows that he has disgraced it. Does he dare to enter the sanctuary of God? He knows that he defilesit! Does he tread the common pavement? He cowers and he shrinks before the light of God that shines through every honest man's eyes! [Applause, mingled with shouts of hurrah for Jackson.] Again, I say, let him come forth! Let him emerge from the hole he has burrowed for himself in the blackness of the night! But he dare not. His conscience makes a coward of him.

"Skulking miscreant, hear my curse!"
Than what thou art, I could not wish thee worse.
Go, with thy kindred reptiles crawl and die!"

[Immense applause, and loud cries of hurrah! hurrah for Jackson! mingled with waving of hats.]

I have endeavored to educate my sons to the spirit and not to the letter, to the substance, and not to the form: to the heart, and not to the bark! [Applause.] I have labored to impress upon them that honesty; honesty in dealing with one's fellows; honesty in great things; honesty in small things: honesty in all things, is the supreme fruition of every true life. That this, at last, is the essence of the teachings of that Celestial Presence, at the thought of whose awful words, "before the world was I am," we, infinitesimals before the infinite, must ever drop, with palpitating hearts, upon trembling knees. [Great Applause.] That a man must surrender his honesty to no person, under no circumstances, for nothing; neither to his party, nor yet to his country! His country may demand from him his life, his limb, his property, but his honesty, never! never! [Prolonged applause]. That belongs to his God alone! and, like all of God's gifts, it is never fully appreciated until it be lost. Not all the wealth of all the Indias can compensate a man for the loss of his sight. Nor can all the combined thrones of all the world compensate a man for the loss of his honesty. [Applause].

I have endeavored to impress upon my sons that they should select useful occupations. Better be a professional lawyer than a professional gambler! Better be a merchant, better be a doctor, best of all, be the farmer who digs the soil, or the mechanic who blasts the rock, who hammer the iron, who saws the wood who wields the trowel, who drives the nail (applause), because they assimilate nearest to the master architect of all the architects; to the omnipotent mechanic of all the mechanics, to the eternal laborer who never weries and never sleeps—in that they give to each of us "his daily bread." [Applause]. The only true American crown must at last be worn by the true American laborer. But better be an honest professional gambler—aye! an honest professional gambler!—than a lying mechanic [applause], or a swindling merchant [applause], or a rascally lawyer [applause], or a venal politician [applause].

Now, I think I can claim before you to-nigh that my son is an honest man. [Loud applause, and Nay, further, that he is a good man [applause], and further still! that he has been a useful man. [Applause.] And I appeal again to the story of his life. Where is the man whom he has belied Where is the man he has ever defrauded? Whom of the weak has he oppressed? Whom of the humble has he affronted? When has he failed, at the bidding of his country, to offer his limb and his life in her service? [Applause.] What religion has he ever insulted? [A voice, none.] To what minister of God's gospel has he ever failed to lift his hat? [Applause.] When has he ever been wantonly cruel to man, to woman, to child, to horse, to dog, to bird, to any of God's living things? [Applause.] To be brave when assured of the right; to be loyal when assured of the truth; never to have truckled to the strong, "where thrift might follow fawning;" never to have trampled upon the weak, upon "the under dog in the fight." [Applause.] This, this my countrymen, is the only ancestry we can boast. [Loud applause.]

During the many years which have elapsed since the fast friends of my youth, nay, the fast friends of my entire life, my gallant Irish soldiers, by their drill, by their discipline, by their zealous devotion, made me the colonel of the First Georgia regiment in Mexico. [Applause.] I have never directly or indirectly solicited a vote for any political position. and I have held none, but now that my son is arraigned upon charges so unjust, before his people and the world. Now, from my very heart of hearts, I do ask every old comrade in arms, and every friend I have in this congressional district, to cast a vote in the vindication of his good name which is dearer to us both than life itself.

[Prolonged cheering and applause.

At the conclusion of General Jackson's speech, Mr. H. W. Grady was called for, and responded in a happy manner, after which the large crowd withdrew.

American Prisoners Released.

CITY OF MEXICO, VIA GALVESTON, July 28.—The American prisoners have been released. Secretary Frelinghuysen cabled to the Mexican government a request for their release. They say they were confined for five days in separate cells. When informed of their sentence for defaming the government they asserted that they were entirely innocent of the charge.

Buy your tickets for the Baseball game in the city and avoid the terrible rush at the gate.

A LOT OF WASTE PAPER.

CAUSES POSTOFFICE INSPECTOR MYLER TROUBLE.

He is Arrested on a Warrant Sworn Out by Inspector Crawford Charging Him With the Embezzlement of Moneys Received for the Sale of Waste Paper, Etc., Etc.

About 10 o'clock last night a big sensation was created at the customhouse by the arrest of Mr. Theodore Myler, the chief postoffice inspector of this division.

At the hour named Deputy Marshal Fitzsimmons entered the office of Mr. Myler and, introducing himself, handed Mr. Myler the warrant for his arrest. He read it calmly, and then, in company with Mr. Fitzsimmons, proceeded upstairs to the office of Commissioner Boyd, where Commissioner W. C. Smith was waiting. Commissioner Smith, after hearing a statement of the case, took a temporary bond of $2,000 for the appearance of Mr. Myler at 10 o'clock to-morrow. Mr. C. J. Weinmeister went on the bond.

This is an exceedingly interesting case, as Mr. Myler holds one of the most important offices in the customhouse building. His duties cover looking after postal depredations by himself and subordinates in several states, and his position is the same as that occupied by Captain John Frey some time ago.

The warrant was sworn out by Postoffice Inspector W. F. Crawford, and it charges Mr. Myler with embezzlement of government funds while acting in the official capacity of assistant postmaster in the Atlanta office. It will be remembered that when Postmaster Conley was displaced Mr. B. H. Camp and Mr. Myler came here and took charge, holding the positions of acting postmaster and assistant from August 26th last to the middle of February. Mr. Myler as assistant was the financial man of the office.

It is charged that he failed to make returns of funds which came into his possession for the sale of dead newspapers, waste paper, twine, etc., which under the law is the property of the government and the sale of which is to be made as much a matter of record and return as is the sale of stamps. It is said that the returns rendered to the department coupled with certain evidence obtained here show plain evidences of fraud. The defalcation that is charged is for about $125 worth of paper. He is also charged with the embezzlement of stamps and stamped envelopes and postal cards that were turned over to Conley and were mislaid and forgotten by him. These stamps had been turned in by a postmaster at a little office that had been discontinued and had been put in the back of a desk by Governor Conley and forgotten. They were found, so it is charged, by Mr. Myler and were turned over to him and due credit given by Postmaster Wilson.

Mr. Myler denies that he was assistant postmaster or that he had anything to do with the financial management of the office.

It is understood that Inspector Crawford has been in Washington and has obtained copies of the original reports as made out by Mr. Myler. A CONSTITUTION man called on Mr. Crawford last night to make inquiries about the case. The inspector stated that he could not give any information for publication. When pressed he admitted that he had caused the arrest of Mr. Myler. He said it was an unpleasant duty to perform, but he had to take notice of these things that were brought to his attention.

Mr. Emory Speer will prosecute the case.

Mr. Myler was, at eleven o'clock last night, comfortably seated in the office of the postoffice inspecter. A CONSTITUTION reporter, who found him there, asked if he had anything to say in reference to his case.

"Not a word," was his reply.

The trial tomorrow will develop much interest.

WHO IS HE?

A Correspondent Whose Existence Seems to be a Myth.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Within the past few days efforts have been made by volunteer correspondents to make it appear that the president had selected W. F. Holderman, of Illinois, for commissioner of the newly created bureau of labor statistics. A telegram signed "W. H. Cook" was sent from here to several prominent newspapers on Saturday, at the sender's expense, stating that the president had made such selection, and to-day other despatches making similar announcement in connection with the statement that the convention of federation of trade and labor unions of the United States and Canada would be held at Chicago on October 7th, were sent from this city to various newspapers signed "George W. Smith." Postal cards conveying the same information were also delivered at the office of the special correspondents of the prominent journals. In these despatches and cards, M. F. Holderman is set down as the Washington representative of the Ameriban News exchange. Many inquiries have been received by the press association and correspondents here, as to who Holdermen is, and what sort of concern is the American News exchange, but no one knows anything of either. Holdeman's name does not appear in the list of accredited representatives of the press in the congressional directory, and at the white house it is not only denied that the president has selected a person of that name for the vacant commissionership, but it is said that nothing whatever is known there of such person.

Don't mind the weather. The match game, "Stars-Athletics," will be called unless it is raining hard at 4 o'clock. Perfect shelter, rolled ground.

COL. HAMMOND

Will address his fellow-citizens to-night at Kelly, Rosser & Co.'s warehouse, corner of Hunter and Forsyth streets, at 8:30 o'clock. Every democrat is invited to attend. The speaking will be upon timely topics to the voters. There will be ample lights and seats. The opera house could not be had for this meeting because it has been engaged by Captain Jackson.

OUT OF MONEY IN CUBA.

A Military Company and a Ship's Crew Out of Money and Credit.

NEW YORK, July 28.—From a correspondent writing at Havana, under date of the 24th instant, we have received the following:

The regular troops quartered at Puerto Principe, not having been paid in a long time, and credit being refused them, went to the stores and forcibly supplied themselves with provisions. The fact having been telegraphed to the captain general, he sent for the director general of the treasury, who declared that the only disposable money of the government on the island was $30,000 at Villa Clara, which was at once ordered by telegaph to Havana, and thence remitted to Puerto Prinicipe.

The Spanish war steamer Conception received on the 1st inst. from Madrid its sailing orders, but there being no funds to pay the crew, she could not leave. Meanwhile the crew is dying of yellow fever. Up to-day 16 men have fallen victims, among them two midshipmen, one of whom was a nephew of General Beaumont.

The director general of the treasury asked a well-know banker, T. M. Borges, for a loan of $100,000, and was refused.

Don't mind the weather. The match game, "Stars-Athletics," will be called unless it is raining hard at 4 o'clock. Perfect shelter, rolled ground.

COL. HAMMOND

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COLONEL HAMMOND TO-NIGHT.

Speaking by Colonel N. J. Hammond and Others at the Rink.

Colonel N. J. Hammond, in view of to-morrow's primary election for congressional delegates, will address his constituents to-night at 8:30 o'clock, at Kelly, Rosser & Co.'s warehouse, where the seats are plenty, the room ample and the electric lights are aglow. The democrats of the city are invited to come out and hear what is to be said. There will be entertaining and spirited addresses by other persons friendly to the nomination of Colonel Hammond.

The Competitive Drill.

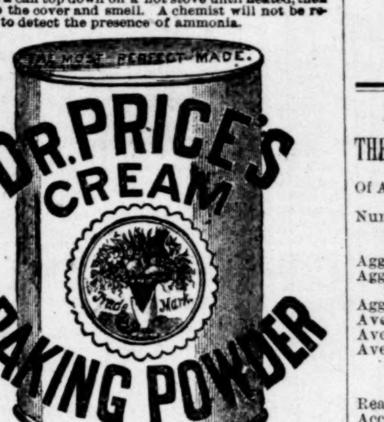
COLUMBUS, Ga., July 28.—[Special.]—In the prize drill of the colored military this evening, the first prize, $150, was won by the Columbus Volunteers; the second prize, $100, was won by the Fulton Guards, and the third, $50, by the Governor's Volunteers, of Atlanta.

TEST YOUR BAKING POWDER TO-DAY!

Brands advertised as absolutely pure CONTAIN AMMONIA.

THE TEST:

Place a can top down on a hot stove until heated, then remove the cover and smell. A chemist will not be required to detect the presence of ammonia.



DOES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA.

ITS HEALTHFULNESS HAS NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED.

In a million homes for a quarter of a century it has stood the consumers' reliable test.

THE TEST OF THE OVEN.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,

MAKERS OF

Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts,

The strongest, most delicious and natural flavor known, and

Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems

For Light, Healthy Bread, The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.

FOR SALE BY GROCERS.

CHICAGO. - ST. LOUIS

"People learn wisdom by experience,"

If you are difficult to fit, don't take our word for it, but find some like person who wears "the HANAN" shoe. He will tell you "the HANAN" is a combination of style, comfort, fair price, and honest service. That a perfect fit is always to be had and after years of suffering he is indebted to Hanan & Son for joy, peace, and happiness. "Profit by experience," and wear "the HANAN" shoe.

McKELDIN & CARLTON,

35 Peachtree Street.

Sole Agents for Atlanta.

COL. HAMMOND

TO-NIGHT.

Hon. N. J. Hammond will address his fellow-citizens

To-Night at

Kelly, Rosser & Co.'s Warehouse,

CORNER OF

Hunter and Forsyth Sts.,

At 8:30 o'clock. Everybody invited to come and hear

THE FACTS AND THE TRUTH.

The Opera House could not be had for this occasion, as it has been engaged by Captain Jackson. Plenty of seats and lights.

AMUSEMENTS.

"ATHLETIC" PARK!

Corner West Peachtree and North Avenue.)

THIRD GAME OF THE

BASE BALL SEASON!

THE "ATHLETICS," of Atlanta.

THE "STARS," of Columbus.

Tuesday Afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The champions of the south, with a record of 33 games won and two games lost.

Admission to Grand Stand 25 cents.

Ladies with escorts admitted free.

SOLAR TIP SHOES

Are the CHEAPEST and BEST for CHILDREN. None genuine without trade-mark and "JOHN MUNDELL & Co." on sole of each pair. FIT PERFECTLY, Look Nice, Give Comfort, Outwear others The 1200 Boys in Girard College, Philadelphia, all WEAR THEM, and their Guardians will have NO OTHER MAKE. GIVE SOLAR TIP SHOES A TRIAL. Sold by all reputable dealers.

WATCHES.

Our Watches are Unexcelled for Accuracy,

DURABILITY AND ELEGANCE.

Large Stock and Prices to Suit all.

J. P. STEVENS & CO.

BOYD & BAXTER,

WHOLESALE FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS.

Atlanta Furniture Factory

Nos. 533 and 535 MARIETTA STREET,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CONDITION OF

THE GEORGIA LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY,

Of Americus, Ga., at close of business June 30, 1884.

Number Loans made on real estate security, first mortgages, during six months ending June 30, 1884	99
Aggregate number of acres mortgaged	34,436¾
Aggregate value of acres mortgaged	$288,290 00
Aggregate amount loaned	64,750 00
Average amount of each loan	654 00
Average amount loaned per acre	1 88
Average number of times appraised value of security exceeds amount loaned	4.45

RESOURCES.

Real Estate Loans	$20,875 00
Accrued Interest	505 50
Due from Banks	2,260 54
Due from individuals	1,926 00
Special Premium	15,000 00
Expenses paid	2,064 92
Cash on hand	183 30
	$42,815 26

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$35,000 00
Interest and Commissions	4,898 16
Profits (undivided)	2,917 10
	$42,815 26

GEORGIA, SUMTER COUNUY.

Personally appeared before me, A. L. Rees, a Notary Public, in and for Sumter county, Georgia, O. A. Coleman, Secretary and Treasurer, of The Georgia Loan and Trust Company, of Americus, Ga., who, on oath, says that the above statement of the condition of said company at the close of business June 30, 1884, is true, to the best of his knowledge and belief. O. A. COLEMAN.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 26th day of July, 1884. A. L. REES,

Notary Public, Sumter County, Ga.

FOR SALE.

AN UNEQUALED

Winter & Summer Hotel.

THE UPLANDS!

EASTMAN, GEORGIA.

TO CLOSE OUT AN ESTATE, THIS HOTEL IS now offered for sale at a very low price. It is first-class in all its appointments. Its furniture, for parlors, bedrooms and diningroom, as well as cooking and washrooms, is of the latest and best. It has a large area of ground, situated in the healthy "pine belt" of middle Georgia, with the finest pure freestone water in abundance. It has nearly 100 rooms, large parlor, diningroom and reception hall; also, wide verandas and cosy balconies.

Its cost was more than $70,000. Price $25,000. Terms $5,000 cash and balance on easy terms. A liberal discount will be made for all cash payments. Apply to

R. K. HINES,
Macon, Ga.,
Counsel for estate of Wm. E. Dodge.

Allen N. Sexton, Esq., of Eastman, Ga., will show the property to any one desiring to purchase.

MELONS.

Good Prices. Prompt Returns.

PAUL NIPPE & CO.,

152 S. Water St., CHICAGO, ILL.

WE ARE HANDLING EXTENSIVELY MELONS during the season and would be pleased to correspond with shippers.

We refer to our Bankers:
National Bank of Illinois, Chicago.
Bank of Sheboygan, Sheboygan, Wisconsin.
Union Banking Co., St. Joe, Mich.
German Bank, Sheboygan, Wis.

DISEASES OF THE BLADDER AND KIDNEYS have always been potent factors in the reaping of Death's harvest. No matter of what nature or how long standing these complaints may be, sure and speedy relief is offered in

Smith's Extract of Mayflower.

The many cures effected by this remedy have gained for it a world-wide popularity. None need suffer, save those who refuse to be relieved. If you would know just exactly what is meant by the term BRIGHT'S DISEASE, and how to cure it, inclose a two cent stamp with your address to

S. B. SMITH & BRO., Covington, Ky.

Notice to R. R. Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of Baylor & Baylor, No. 7 N. Broad street, Atlanta, Georgia, until noon August 13th, 1884, for the GRADUATION, MASONRY and TRESTLING of 2¼ miles of railroad for the Georgia Marble company, from Tate Station, on the Marietta and North Georgia railroad to their marble quarries in Pickens county, Georgia.

Each proposal must be accompanied by an accepted bank check for one hundred ($100) dollars, made payable to the Georgia Marble company, which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into the contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. If the proposal be not accepted the check will be returned.

Plans, profile and specifications may be seen at No. 7, North Broad street, Atlanta, Georgia.

The company reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

BAYLOR & BAYLOR,
Engineers.

H. C. CLEMENT,
President.

SMITH'S

Extract of May Flower

FOR WOMEN.

MAUPIN'S UNIVERSITY SCHOOL.

ELLICOTT CITY, MD.

SESSION OPENS SEPT. 16. For Circulars address, CHAPMAN MAUPIN, M. A., Principal.

july27 su th

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY IN BUYING

CLOTHING

AND

FURNISHING GOODS

It will pay you to inspect my stock of

Business & Dress Suits,

EXTRA PANTS,

ALPACA, SICILLIAN AND SEERSUCKER COATS

AND WHITE VESTS.

FANCY HALF HOSE,

NECKWEAR

Collars, Cuffs, Shirts, Etc.

ALL WILL BE SOLD AT LOW FIGURES.

A. B. ANDREWS,

NO. 16 WHITEHALL STREET.

Georgia Pacific Railway

LOCALTIME TABLE.

THROUGH SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JULY 27th, 1884.

WESTWARD. (Central Standard Time.)	No. 1. NOrle'ns Express, Daily.	No. 2 Accom'n
Lv. Atlanta, Union Depot	7.05 a m	5.15 p m
*Howell, Ga	7.23 a m	5.34 p m
*Peyton, Ga	7.33 a m	5.50 p m
Chattahoochee, Ga	7.36 a m	5.54 p m
*Concord, Ga	7.46 a m	6.10 p m
Mableton, Ga	7.52 a m	6.30 p m
Austell, Ga	8.00 a m	6.44 p m
Salt Springs, Ga	8.08 a m	7.10 p m
Douglasville, Ga	8.22 a m	7.35 p m
Winston, Ga	8.36 a m	7.57 p m
Villa Rica, Ga	8.53 a m	8.21 p m
Temple, Ga	9.11 a m	8.54 p m
Bremen, Ga	9.35 a m	8.51 p m
Tallapoosa, Ga	10.00 a m	9.30 p m
Muscadine, Ala	10.18 a m	10.10p m
Edwardsville, Ala	10.38 a m	10.37 p m
Heflin, Ala	10.56 a m	11.07 p m
Davisville, Ala	11.10 a m	11.46 p m
Choccolocco, Ala	11.18 a m	12.13 a m
DeArmanville, Ala	11.28 a m	12.27 a m
Oxford, Ala	11.42 a m	12.47 a m
*Oxanna, Ala	12.00 a m	12.53 a m
Anniston, Ala	12.10 p m	1.00 a m
*Berclair, Ala	12.25 p m	1.38 a m
Eastaboga, Ala	12.35 p m	1.52 a m
Lincoln, Ala	12.45 p m	2.16 a m
Riverside, Ala	1.02 p m	2.36 a m
Seddon, Ala	1.16 p m	2.44 a m
Eden, Ala	1.23 p m	3.04 a m
*Cook's Springs, Ala	1.53 p m	3.28 a m
*Bromton, Ala	2.08 p m	3.52 a m
Leeds, Ala	2.17 p m	4.08 a m
*Irondale, Ala	2.45 p m	4.52 a m
Ar. Birmingham	3.00 p m	5.15 a m
Lv. Birmingham, A. G. S.	3.20 p m	....
Ar. Meridian	10.20 p m	....
New Orleans	6.00 a m	....
Jackson	3.30 a m	....
Vicksburg	5.00 a m	....

EASTWARD.	No. 2. Atlanta Express, Daily.	No. 4. Accom'n Daily.
Lv. Vicksburg	8.00 p m	....
Jackson	10.35 p m	....
New Orleans	10.00 p m	....
Meridian	5.20 a m	....
Ar. Birmingham	12.20 p m	....
Lv. Birmingham	12.35 p m	6.00 p m
*Irondale, Ala	12.50 p m	6.25 p m
Leeds, Ala	1.20 p m	7.15 p m
*Bromton, Ala	1.30 p m	7.31 p m
*Cook's Springs, Ala	1.52 p m	7.58 p m
Eden, Ala	2.08 p m	8.58 p m
Seddon, Ala	2.20 p m	8.48 p m
Riverside, Ala	2.25 p m	8.57 p m
Lincoln, Ala	2.28 p m	9.18 a m
Eastaboga, Ala	2.53 p m	9.45 a m
*Berclair, Ala	3.02 p m	10.00 a m
Anniston, Ala	3.30 p m	10.45 a m
*Oxanna, Ala	3.50 p m	10.49 a m
Oxford, Ala	3.54 p m	10.56 a m
DeArmanville, Ala	4.05 p m	11.20 a m
Choccolocco, Ala	4.13 p m	11.35 a m
Davisville, Ala	4.20 p m	12.00 a m
Heflin, Ala	4.38 p m	12.25 a m
Edwardsville, Ala	4.49 p m	12.25 a m
Muscadine, Ala	5.05 p m	12.55 a m
Tallapoosa, Ga	5.20 p m	1.30 a m
Bremen, Ga	5.43 p m	2.00 a m
Temple, Ga	6.04 p m	2.42 a m
Villa Rica, Ga	6.20 p m	3.21 a m
Winston, Ga	6.35 p m	3.53 a m
Douglasville, Ga	6.48 p m	4.20 am
Salt Springs, Ga	7.02 p m	4.43 a m
Austell, Ga	7.10 p m	5.20 a m
Mableton, Ga	7.17 p m	5.35 a m
*Concord, Ga	7.23 p m	5.48 a m
Chattahoochee	7.32 p m	6.06 a m
*Peyton, Ga	7.35 p m	6.10 a m
*Howell, Ga	7.43 p m	6.26 a m
Ar. Atlanta, Union Depot	8.00 p m	6.45 a m

*Flag Stations.

CONNECTIONS.

WESTWARD—Connect at Oxanna with E. T., V. & Ga. R. R., and at Birmingham with C. N. O. and T. P. and L. & N.

EASTWARD—Connect at Atlanta with R. & D., Ga. R. R., Cent. R. R. of Ga., E. T., Va. & Ga., W. & A. and A. & W. P. R. R.

L. S. BROWN, G. F. and P. A.

I. Y. SAGE, Gen. Supt.

O. A. SMITH

MANUFACTURER OF

Sulphuric Acid

66 Deg. Oil Vitriol,

AND OTHER CHEMICALS.

Office, 15 N. Forsyth, corner Walton, Atlanta, Ga

—ALSO,—

DISTILLER OF COAL TAR.

Manufacturer of

Roofing and Paving Materials,

Tarred Roofing and Sheathing Felts.

PERFECTION BRAND OF

READY ROOFING

Ordinary 2 and 3-Ply Roofing,

ROOF COATINGS, VARNISH, Etc.

No. 15 Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED.

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN

BROKER AND DEALER IN

STOCKS AND BONDS,

OFFICE

6 City National Bank Building.

(Pryor Street Entrance.)

BANK

OF THE

STATE OF GEORGIA.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CASH CAPITAL.....$100,000.00
SURPLUS FUND.....60,000.00

STOCKHOLDERS (with unincumbered property worth over a million dollars) Individually liable.

W. H. PATTERSON,

Bond and Stock Broker

24 PRYOR STREET,

JACKSON BUILDING.

WANTED.

Georgia Railroad stock.
Southwestern Railroad Stock.
Atlanta and West Point Railroad Stock.
State of Georgia Bonds.
Atlanta 8 per cent Bonds.
C. C. & A. Railroad Bonds.

FOR SALE.

Georgia Railroad Bonds.
Central Railroad Debentures.
Atlanta and West Point Debentures.
Atlanta Gas Light Co Stock.
Atlanta Street Railroad Stock.
Georgia Pacific Railroad Bonds.

CLARKE, HARRISON & CO.,

BROKERS IN

Cotton, Produce, Stocks & Bonds

No. 9 and 11 N. Broad Street,

ATLANTA.....GEORGIA.

THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF COTTON, Grain, Provisions, Petroleum and Coffee, for future delivery on margins, in the New York Exchanges and on the Chicago Board of Trade a Specialty.

ALSO BUY AND SELL STOCKS & BONDS.

Daily market quotations furnished on application.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, July 28, 1884.

Market very dull and almost nothing doing in bonds and stocks.

New York exchange buying at par; selling at $1.50 ₩ 1,000 premium.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Ga. 6s	102	104	Atlanta 7s, 1899	102	105
Ga. 7s, 1886	101	103	Atlanta 6s (L.D.)	100	102
Ga. 7s gold	109	112	Atlanta 6s (S.D.)	96	100
Ga. 7s, 1896	116	119	Atlanta 5s	80	82
S.C.(Brown)	100	102	Augusta 7s	102	104
Savannah 5s.	79	81	Augusta 6s	98	100
Atl'ta 8s1902	110	114	Macon 6s	98	100
Atl'ta 8s1892	105	108	Columbus 5s	79	81
Atl'ta 7s1904	103	106			

ATLANTA BANK STOCK.

Atlanta Na'l	150	170	B'k State of Ga.	100	110
M'ch'ts B'k	100	102	Gate City Nat.	100	105

RAILROAD BONDS.

Ga. R. 6s1897	99	101	Atlanta & Char. inc	70	75
Ga. R. 6s1910	100	102	M. & Aug. ind.	97	105
Ga. R. 6s1922	100	103	W. R. of Ala, 1st	104	106
Cen. R. 7s1893	106	109	do. 2d	106	108
C. C. & A. 1st	100	103	Ga. Pac. ind.	85	85
At. & Char. 1st	101	103			

RAILROAD STOCKS.

Georgia	142	145	Central debent	85	87
At. & Char.	62	65	Aug. & Sav.	116	118
Southwe'tern	108	110	A. & W. P.	87	90
South C'lina.	20	25	do. debent.	89	92
Central	67	69	C., C. & A.	15	18

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported in the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, July 28—Speculation at the stock exchange opened weak and prices declined ¼ to 1¼ per cent. New York Central, Northwest, St. Paul, Lackawanna, Lake Shore and Missouri Pacific were the weakest shares. Before 11:15 a. m. there was a sharp rally and an advance of ¼ to 1⅞ per cent took place. During the remainder of the day the tendency was towards lower figures, and it was the general impression that the bulls encouraged the reaction, as the market had advanced too rapidly within the past week. The reaction ranged from 1 to 3⅜ per cent. Missouri Pacific fell off 3⅜ per cent; Canada Southern 2; Northwest 2¼; St. Paul 2¾; Lackawanna 3⅛; Lake Shore 2⅛; Michigan Central 2⅛; New Jersey Central 1¼; New York Central 1⅛; Northern Pacific 1¼; Northern Pacific preferred 2½; Pacific Mail 1¼; Texas Pacific 1⅝; Union Pacific 2¾; Western Union 2⅜. Late in the day a small bear failure was announced and prices rallied ¼ to ⅛ per cent. The market closed steady. Compared with Saturday's closing, prices are ⅛ to 3⅜ per cent lower. Sales 283,000 shares.

Exchange 482. Money 1½. Sub-treasury balances: Coin $121,703,000; currency $9,318,000. Governments firm; 4s 120¼; 3s 100⅛. State bonds dull.

Class A 2 to 5	80	Mobile & Ohio	9
do. Class B 5s	†98	N. & C.	41½
Ga. 6s	†100	N. O. Pac firsts	52
Ga. 7s mortgage	102	N. Y. Central	108¾
North Carolinas	†29	Norfolk & W'n pre.	26
do. new	†18	Northern Pac.	20¼
do. funding	†10	do. preferred	49½
S. C. con. Brown	103	Pacific Mail	44¾
Tennessee 6s	40¼	Reading	27½
Virginia 6s	†35	Rich. & Allegheny.	2½
Virginia consols	†34	Richmond & Dan.	37
Chesap'ke & Ohio	7¾	Rich. & W. P. Ter'l.	17
Chicago & N. W.	97¾	Rock Island	113½
do. preferred	130	St. Paul	79¾
Den & Rio Grande	10¼	do. preferred	108
Erie	15	Texas Pacific	10¾
East Tenn. R. R.	4¼	Union Pacific	41¼
Lake Shore	81	Wab. St. L. & Pac.	6
L. & N.	31¾	do. preferred	13¾
Memphis & Char.	29	Western Union	59⅝
†Bid. ‡Ex-dividend		*Offered §Asked	

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, July 28, 1884.

New York—The cotton market opened and continued dull throughout the day. The opening and closing quotations were about the same though some lower than Saturday's close. Spots, middling 11c.

Net receipts for two days 1,651 bales, against 1,916 bales last year; exports 5,945 bales; last year 9,707 bales; stock 235,647 bales; last year 321,590 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York to-day:

OPENED.		CLOSED.	
July	11.00@	July	11.03@11.05
August	11.05@11.09	August	11.03@11.05
September	11.03@	September	10.97@10.98
October	10.71@	October	10.67@10.68
November	10.55@10.57	November	10.54@10.55
December	10.56@10.58	December	10.55@10.56
January	10.67@	January	10.64@10.65
February	10.79@	February	10.77@10.78

Closed barely steady; sales 26,000 bales.

Liverpool—Futures closed quiet and steady. Spots—Uplands 6¼d; Orleans 6 7-16d; sales 10,000 bales, of which 7,200 bales were American; receipts 8,000; American 5,400.

Local—Cotton quiet at quotations: Good middling 11c; middling 10¾@10⅞c; strict low middling 10⅝c; low middling 10½c; strict good ordinary 10⅛c; tinges 11⅛c; stains 9@9⅛c.

NEW YORK, July 28—The Post's cotton market report says: Future deliveries were in extremely limited demand, but as there are no pressing sales the price was kept up better than was expected. At the third call July brought 11.07, February 10.80; August was sold at 11.07, September 11.00, October 10.70, November 10.56, December 10.57, January 10.67, March 10.91, April 11.04. Futures closed quiet and easy 5@3-100 lower than last Saturday.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, July 28—Cotton steady and in fair demand; middling uplands 6¼; middling Orleans 6 7-16; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 8,000; American 5,400; uplands low middling clause July and August delivery 6 17-64; August and September delivery 6 17-64; September and October delivery 6 17-64; October and November delivery 6 6-64; November and December delivery 6 2-64; futures opened dull and steady.

LIVERPOOL, July 28—2:00 p.m.—Sales of American 7,200 bales; uplands low middling clause July delivery 6 19-64, sellers; July and August delivery 6 17-64, sellers; August and September delivery 6 17-64, sellers; September and October delivery 6 17-64, buyers; October and November delivery 6 6-64 buyers; November and December delivery 6 2-64, sellers; December and January delivery 6 1-64, value; September delivery 6 20-64, sellers; futures quiet and steady.

LIVERPOOL, July 28—4:00 p.m.—Uplands low middling clause July delivery 6 17-64, sellers; July and August delivery 6 17-64, sellers; August and September delivery 6 17-64, sellers; September and October delivery 6 17-64, sellers; October and November delivery 6 6-64, sellers; November and December delivery 6 2 64, sellers; December and January delivery 6 1-64, sell; September delivery 6 20-64, sellers; futures closed quiet and steady.

NEW YORK, July 28—Cotton quiet but firm; sales 620 bales; middling uplands 11; middling Orleans 11¼; net receips none; gross 56; consolidated net receipts 541; exports to Great Britain to continent 1,412.

GALVESTON, July 28—Cotton nominal; middling 10¾; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; stock 1,584; exports coastwise 8.

NORFOLK, July 28—Cotton steady; middling 10¾; net receipts none bales; gross none; stock 1,906; sales none.

WILMINGTON, July 28—Cotton steady; middling 10¾; net receipts 2 bales; gross 2; sales none; stock 781.

SAVANNAH, July 28—Cotton quiet; middling 10¾; net receipts 1 bales; gross 1; sales none; stock 335.

NEW ORLEANS, July 28—Cotton quiet; middling 10¾; net receipts 161 bales; gross 161; sales 200; stock 37,549.

MOBILE, July 28—Cotton dull; middling 10⅝; net receipts 7 bales; gross 7; sales 100; stock 3,669; exports coastwise 2.

MEMPHIS, July 28—Cotton dull; middling 11; net receipts 81 bales; shipments 722; sales 150; stock 8,702; sales to spinners —.

AUGUSTA, July 28—Cotton dull and nominal; middling 10¾; net receipts 3 bales; shipments —; sales 136.

CHARLESTON, July 28—Cotton nominal; middling 11; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; stock 1,356.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movements in Grain and Produce.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

CHICAGO, July 28—Wheat was spoken of as legitimate, and the demand gave to-day's market a good deal of strength. It applied more particularly to the leading grain. There is a large short interest in both lard and ribs, and efforts are being made to cover these markets up. Wheat opened firm at an advance of ½c over Saturday, the remarkably buoyant stock market of that day having more or less effect on the opening prices. Later the course of values was almost constantly upward until an advance of 1⅜c had been recorded, when the demand fell off and ⅜c of the improvement was lost. New York telegrams indicated an active desire to purchase on shipping account, which brought out a large line of speculative purchasers here. The closing was steady at ¾@1c above opening prices. Cash wheat was quotable at 84@84¼c, but was entirely nominal. Corn moved up as wheat did, being largely governed by it. Trading was on a rather small scale, but the market was firm. The talk is that August is cornered. The advance to-day was ¾c. Oats felt more or less the sympathetic strength from other grains, and ruled firm with an advance of ¼c well sustained.

Provisions were inclined to be irregular, advancing sharply under a suspicion of short covering, and as quickly reacting, when the demand was withdrawn. The general feeling, however, was firm and steady.

On the afternoon board wheat was about steady, closing at 84⅛c for August, 85⅞ for September and 87 for October. Corn was easier and lower, closing at 55⅛c for August, 55⅛c for September, 54½c for October and 44¾ for all the year. Oats were a shade easier, closing at 30½c for July, 27¾c for August, 27c for September, 26½c for all the year and 30c for May.

Pork was entirely nominal at $24.00 for August, $18.00 for September and $11.90 for all the year. Lard was a shade firmer at $7.17½ for August, $7.32½ for September and $7.42½ for October.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, July 28, 1884.

The following quotations indicate the fluctuations on the Chicago board of trade to-day:

WHEAT.

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
August	83¾	84½	83⅝	84⅛
September	85	86⅛	85	85⅞

CLEAR RIB SIDES.

August	7 80	8 10	7 80	8 02½

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, July 28—The market for several days past has been quite dull. Flour—Patent process $6.50@$6.75; fancy $5.50@$5.75; extra family $5.25; family $5.00; southern flour 25@50c ₩ bbl higher; new flour lower. Wheat—Easier; Tennessee and Kentucky 92@95c; Georgia choice and sound 75@85c. Corn—White milling, car lots bulk, 81c; do. sacked 84c; dray lots 88@90c; mixed, car lots bulk, 71c; do. sacked 74c; dray lots 77@80c. Corn Meal — 82@87c. Stock Feed—$1.35 ₩ 100 lbs. Oats—Western, car lots bulk 40@43c; sacked 45½c; dray lots 50c; Georgia raised in 50 bushel lots and upwards 40@43c. Rye—None. Hay—No fancy offering; choice timothy ₩ ton $19.00; ₩ 100 lbs $1.05; prime ₩ ton $18.00; ₩ 100 lbs $1.00; no clover on market. Wheat Bran—Car lots 85; dray lots $1.00. Grits $3.85 ₩ bbl.

BALTIMORE, June 28—Flour lower and quiet; Howard street and western superfine $2.50@$3.00; extra $3.25@$4.00; family $4.25@$5.25; city mills superfine $2.75@$3.15; extra $3.35@$4.00; Rio brands $5.37@$5.62. Wheat, southern steady and fairly active; western steady, closing quiet; southern red 94@96; amber 97@99; No. 1 Maryland 95¾ bid; No. 2 western winter red spot 94½@94⅝. Corn, southern nominal; western nominal; southern white 72@73; yellow 66@68.

NEW YORK, July 28—Flour, southern steady; common to fair extra $3.50@$4.50; good to choice $4.55@$6.25. Wheat, spot ⅛@¾c higher; ungraded spring 93⅛; do. red 78@$1.01; No. 2 red spot 97¾@98; August 97¼@97⅝. Corn, spot 1@1½c higher; ungraded 52@66; No. 2 spot 63@63¾; August 62@63½. Oats ½@1 higher, closing steady; No. 2 36@36½. Hops unchanged; common to choice 23@32.

CHICAGO, July 28—Flour unchanged; fair to choice winter wheat $4.75@$5.50. Wheat opened strong and ⅛@⅝c higher and closed 1c higher than Saturday; July 83@84⅛; August 83⅝@84⅝; No. 2 Chicago spring 84@84⅝. Corn in active demand; opened steady and closed ⅛@⅜c over Saturday; cash 55@56; August 54⅞@55⅞. Oats firm and generally higher; cash 30@30½; August 27¼@28.

ST. LOUIS, July 28—Flour unchanged. Wheat higher and active; No. 2 red fall 88⅛@86¼ cash; 85⅛@85¾ August. Corn higher but slow; No. 2 mixed 48¼ cash; 48½@48⅜ August. Oats inactive but higher; 28½ cash and July.

CINCINNATI, July 28—Flour dull; family $3.90@$4.25; fancy $4.90@$5.25. Wheat in active demand; No. 2 red winter 86. Corn steady; No. 2 mixed 54⅛. Oats easier; No. 2 mixed 34.

LOUISVILLE, July 28—Grain quiet. Wheat, No. 2 red winter new 80@85. Corn, No. 2 white 55. Oats, No. 2 mixed 34½.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, July 28—Coffee—Rio 9@12; old government Java 25c. Sugars—Standard A 7⅛c; granulated 7¾c; white extra C 7@7⅛c; New Orleans sugars, white 7c; yellow 6¼@6⅝; seconds 5½@6. Molasses—Black strap in barrels 22c. Syrup—New Orleans choice 50c; prime 45c; fair 35@40c; common 30c. Teas—Black 40@60c; green 40@60c. Nutmegs 80c. Cloves 25c. Allspice 10c. Cinnamon 25c. Sago 50c. African ginger 16c. Mace 80c. Pepper 18c. Crackers—Milk 8c; Boston butter 8½c; pearl oyster 7c; X soda 6c; XXX do. 6½c. Candy—Assorted stick 9½c. Mackerel—Market about bare of 1s and 2s; No. 3 kits, L.W., 55c; do. ½ bbls, 80 lbs, $2.75@$3.75; do. ⅛ bbls, 100 lbs, $4.50. Soap $2.50@$7.00 ₩ 100 cakes. Candles — Full weight 15c. Matches—100 ₩ box $1.50; 200 $3.50; 300 $4.75. Soda, in kegs, 4¾c; in boxes 5¾@6½c. Rice 6@7c.

NEW YORK, July 28—Coffee, spot fair Rio easier at 9¾; No. 7 Rio spot 8.25; August 7.90@7.95. Sugar about steady and quiet; centrifugal 5⅞; muscovado 5; fair to good refining 4⅞@5; refined unchanged; C 5⅛@5⅜; extra C 5⅜@5½; white extra C 5⅝@5¾; yellow 4⅝@5; off A 5⅝@6; mould A 6¾; standard A 6¼; confectioners A 6⅜; cut loaf 7¼; crushed 7¼; powdered 7@7⅛; granulated 6 11-16; Cubes 7. Molasses dull and nominal; 50-test refining 18@18½; New Orleans 30@56. Rice steadily held; domestic 5½@7; rangoon 4⅞@5.

CINCINNATI, July 28—Sugar easier; hards refined 7¼@7¾; New Orleans 5@6.

CHICAGO, July 28—Sugar, standard A 7@7⅛; granulated 7⅜@8; loaf 7¾.

Provisions.

NEW YORK, July 28—Pork dull and in buyers' favor; old mess spot $15.75@$15.87½. Middles firm; long clear 8¾. Lard advanced 12@13 points early, fell back 4@6 points and closed firm; western steam spot 7⅝@9⅝; August 7.28@7.45.

CHICAGO, July 28—Pork dull; cash $15.50@$16.50; July and August $24.00. Lard in fair demand and stronger; cash 7.15@7.20; August 7.10@7.20. Bulk meats in fair demand; shoulders 6; short rib 8; short clear 8.45.

LOUISVILLE, July 28—Provisions firm. Mess pork $16.50. Bulk meats, shoulders 5¾; clear rib 8¾; clear sides 9. Bacon, shoulders 6¾; clear ribs 9⅝; clear sides 9⅝; hams, sugar-cured 13¾. Lard, steam leaf 9¾.

ST. LOUIS, July 28 — Pork quiet; jobbing at $16.00. Bulk meats firm; long clear 7.90; short ribs 8; short clear 8¼. Bacon strong; long clear 9; short ribs 9⅛; short clear 9½@9⅝. Lard dull and nominal.

CINCINNATI, July 28—Pork slow; mess $16.25@$16.75. Lard in fair demand at 7¼. Bulk meats firm; shoulders 5¾; short ribs 8⅝. Bacon firm; shoulders 6⅝; short ribs 9⅝; short clear 9⅞.

ATLANTA, July 28—Market steady; clear rib sides 8⅝@8⅞c. Bacon—Sugar-cured hams 13@13½c. Lard—Tierces, refined 8½c; tubs 9c.

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

ATLANTA, July 28—Market steady. Corn whisky, rectified, $1.00@$1.40; rye, rectified, $1.10@$1.50; rye and Bourbon medium $1.50@$2.00; rum rectified $1.25@$1.75; New England $1.75@$2.50; St. Croix $4.00; Jamaica $3.50@$4.50; gin, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $3.00@$4.50; Cognac brandy, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $5.00@$8.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, $1.75; apple and peach brandy $2.00@$3.00; cherry and ginger brandy $1.00@$1.50; port wine $1.50@$6.00, owing to quality; sherry $.150@$6.00; catawba $1.25@$1.75; scuppernong $1.00@$1.25.

CINCINNATI, July 28—Whisky higher at $1.06.

LOUISVILLE, July 28—Whisky quiet at $1.13.

ST. LOUIS, July 28—Whisky steady at $1.08.

CHICAGO, July 28—Whisky steady at $1.10.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, July 28—Apples—None. Peaches—Market supplied mostly from country wagons. Prices range from 75c@$1.90 ₩ bushel. Watermelons, large average $110@$120 car lots on track; small $90@$110; ₩ 100 large $16.00@$20.00; small $7.00@$18.00. Canteloupes ₩ dozen 75c@$1.00. Lemons—Firm and advancing at $4.00@$5.50 ₩ box. Oranges—None. Cocoanuts—None. Pineapples — $1.60@$2.50 ₩ doz. Bananas—$1.50@$2.50 ₩ bunch. Figs—18@20c. Raisins—New ₩ box $2.75; new London $3.00; ½ box $1.75; ¼ box 90c. Currants — 7½@8c. Cranberries—None on market. California Pears—None. Citron—20c. Almonds—20c. Pecans—11c. Brazils—10c. Filberts—15@16c. Walnuts—16c. Peanuts—Firm; Tennessee 7@7½c; North Carolina 7½c; Virginia 11c; roasted 1½c ₩ lb extra.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, July 28 — Turpentine quiet at 30½; rosin firm; strained 97½; good strained $1.02½; tar firm at $1.30; crude turpentine steady; hards $1.00; yellow dip and virgin $1.85.

SAVANNAH, July 28—Turpentine, sales of 100 barrels at 31; rosin firm; strained and good strained $1.00@$1.10; sales 1,800 barrels.

CHARLESTON, July 28—Turpentine quiet at 30½ bid; rosin firmer; strained and good strained $1.05.

NEW YORK, July 28—Rosin steady at $1.22½@$1.27½; turpentine 33½@33¾. Petroleum 67¾.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, July 28—Market very quiet. We quote: Horse shoes $4.50; mule shoes $5.50; horse-shoe nails 12½@20. Iron-bound hames $5.00. Trace-chains 40@70. Ames' shovels $10.50. Spades $10.50@$13.00. Axes $7.00@10.00 ₩ doz. Cotton cards $4.00. Well-buckets $4.00. Cotton rope 16. Swede iron 5c; rolled (or merchant bar) 3 rate. Cast-steel 15c. Nails $3.00. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, ₩ lb 7c; painted 6c. Powder, rifle $5.00; blasting $2.70. Bar-lead 7c; shot $2.00.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, July 28—Eggs—8@9c; market amply supplied. Butter — Jersey 22½@25c; choice Tennessee 18c. Poultry—Young chickens 12½@20c; hens 25@27½c; cocks 15c; ducks 15c. Irish Potatoes—New, small $1.50@$1.75; large $1.75@$2.00 ₩ bbl. Sweet Potatoes—New in demand; none on market. Honey—Strained 9@12½c; in the comb 13@15c. Onions—$2.30@$2.50. Feathers—Choice 54@60; prime 50@55. Cheese—Skims 11. Peanuts 8½@12c.

MONOMANIA.

The above disease of the brain is of more frequent occurrence than is generally supposed, male and female victims being numbered among all classes.

In some cases it might be termed a fanciful chimera of the brain, the mind seeming to be on the lookout for some new idea or delusion, which really has no foundation in fact. It appears to be an intellectual concentration upon one idea, the mind remaining clear upon every other point. The integrity of the intellectual portion of the mind becomes apparently overpowered by the delusion and remaining in a kind of quasi state, until the false idea becomes a positive conviction. Jealousy, ambition, disappointment and any exciting cause creating an unexpected concentration of intellectual forces, are frequent causes of monomania. A man's wife receiving sudden and unexpected information relating to his amours with another woman, which, although without any foundation in fact, is revolved over and over in her excited mind, until jealousy is thoroughly aroused, a species of monomania being the result. Afterwards, it makes no difference what the cause of absenting himself, the wife can then assign only one cause which has taken possession of her brain. These affections have become very annoying and grievous and if not relieved are apt to end in a more abnormal condition of the brain, producing family quarrels, dissentions, accusations, denials, &c., between man and wife, lover and sweetheart. They should all be treated as early as possible, and the most speedy and certain remedy is the use of B. B. B., which produces an immediate transformation through the blood, the effects of which are felt and acknowledged before using one bottle.

The patients are all easily aroused on certain subjects, and although ridiculous in the extreme, cannot be convinced of their error. One party may presume that the whole human family are afflicted with "mineral poison," while yet another may argue that "potash mixtures" are poisoning the blood of the nation, and that Revelations from the Almighty placed him in a special position to offer the only antidote, while all else are frauds. These conditions emanate from those of honest and pure motives, but are powerless to throw off the shackles which bind them. The friends and relatives of all such should urge them to use B. B. B. and be cured, before more serious results occur, leading to insanity. The actual and positive action of B. B. B. is of such nature as to convince any one of the unparalleled power that it has over all blood poisons, scrofulous sores, swellings and taints, kidney and rheumatic affections, catarrh, tetter, chronic ulcers and sores, &c., &c. All these astounding cures are proven by doctors, bankers, preachers, merchants, editors, farmers, and men and women here in Atlanta, where every witness can be seen and talked with. We have a wonderful 32 page book, filled with blood business, which will be mailed free to any one. It is a regular eye-opener. Address

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Atlanta, Ga.

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THE GEORGIA RAILROAD

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE GENERAL MANAGER.
AUGUSTA, Ga., July 12th, 1884.

Commencing Sunday, 13th inst., the following Passenger Schedule will be operated:

Trains run by 90th meridian time, 22 minutes slower than Atlanta time:

FAST LINE.

NO. 27 WEST-DAILY.

L've Augusta	7 40 am
L've Athens	8 05 am
L've Gainesville	6 05 am
Ar. Atlanta	1 00 pm

NO. 28 EAST-DAILY.

Leave Atlanta	2 45 pm
Leave Gainesville	6 05 am
Arrive Athens	7 15 pm
Arrive Augusta	8 15 pm

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

NO 2 EAST—DAILY.		NO. 1. WEST DAILY.	
L've Atlanta	8 25 am	L've Augusta	10 30 am
Ar. Gainesville	8 40 pm	" Macon	7 10 am
Ar. Athens	4 40 pm	" Mill'g'v'e	9 10 am
" Washington	2 45 pm	" Washin'n	11 30 am
" Milledgeville	4 49 pm	" Athens	9 35 am
Ar. Macon	6 45 pm	Ar. Gainesville	8 40 pm
" Augusta	3 55 pm	Ar. Atlanta	5 45 pm

NIGHT EXPRESS AND MAIL.

NO. 4 EAST—DAILY.		NO. 3 WEST DAILY.	
Lv. Atlanta	8 50 pm	Lv Augusta	9 00 pm
Ar. Augusta	6 10 am	Ar. Atlanta	6 40 am

COVINGTON ACCOMMODATION.

L've Atlanta	6 10 pm	L've Covington	5 40 am
Ar. Decatur	6 46 pm	L've Decatur	7 30 am
Ar. Covington	8 30 pm	Ar. Atlanta	8 00 am

DECATUR TRAIN.

(Daily, except Sundays.)

L've Atlanta	9 40 am	Lv. Decatur	10 20 am
Ar. Decatur	10 10 am	Ar. Atlanta	10 50 am

CLARKSTOWN TRAIN.

Lv. Atlanta	1 30 pm	Lv. Clarkston	2 35 pm
Lv. Decatur	2 02 pm	Lv. Decatur	3 05 pm
Ar. Clarkston	2 17 pm	Ar. Atlanta	3 35 pm

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will, if signaled, stop at any regular schedule Flag Station.

Train No. 27 will stop at and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Berzelia, Dearing, Thomson, Camak, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Stone Mountain and Decatur. These trains make close connection for all points East, Southeast, West, Southwest, North and Northwest, and carry Through Sleepers between Atlanta and Charleston.

Train No. 28 will stop at and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Berzelia, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Camak, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Stone Mountain and Decatur.

No. 28 stops at Harlem for supper.

Connects at Augusta for all points East and Southeast.

J. W. GREEN, Gen'l Manager. E. R. DORSEY, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

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Saved His Life.

A PHYSICIAN'S TESTIMONY.

I was called to see Mr. John Pearson, who was confined to his bed with what appeared to be consumption of the worst form. As all of his family had died of that dread disease (except his half brother), his death was regarded as certain and soon. After exhausting all the remedies, I finally as a last resort, sent for a bottle of Brewer's Lung Restorer, and it acted like magic. He continued the use of it for some time and has been fully restored to health. So far as I could discover, he had consumption, and Brewer's Lung Restorer saved his life.

J. O. HOLLOWAY, M. D.,
Barnesville, Ga.

ANOTHER RESCUE FROM DEATH.

In 1881, while sewing on a machine, my wife was taken with a severe pain in her side, which was soon followed by hemorrages from her lungs, severe cough and fever, and could neither eat or sleep, and in a few weeks was reduced to a mere skeleton. Her stomach refused to retain any food, and the physician thought one of her lungs was entirely gone. At a final consultation of two physicians her case was pronounced hopeless. I tried Brewer's Lung Restorer by advice of one of the physicians, and she began to improve after the third dose. She continued the medicine, and is now in excellent health, and is better than she has been in several years. I believe Brewer's Lung Restorer saved her life.

BENJAMIN F. HERNDON,
Yatesville, Ga.

Brewer's Lung Restorer is a purely vegetable preparation, contains no opium, morphine, bromide, or any poisonous substance. Send for circular of long list of wonderful cures.

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Chattanooga and East and West	2 35 p m	8 40 p m
Kingston and Rome accom'n	3 45 p m	11 45 a m
Marietta accommodation	5 40 p m	8 12 a m
Chattanooga and West	11 40 p m	3 40 a m
RICHMOND & DANVILLE RR		
Charlotte and North and East	7 40 a m	10 30 p m
Charlotte and North and East	3 40 p m	12.00noon
Gainesville accommodation	5 15 p m	8 20 a m
CENTRAL RAILROAD.		
Macon and Southwest Ga.	4 00 a m	11 20 p m
Macon and Albany	3 00 p m	11 30 a m
Barnesville accommodation	5 00 p m	8 10 a m
Macon and Savannah	7 25 p m	7 40 a m
GEORGIA RAILROAD.		
Augusta	8 25 a m	5 45 p m
Clarkston accommodation	1 30 p m	3 35 p m
Augusta and Charleston	2 45 p m	1 00 p m
Decatur accommodation	9 40 a m	10 50 a m
Covington accommodation	6 10 p m	8 00 a m
Augusta and Charleston	8 50 p m	6 40 a m
ATLANTA & WEST P'T R. R.		
Montgomery, South and West.	2 00 p m	2 10 p m
LaGrange accommodation	4 50 p m	8 45 a m
Montgomery and South	11 30 p m	3 45 a m
GEORGIA PACIFIC R. R.		
Birmingham, South and West	7 10 a m	8 00 p m
Birmingham	4 15 p m	6 45 a m

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They own the celebrated Gate City Water Filter, avoid sickness by giving your family pure water.

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Has for sale the best refrigerators known. It is economy to buy the best.

McBride keeps the largest stock of Hotel Goods in the south, and their prices defy competition.

McBride keeps only the best silver ware, castors, spoons, forks and knives, Rogers fine cutlery. Housekeepers will save money by buying from McBride.

Ice cream freezers, fruit jars, jelly tumblers, fly fans, at

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Latest novelties in decorated china. Bisque and handsome colored glass from the most celebrated factories, now arriving at McBride's.

If you want a perfect light get from McBride the fifty candle-power electric lamp. For the most delightful coffee use the Textin Filter Urn now for sale by McRride.

ALMOST A MIRACLE!

A REMARKABLE STORY.

A FEW DAYS AGO A GENTLEMAN OF HIGH standing in Atlanta met Dr. J. Bradfield on the street and related the following in which all ladies are deeply interested:

"For the past eighteen months my wife has been an invalid, caused from womb trouble, cessation of menses, etc., and I have tried everything I could hear of in the way of medicine and have had several of our best physicians attending her, to one of whom (calling him by name) I paid one hundred and sixty-three dollars. Instead of improving or getting any relief, she gradually grew worse, and I had almost given up hope, and really did not believe she would ever get up from an invalid's bed, but a friend of mine who knew of the case suggested the use of

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR.

and although he stated that he knew of a similar case being cured by it, and indorsed it highly himself, I was so discouraged I did not believe it would do her any good, but, as a last resort, I bought a large bottle of it, and she began taking it, and from the very first a marked change took place. She begun to improve rapidly, her appetite returned, her whole systeem was built up, and to-day she is as well and sound as ever in her life, and I am under life-long obligations to you and your remedy, for it undoubtedly saved her life," and he added, "I wish every lady in the world so afflicted would try it, as I know it will cure them."

We Claim and Can Prove it Beyond a Doubt.

By the highest and most undoubted testimony:
That this Remedy will cure all womb troubles.
That this Remedy will cure leucorrhaæ or whites.
That this Remedy will restore the menstrual functions.
That this Remedy will stop excessive monthly flow.
That this Remedy will relieve painful menstruation.
That this Remedy will build up the system as a tonic.
That this remedy will cure all female disorders.

"CHANGE OF LIFE."

If taken during this period, so critical, it stands without a rival?

Send for our treatise on Woman; mailed free to any address.

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WANTED—THE PEOPLE'S MUTUAL LIVE Stock Insurance company, of Baltimore, Maryland, want first class general agents. The company is nearly three years old, stands second to none, and proposes extending its business into the state of Georgia. We refer to the Maryland insurance commissioner or any banker, merchant or insurance firm in the city of Baltimore. Address with reference.

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$75,000.
Tickets Only $5. Shares in Proportion.

L.S.L.

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"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached on its advertisements."

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J. A. Early

Commissioners

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of one million dollars—to which a reserve fund of over five hundred and fifty thousand dollars has since beed added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution, adopted December 2d, A. D. 1879.

The only Lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of any State.

It never scales or postpones.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings take place Monthly.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. EIGHTH GRAND DRAWING, CLASS H, IN THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC, NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, August 12, 1884—171st Monthly Drawing.

CAPITAL PRIZE, $75,000.

100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each.

Fractions, in Fifths, in proportion.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1	CAPITAL PRIZE		$75,000
1	do	do	25,000
1	do	do	10,000
2	PRIZES OF	$6000	12,000
5	do	2000	10,000
10	do	1000	10,000
20	do	500	10,000
100	do	200	20,000
300	do	100	30,000
500	do	50	25,000
1000	do	25	25,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9	Approximation Prizes of	$750	6,750
9	do do	500	4,500
9	do do	250	5,250

1967 Prizes, amounting to.....$266,500

Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the company in New Orleans.

For further information write clearly, giving full address. Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address Registered letters to

NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,
New Orleans, La.

POSTAL NOTES and ordinary letters by mail or express (all sums of five dollars and upwards by express at our expense) to

M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans, La.,

or M. A. DAUPHIN,
607 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

Louisiana State Lottery.

For Tickets or further information of the above Lottery, address

Dave C Johnston, Covington, Ky.

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Will purify the BLOOD, regulate the LIVER and KIDNEYS, and RESTORE THE HEALTH and VIGOR of YOUTH. Dyspepsia, Want of Appetite, Indigestion, Lack of Strength, and Tired Feeling absolutely cured. Bones, muscles and nerves receive new force. Enlivens the mind and supplies Brain Power.

LADIES Suffering from complaints peculiar to their sex will find in DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC a safe and speedy cure. Gives a clear, healthy complexion.

Frequent attempts at counterfeiting only add to the popularity of the original. Do not experiment—get the ORIGINAL AND BEST.

(Send your address to The Dr. Harter Med. Co. St. Louis, Mo., for our "DREAM BOOK." Full of strange and useful information, free.)

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DRUNKENNESS

DR. HAINES'

GOLDEN SPECIFIC.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effects result from its administration. It purifies and enriches the blood, allays nervousness, and incites to healthful action all the organs of digestion.

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Between the Southwest and Northeast. Double Daily Line of

PULLMAN SLEEPERS

Between New Orleans, Mobile and Montgomery to Atlanta and Washington.

TAKING EFFECT SUNDAY, JUNE 1, 1884.

No. 50.	No. 52.			No. 51.	No. 53.
10 10am	9 50pm	Read Up	ArN. O'lnsLv	6 00pm	8 20am
4 45am	4 00pm		...Mobile...	11 35pm	1 55pm
8 00pm	5 45am		...Montg'my...	8 00am	9 30pm
6 40pm	4 24am		...ChehawAr.	9 18am	10 49pm
5 45pm	3 27am		...Opelika...	10 18am	11 45pm
5 00pm	2 39am		...West Point...	11 04am	12 35am
2 00pm	11 30pm		Lv Atlanta...	2 10pm	3 45am
8 35am	10 05pm		...Wash'gt'n...	9 20pm	9 20am
6 50am	9 05pm		...Baltimore...	11 25pm	10 50am
3 45am	6 00pm		...Philad'a...	3 40am	1 23pm
12 night	3 45pm		LvN. YorkAr	6 50am	3 50pm

Pullman sleepers on trains 50 and 51 between Washington and New Orleans via Kennesaw Route without change.

Pullman sleepers on Nos. 52 and 53 betwen Washington and New Orleans via Richmond and Danville Route without change.

Western railroad sleepers on trains 52 and 53 between Montgomer and Atlanta.

Trains 50, 51, 52 and 53 make close connections with trains to and from Mobile and New Orleans. Train 52 connects at Montgomery with trains for Selma and Eufaula. Connections made at Opelika with East Alabama and Cincinnati, and the Columbus and Western railroads. All trains except 51 and 53 connect at Chehaw with Tuskegee railroad.

A. J. ORME, G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.
CECIL GABBETT, Gen'l Manager,
Montgomery, Ala.

SUMMER RESORTS

A SOUTHERN HOME IN A NORTHERN CITY.

MRS. E. H. MAGILL, FORMERLY OF SAVANNAH, Ga., has opened a commodious house with home comforts at 106 East 23d street, New York city, for the accommodation of families visiting the north. Eight lines of cars run within a block of the house. References: Mrs. Georgia McIntosh, Dr. J. C. Le Hardy, E. J. Thomas, Esq., Savannah, Ga.; Mrs. William Curtis, Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

MRS. E. H. MAGILL.

Mammoth Cave, Ky

AMERICA'S GREATEST NATURAL WONDER. Temperature 56 degrees at the entrance. The coolest summer resort known. For cheap rates at hotel, address

W. C. COMSTOCK, Lessee, Cave City, Ky.

INDIAN SPRING, Georgia.

BOARD CAN BE HAD AT THE "VARNER HOUS" $30.00 per month; $10.00 per week; Children and servants half price. Good conveyances will meet each train to convey persons to and from the house.

MISSES A. & J. VARNER.

ARLINGTON HOTEL,

HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS.

S. H. STITT & CO.

THE PROXIMITY OF THE ARLINGTON TO the head sources of the Hot Springs, together with the convenient and ample bathing accommodations, gives its patrons greater facilities in bathing and drinking the waters, than can be found elsewhere. An annex of sixty rooms has lately been added. Also one of the "OTIS" IMPROVED PASSENGER ELEVATORS, which enables invalid guests to be wheeled directly from their rooms to the baths. Letters of inquiry promptly answered. Descriptive pamphlets furnished when desired

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"NEW BRIGHTON HOTEL,"

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NEAR CHARLESTON, S. C.

The only Hotel directly on the Ocean South of Cape May.

THE "BRIGHTON" IS ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE the best situated, best finished and handsomest of any southern hotel, containing all modern improvements; such as electric bells, gas in every room, speaking tubes and system of water pipes on every floor for extinguishing fire, etc. Also perfect system of drainage throughout the house.

The hotel will be thrown open to the public on Wednesday evening June 18, on which occasion a grand promenade concert and reception will be given by Reeves's famous military band and orchestra—25 pieces—from Providence, R. I.; D. W. Reeves, director.

Special rates by railroads. All information may be obtained by addressing

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MISS FREUDENTHAL, M. D.
SPECIALIST,
Treats all clases of diseases peculiar to woman. Consultation free. Office and dispensary No. 7½ North Broad, Room 5. Hours 9 to 12, 3 to 5 p. m.

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Publishers of DENTAL LUMINARY. The Macon Dental Depot, dealers in all kinds of Dental Goods.

DR. W. A. COOK,
LATE OF THE NEW YORK HOSPITALS.
Practice limited to Skin Diseases, Cancers and Genito-Urinary troubles. Free consultations for the poor Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, from 12 to 1 o'clock p.m. Office 48½ Marietta street.

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Surveys and plats of real estate, measurements of excavation, calculations of water power, plans and specifications for the construction of county roads, bridges, etc., etc.
References: Col. L. P. Grant, Maj. Campbell Wallace, Capt. I. Y. Sage, Col. John T. Grant, Richard Peters, Esq., Wilkins, Post & Co.

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63 Whitehall street, over Schumann's Drug Store.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW.
No. 24 CAPITOL BUILDING, Atlanta, Ga.
Correspondence solicited.

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Attorneys at Law,
Office 5 and 6 Atlanta National Bank Building,
15 Alabama street, Alanta, Ga.

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Attorneys at Law,
McDonough, Ga.

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Office, room No. 1 Dunlap building. A general law practice in the State and Federal Courts.

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HAYGOOD & MARTIN,
Lawyers,
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W. Y. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law,
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J. A. ANDERSON,
Attorney at Law,
Has removed his office to 16½ Whitehall street, where he will be pleased to have his friends favor him with business calls.

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Toccoa, Georgia.
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Attorney at Law and Real Estate
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A. R. Wright. Max Myerhardt. Seaborn Wright.
WRIGHT, MYERHARDT & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,
Rome, Georgia.
Collections a Specialty.

LEAK & LYLE.....Auctioneers.

Executor's Sale.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—BY VIRTUE OF an order of the honorable court of ordinary granted in April, 1884, will be sold before the court house door of said county, within the legal hours of sale, on the first Tuesday in August next, all that tract or parcel of land lying, being and situated in land lot No. 56 of the fourteenth district of originally Henry, now Fulton, county, Georgia, fronting on the west side of the Jonesboro road, bounded north by Rawson property, south by Wallace property and west by Clarke university property, containing nine (9) acres, more or less, with improvements.

Terms one-half cash, balance six and twelve months, with 8 per cent interest.

H. C. HOLBROOK,
Executor.

5 tus

NOLAN SUSPENDE

THE BOARD OF POLICE COM IONERS IN SESSION.

The Resignation of Patrolman McEwen Election of Supernumerary Moss—Wha Witnesses Said About Nolan's Condu —The Board Give Him a Rest.

A large audience was present last n hear the investigation of the charges p against Patrolman Nolan last week b Gardner. It was the meeting of the board of police commis and before the trial could be commence regular business was transacted. Comm er English, the chairman of the boar sided, and Commissioners Goldsmith cock and Crane were present. The a contained quite a number of ladies, whom were witnesses in the case agai trolman Nolan. Immediately after th had been called to order Chief Connoll sented Patrolman McEwin's resignati stated that the patrolman had surrend him the property he had been entrus the city. The resignation was then ac

The charges against Patrolman Nol then read, and a plea of not guilty was Mrs. Gentry was the first witness She said that Patrolman came to Mrs. Gardner's house and sear After he had finished the search of the I asked him if he was satisfied, He s but that it was customary to search pected. Mrs. Gardner heard this an back into the house. She soon came ba t Patrolman Nolan asked her to go i house. He followed her and asked her off her shoes. She did so, the same time she said he would not d Mr. Gardner was there. The pat then said yes he would. He knocked th on the floor and then searched her body

Mrs. Gardner, the lady by whom the were preferred, said:

"On last Monday evening I was dow and when I came home I went to Mrs. because they had sent for me. I got there I saw big crowd and some excit and ascertained that old Mrs. Kean ha robbed of fortty dollars in money. Pat Nolan was there, and he suggested se my house. I went into my house an him the key. He then searched every and while doing so said he di think I had the money. Afte had searched everything, Mrs. Gentery him if he was satisfied. He said no, a he would have to search me. He then me into the room and told me to my shoes. I told him if Mr. Gardne there he would not do it, but he said would. I did not mind pulling off my but when he told me to stand u began feeling my body, I did not like submitted, because I thought he was an and knew the law. He did not fir money."

Mrs Gentry and Mrs. Gardner were th two witnesses for the prosecution. The recited their story in a clear way, an not cross examined.

Mrs. Evans was then introduced by fendant.

"I was at Mrs. Kean's th the money was lost, and heard Mrs. G say she was willing to be searched, but see her searched."

Mrs. Kean, who lived in the house which the money was taken, told ho mother-in-law lost the money she had laying up to bury herself with. Mrs. G she said, had been nursing my moth law and knew that the money was there. Gardner was at our house last Wednesday the money was missed the next Monday. Dur ing that time no one but negroes were in the house. The money was fouud, but she did not know where.

Captain Bagby—I went out to Mrs. Gen Thursday afternoon in response to a m and received the money which she sa been found in the yard by her child.

Charges were preferred against Su merary Jordan and he was suspended.

The board then went into secret sessi upon balloting found Patrolman Nolan and suspended him fifteen days.

Supernumerary Moss was elected to vacancy caused by the resignation of man McEwin.

TAKING OUT THE BALL.

The Doctors Extract Part of the from Mr. Arch Orme's Brain.

Yesterday afternoon Drs. Willis We land, Ridley, Orme and Howell probed ball in Mr. Arch Orme's head. The was placed under the influence of ether was discovered that the ball had pas tirely through the brain. The prob four inches into the aperture made bullet, just over the right ear. Abo fourth of the ball was taken out fro where it entered. Several small pi skull were also removed. It i dent that the remaining part bullet passed on through the brain an rests near the skull on the side oppo entrance. When the patient regaine sciousness and the wound was dressed as well as could have been expected. resting easily when the doctors left him operation yesterday showed th wound was even more serious was at first supposed. fact makes Mr. Orme's probable recov the more remarkable. He is doing we the hopes of his complete recovery ar better founded than ever. The case is ered by the physicians as one of the m markable on record.

FLANIGAN'S FUN.

A Negro Man Who was Not so Dead Pretended.

Early yesterday morning a negro m his appearance on the lower end of street with a cow which he att to sell to several butchers, but the p asked was so much less than the cow that no one would trade with the After several ineffectual efforts to dis his cow the darkey reached Jolly room where he again tried to sell ou man with whom he was trading felt c ed that the negro had no right to th and quietly telephoned the city Mounted Officer Clark responded call, and when he the place he found negro and the cow, but when he unde arrest the negro, he met with a strong ance. Finally the officer succeeded in cuffing the negro, and started to the ci him, but when near Yonge street th made a dash towards the railroa officer followed and as the negro steppe the railroad his foot slipped and he fe head struck a car wheel cutting it badl darkey fell over unconscious and rema apparently until he was carried to t prison, where medical aid was moned. It was then ascertained t negro was affecting death, and that juries were slight. When he came "a he said that his name was Gus Flanig admitted that he had stolen the cow Rockdale farmer. He is now in the city

Gone to Virginia.

Dr. Edwards, the chiropodist, left y afternoon for Virginia. He was accomp Sheriff Sweeny and Dr. Styll, and a goo pair of steel handcuffs. The papers whi imperfect, and were returned to Richm perfection reached Atlanta yesterday and being all right the prisoner was over to Virginia's agent. When found that there was no chance at all he caved completely, and when the h were brought out he kicked hard, finally induced to put his wrists int He left on the four o'clock train.

SUMMER RESORTS

A SOUTHERN HOME IN A NORTHERN CITY.

MRS. E. H. MAGILL, FORMERLY OF SAVANNAH, Ga., has opened a commodious house with home comforts at 106 East 23d street, New York city, for the accommodation of families visiting the north. Eight lines of cars run within a block of the house. References: Mrs. Georgia McIntosh, Dr. J. C. Le Hardy, E. J. Thomas, Esq., Savannah, Ga.; Mrs. William Curtis, Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga. MRS. E. H. MAGILL.

MammothCave,Ky

AMERICA'S GREATEST NATURAL WONDER. Temperature 56 degrees at the entrance. The coolest summer resort known. For cheap rates hotel, address W. C. COMSTOCK, Lessee, Cave City, Ky.

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P. O. Box 386, Charleston, S. C

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. B. FREUDENTHAL, M. D., SPECIALIST, treats all classes of diseases peculiar to woman. Consultation free. Office and dispensary No. 75½ Whitehall Broad, Room 5. Hours 9 to 12. 3 to 5 p. m.

Dentists and Dental Depot.

DRS. S. J. P. & W. R. HOLMES, DENTISTS,

ATLANTA, - - - - GEORGIA.

Publishers of DENTAL LUMINARY. The Macon Dental Depot, dealers in all kinds of Dental Goods.

DR. W. A. COOK, LATE OF THE NEW YORK HOSPITALS. Practice limited to Skin Diseases, Cancers and Urinary troubles. Free consultations for poor Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, 2 to 4 o'clock p.m. Office 48½ Marietta.

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No. 5 S. BROAD STREET.

ATLANTA, GA.

Taylor. Henry Baylor.

TAYLOR & BAYLOR, CIVIL ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS, Office No. 7 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga. Surveys made, estimates, plans and specifications made, and construction superintended for railroads, bridges, canals, roads, railroads and all engineering works. Correspondence solicited.

CLAYTON CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Office No. 11 East Alabama Street. Surveys and plats of real estate, measurements of excavation, calculations of water power, plans and specifications for the construction of county bridges, etc., etc.

References: Col. L. P. Grant, Maj. Campbell Wallace, Capt. I. Y. Sage, Col. John T. Grant, Peters. Esq., Wilkins, Post & Co.

EDWARD G. LIND, ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT, Hall street, over Schumann's Drug Store.

J. L. LAWTON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, 4 CAPITOL BUILDING, Atlanta, Ga. Correspondence solicited.

W. CUNNINGHAM AND GEO. C. SPANN Attorneys at Law and Solicitors, Rooms 5 and 6 Alabama National Bank Building, 15 Alabama street. Atlanta, Ga.

HILL & G. B. TYE, Attorneys at Law, McDonough, Ga.

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JOHN B. GLEMAN, Attorney at Law, Gainesville, Ga.

JOHN D. COLVILLE, Attorney at Law, No. 23½ Whitehall, Atlanta, Ga.

Haygood.. E. W. Martin. HOOD & MARTIN, Lawyers, 17½ Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga.

JOHN A. ATKINSON, Attorney at Law, Newnan, Ga.

JOHN DERSON, Attorney at Law, Has moved his office to 16½ Whitehall street, where he will be pleased to have his friends favor him with business calls.

JOHN T. HARRIS, Attorney at Law, Toccoa, Georgia. Room No. 3 Newman building. Will practice in courts, state and federal.

JOHN PEER, Attorney at Law, Will practice in causes in the State and U. S. Courts, where United States government is a party. Solicitor Rooms United States Attorney, Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

JOHN HAM, Attorney at Law and Real Estate Agent and Dealer, Gainesville, Ga.

Ref't. - Max Myerhardt. - Seaborn Wright. MAX MYERHARDT & WRIGHT, Attorneys at Law, Rome, Georgia. Practice a Specialty.

SALE.....Auctioneers.

Executor's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER FROM FULTON COUNTY—BY VIRTUE OF the powers contained in the last will of the honorable court of ordinary of said county, will be sold before the court house door of said county, within the legal hours of sale, on the first Tuesday in August next, one lot or parcel of land lying, being and situate in land lot No. 56 of the fourteenth district of originally Henry, now Fulton, county, Georgia, fronting on the west side of the Jonesboro road and bounded north by Rawson property, south by property and west by Clarke university containing nine (9) acres, more or less, improvements. Terms—half cash, balance six and twelve months, with 8 per cent interest.

H. C. HOLBROOK, Executor.

NOLAN SUSPENDED.

THE BOARD OF POLICE COMMISSIONERS IN SESSION.

The Resignation of Patrolman McEwen and the Election of Supernumerary Moss—What the Witnesses Said About Nolan's Conduct —The Board Give Him a Rest.

A large audience was present last night to hear the investigation of the charges preferred against Patrolman Nolan last week by Mrs. Gardner. It was the regular meeting of the board of police commissioners, and before the trial could be commenced some regular business was transacted. Commissioner English, the chairman of the board, presided, and Commissioners Goldsmith, Hancock and Crane were present. The audience contained quite a number of ladies, all of whom were witnesses in the case against Patrolman Nolan. Immediately after the board had been called to order Chief Connolly presented Patrolman McEwin's resignation, and stated that the patrolman had surrendered to him the property he had been entrusted by the city. The resignation was then accepted.

The charges against Patrolman Nolan were then read, and a plea of not guilty was entered Mrs. Gentry was the first witness called. She said that Patrolman Nolan came to Mrs. Gardner's house and searched it. After he had finished the search of the bureau I asked him if he was satisfied. He said yes, but that it was customary to search the suspected. Mrs. Gardner heard this and went back into the house. She soon came back and told Patrolman Nolan asked her to go into the house. He followed her and asked her to take off her shoes. She did so, but at the same time she said he would not do it if Mr. Gardner was there. The patrolman then said yes he would. He knocked the shoes on the floor and then searched her body.

Mrs. Gardner, the lady by whom the charges were preferred, said:

"On last Monday evening I was down town, and when I came home I went to Mrs. Kean's because they had sent for me. When I got there I saw a big crowd and some excitement, and ascertained that old Mrs. Kean had been robbed of forty dollars in money. Patrolman Nolan was there, and he suggested searching my house. I went into my house and gave him the key. He then searched everything, and while doing so said he did not think I had the money. After he had searched everything, Mrs. Gentery asked him if he was satisfied. He said no, and that he would have to search me. He then asked me into the room and told me to take off my shoes. I told him if Mr. Gardner was there he would not do it, but he said yes he would. I did not mind pulling off my shoes but when he told me to stand up and began feeling my body, I did not like it, but submitted, because I thought he was an officer and knew the law. He did not find the money."

Mrs Gentry and Mrs. Gardner were the only two witnesses for the prosecution. They both recited their story in a clear way, and were not cross examined.

Mrs. Evans was then introduced by the defendant.

"I was at Mrs. Kean's the day the money was lost, and heard Mrs. Gardner say she was willing to be searched, but did not see her searched."

Mrs. Kean, who lived in the house from which the money was taken, told how her mother-in-law lost the money she had been laying up to bury herself with. Mrs. Gadner, she said, had been nursing my mother-in-law and knew that the money was there. Mrs. Gardner was at our house last Wednesday and the money was missed the next Monday. During that time no one but negroes were in the house. The money was found, but she did not know where.

Captain Bagby—I went out to Mrs. Gentry's Thursday afternoon in response to a message and received the money which she said had been found in the yard by her child.

Charges were preferred against Supernumerary Jordan and he was suspended.

The board then went into secret session, and upon balloting found Patrolman Nolan guilty and suspended him fifteen days.

Supernumerary Moss was elected to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Patrolman McEwin.

TAKING OUT THE BALL.

The Doctors Extract Part of the Bullet from Mr. Arch Orme's Brain.

Yesterday afternoon Drs. Willis Westmoreland, Ridley, Orme and Howell probed for the ball in Mr. Arch Orme's head. The patient was placed under the influence of ether, and it was discovered that the ball had passed entirely through the brain. The probe sank four inches into the aperture made by the bullet, just over the right ear. About one-fourth of the ball was taken out from near where it entered. Several small pieces of skull were also removed. It is evident that the remaining part of the bullet passed on through the brain and now rests near the skull on the side opposite its entrance. When the patient regained consciousness and the wound was dressed he was as well as could have been expected. He was resting easily when the doctors left him. The operation yesterday showed that the wound was even more serious than was at first supposed. This fact makes Mr. Orme's probable recovery all the more remarkable. He is doing well, and the hopes of his complete recovery are now better founded than ever. The case is considered by the physicians as one of the most remarkable on record.

FLANIGAN'S FUN.

A Negro Man Who was Not so Dead as He Pretended.

Early yesterday morning a negro man made his appearance on the lower end of Decatur street with a cow which he attempted to sell to several butchers, but the price he asked was so much less than the cow's value that no one would trade with the darkey. After several ineffectual efforts to dispose of his cow the darkey reached Jolly's bar room where he again tried to sell out. The man with whom he was trading felt convinced that the negro had no right to the cow, and quietly telephoned the city prison. Mounted Officer Clark responded to the call, and when he reached the place he found the negro and the cow, but when he undertook to arrest the negro, he met with a strong resistance. Finally the officer succeeded in handcuffing the negro, and started to the city with him, but when near Yonge street the negro made a dash towards the railroad. The officer followed and as the negro stepped upon the railroad his foot slipped and he fell. His head struck a car wheel cutting it badly. The darkey fell over unconscious and remained so apparently until he was carried to the city prison, where medical aid was summoned. It was then ascertained that the negro was affecting death, and that his injuries were slight. When he came "around" he said that his name was Gus Flanigan and admitted that he had stolen the cow from a Rockdale farmer. He is now in the city prison.

Gone to Virginia.

Dr. Edwards, the chiropodist, left yesterday afternoon for Virginia. He was accompanied by Sheriff Sweeny and Dr. Styll, and a good heavy pair of steel handcuffs. The papers which were imperfect, and were returned to Richmond for perfection, reached Atlanta yesterday morning and being all right the prisoner was turned over to Virginia's agent. When Edwards found that there was no chance at all for him he caved completely, and when the handcuffs were brought out he kicked hard, but was finally induced to put his wrists into them. He left on the four o'clock train.

THE "STARS" AND "ATHLETICS."

The Great Game for To-day—The Champions to Arrive at Noon.

The Columbus special bringing the champion "Stars" for to-day's game and about 1,000 Columbus people, will arrive at 1 o'clock.

The "Stars" will at once go to Hotel Weinmeister, where they will have dinner and dress for the game. They will be joined by the "Athletics" at 2:45 sharp, and will march to the club car in front of the National and proceed to the grounds.

The "Stars" come in the best trim, and will play a superb game. Seven of their players are professionals, and the entire team works like a piece of admirable machinery. They are the unquestioned champions and have been beaten but twice in two years. It will be worth the admission price to see them cover the field for one inning.

THE NEW MEN FOR THE "ATHLETICS."

Two of the new men for the "Athletics," Heinzman and Lightan arrived on Sunday night and were at practice yesterday. They gave entire satisfaction and are fully equal to Barth or Sleiger. They will strengthen two week positions in the nine, and are heavy batters, Heinzman being a tremendous hitter.

Kriel, the brilliant short-stop and heavy batter, who makes the third new man for the Athletics, arrived last night and will take his place in the diamond this afternoon. He will play change short stop with Sands, alternating to center field. He is in splendid practice, having played short-stop with the Dayton, Ohio, club this season, and retired because of a sprained leg, now entirely well.

With these new players the "Athletics" will give the "Stars" all they can attend to, and make the game thoroughly interesting. It will be the finest game ever played in the state, and no lover of fine sport will fail to see it.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE EVENING.

Every possible arrangement has been made for the comfort and pleasure of the spectators. More seats have been added, and the entire front has been covered with woven wire, so that the ball cannot reach the grand stand.

In view of the immense crowd an extra force of police will be on hand to preserve order. No liquor is allowed on the ground and no betting permitted.

No charge will be made at the gate for colored drivers of carriages in which there are ladies with escorts. A charge of twenty-five cents will be made for the carriage. No charge for ladies with escorts.

The game will be called promptly at four o'clock so that it may be finished before dark.

Buy your tickets in town before taking the cars and avoid the rush at the gates. With each arrival of cars there is delay and confusion at the ticket office. Buy your tickets in town and avoid delay.

The Athletics will play in their new uniforms this evening. They have entirely new outfits, including caps, shoes, belts and stockings. The uniform is white and blue made in the best style, and when the Athletics take the diamond with it this afternoon they will catch the crowd.

THE "ATHLETIC" NINE FOR THE DAY.

It was decided yesterday that Barth would take charge of the "Athletic" team. He was consequently made captain of the club. The severest rules of discipline and practice were put in Captain Barth's hands, and he will be looked to for their enforcement. Under his management the "Athletics" will do fine work. The following is the team announced for the day's game:

RUSS, pitch; SLEIGHER, catch; BARTH, first base; HEINZMAN, second base; LEIGHTON, third base; KRIEL, short stop; SANDS, left field, CRAIG, center field; WHITLOCK, right field.

Messrs. Lynch, Reed, Knox, Miller and Reynolds are also in the first nine and will play in alternate games for the present. The team for to-day is the strongest that ever confronted the "Stars," and a lively game will be played.

A WORD AS TO THE WEATHER.

The game will be called and played unless it is during rain at four o'clock. The grounds are in excellent condition and the steam roller is at work this morning packing them close. Strips have been run over the roof of the grand stand, and it is water proof. So look for the game even if the weather should be threatening, unless it is actually raining a storm at 4 o'clock. The game of Saturday was called with a brisk rain falling, and yet the weather was all that could be desired.

The "Athletics" will meet in uniform at Lynch & Lester's store promptly at 2¼ o'clock and will take cars for the park at 2½ for practice prior to the calling of the game. The diamond will be given to the Stars at 3½ o'clock and the ball tossed at 4 to the minute.

COMING EVENTS.

In the Political Calendar—The Many Elections to Occur in the Next Six Months.

This is a year of elections. Seldom does the free and independent voter have such numerous opportunities for the exercise of his elective franchise. From this time to the first of next year, there is to be a long series of conventions, elections and political gatherings, with but a few days interval between each event. Atlanta is especially favored. It can look forward to at least three conventions, to the meeting of a new legislature, and to a city election in addition to the various other political events it is to enjoy in common with less favored Georgia localities.

The ball will open to-morrow, and there will be a spirited "primary" for delegates to the congressional convention for this district. Though this is not to be an election in the common acceptance, the interest already manifested in it places it high in the rank of importance in the political calendar. For days past no other subject has been so much discussed in Atlanta.

On the 13th of August the state democratic convention will be held here for the purpose of nominating an electoral ticket, governor, attorney-general, secretary of state, comptroller-general and state treasurer. On the 4th of September the democratic convention of the fifth congressional district will meet in Atlanta to nominate a candidate for congress whose term of service will begin on the 4th of next March and continue two years.

On the 1st of October will be held the election for governor, state house officers and members of the general assembly.

On the 4th of November will occur the big election for president, vice-president and members of congress. All the states will choose their representatives in congress. On that day, except Oregon, which elected its one member last June, and Ohio and West Virginia which will elect their members on the 7th of October.

The presidential electors chosen on the 14th of November will meet on the 1st of December to cast the votes of the various states for president and vice-president.

The Georgia legislature will assemble on the 5th of November.

On the 18th of November the two houses of the legislature will ballot for an United States senator, whose term of office will extend for six years from the 4th of next March

The legislature after it assembles will fix a day for the election of judges and solicitors general.

On the third of December a mayor for two years, one alderman for three years, and six councilman for two years each will be elected in the city of Atlanta.

On the 17th of January, 1885, every county in the state will elect a full board of county officers, the ordinary for four years and the others for two years each.

It is estimated that there are about 300,000 voters in Georgia. The fullest vote is anticipated on the national ticket, as no opposition is likely to be made against the democratic state ticket. The population of Fulton county is now about 55,000 and there are fully 8,000 voters in the county, though it is doubtful if any of the elections to occur during the next six months will bring out more than 6,000.

It is expected from the number of candidates now beginning to appear in Fulton and other counties that the elections of this year will possess at least the usual interest.]

HE WILL NOT RUN.

A TALK WITH EX-STATE TREASURER RENFROE.

He Says that He is out of Politics and Cannot be Induced to Run for His Old Office of State Treasurer—He is Now Snugly Fixed in a Place at the Dade County Mines.

A CONSTITUTION man met Hon. J. W. Renfroe, ex-treasurer of the state of Georgia, yesterday.

Colonel Renfroe is in excellent health and is genial, happy and contented. THE CONSTITUTION man remarked on his absence from the city. Colonel Renfroe replied:

"I cannot well be here, although I consider this my home and shall always do so. I am managing the Dade coal company for Governor Brown, which takes most of my time, as it is an immense concern."

"I thought you were railroading?"

"So I have been. I have just completed the Anniston and Atlantic railroad, and as you know, have done considerable railroad building in Georgia. I had a bid in for the entire Anniston and Atlantic railroad when I made the contract with Governor Brown to manage the coal mine. I then hoped that my bid for the railroad would not be accepted—but it was, and I therefore built the railroad, and ran the coal mine at the same time."

"You are out of politics?"

"Yes, I am, except when I can help my friends; then I am always in."

"How about your old office of state treasurer?"

"I am glad you asked me that question, for it gives me an opportunity to answer many persons at once. Here are some letters now, (pulling a bundle out of his pocket,) requesting me to offer for the place. I have other letters of the same sort at home, and wherever I go I am asked the same question by partial friends who believe that I ought to offer again and that I can be elected. You may say for me and I hope the answer will reach them all, that I would not offer for the office again under any consideration. The fact is I could not afford to, for it is without doubt the poorest office in the gift of the people. That is a hard way to characterize it, and yet it is the true way. It is a very laborious office to fill, and the great responsibility, the enormous bond and the small salary makes it the most undesirable office in the gift of the people. Why, sir, it is worth the salary to make the bond. Under the present law a security has to go before a magistrate and make affidavit that he is worth the amount signed for over and above all debts, liabilities and executions of all kinds, which oath has to be attached to the bond, and a lien is created by the bond in favor of the state on all of his property from the moment he signs the bond, and it is a two hundred thousand dollar bond, at that. Why, the state of New York, where the treasurer receives and disburses eight millions of dollars annually, requires a bond of only fifty thousand dollars! Our law is wrong! What does this heavy bond amount to, anyway, if a man is dishonest? The treasurer handles two millions of dollars, and if he were disposed to be dishonest, his bond would not protect the state even if it were collected. The honesty and integrity of the man is all the security the state has at least no matter what the amount of his bond is. I say, therefore, I would not have the office now if it was tendered me as a gracious gift. I get a much larger salary where I am without the great responsibility, and with very much less labor."

"And, then," said Mr. Renfroe, reflectively, "when I do anything meritorious where I am it is appreciated. Not so with the state. I learned while I was state treasurer from very bitter experience the truth of the old adage that republics are ungrateful. I held that office for six long years and if there ever was one thing above another that my whole heart and soul was a desire to discharge the duties of the office to the satisfaction of the people of Georgia. I sacrificed everything to that one purpose, I labored earnestly to cut down expenses wherever and whenever it was in my power to do so, and I know that I did by a change of policy save the state thousands of dollars. For example, it had been customary in the treasurer's office to pay commissions to bankers and brokers to sell and negotiate her bonds. I sold $542,000 of seven per cent bonds in 1876 at a premium of $2,342 more than enough to pay my salary for the year. I issued sold and exchanged $2,298,000 of six per cent bonds in 1877, and also $400,000 of four per cent bonds in 1879 and 1880. All of this I did without paying one cent of commissions, a feat which up to that time was unprecedented, as commissions had always been paid for every bond sold. I was not even paid the usual fee for extra work for signing over $75,000 of coupons, which fee would have amounted to nearly a year's salary at the prices paid to former treasurers. There is another item that I will mention. It had always been the custom to pay the fiscal agent of the state in New York from a quarter to a half per cent, which amounted from two to four thousand dollars a year. As soon as I got hold in the treasury I put a stop to that, and by this one item saved enough to the state every year to pay my salary and that of my clerk. In addition to this I have in my possession now an agreement signed by the officers of the National Park bank, who I appointed fiscal agent, that besides making no charge for paying the state's debt as it matured in New York, they would lend to the state money whenever it needed it at five per cent per annum. This was a contract I now have in my possession, and were it still in force the state would have no trouble in getting all the money it wanted and would never have to pay seven per cent for it. There are many other items of this character that I could mention if it were proper."

"But you will not offer again for the office?"

"No, sir. I feel very grateful to my friends and fully appreciate their kind expressions, especially in these letters of Doctors Rudisill and Turner. But as I said before, I could not consent to take the office under any consideration if it were offered to me. It is a matter of profound satisfaction to me that in retiring from the treasury I was able to point the people of Georgia to the exalted financial condition of our great state and to feel that in all matters pertaining to the state's welfare within the scope of my official authority, I have exercised sleepless vigilance and in all matters of economy I have been watchful. In the systematic methods in the many details of the office and the legal expenditures of large amounts of money for the state, I have faithfully discharged my duty and turned over to my successor every cent of the state's money that had ever come into my hands. I now prefer to remain a private citizen for the remainder of my days, and to devote my time to repaying those friends who, through thick and thin, stood by me with a devotion that is rarely equaled."

Colonel Renfroe spoke with much feeling and evident sincerity, but looked more cheerful and contented after he had had his say on this subject and dismissed the matter from his mind.

"There is no happiness," he said, "like being an independent private citizen, with your hands full work and a competency for your family. That is the highest happiness that a man can get in this or any other country."

ATLANTA AND COLUMBUS.

The Proposed New Railroad Connection Between the Two Cities—The Line Prospect.

Last night a CONSTITUTION reporter saw Mr. J. D. Trammell and Mr. Charles L. Davis, of Columbus, Ga., two gentlemen who are now in Atlanta on business of importance to both cities. Mr. Davis is one of the incorporators of the Georgia Midland and Gulf railroad, and Mr. Trammell is the engineer in chief of a surveying party which has just come over the proposed route for the road. The company was chartered last March under the new law regulating the incorporating of railroads. The incorporators are T. E. Blanchard, J. W. Woolfolk, M. E. Gray, Gunby Jordon, B. T. Hatcher and Charles L. Davis, all of Columbus. The capital stock is placed at $1,000,000. It is contemplated and intended to build unde this charter a railroad which shall be practically an air line from Columbus to Atlanta. The new enterprise has no connection with the Atlanta and Columbus Air-Line project, which controls the narrow gauge road now extending from Columbus to Chipley. Two years ago there was a lively agitation in several counties between Muscogee and Fulton in favor of continuing this road to Atlanta. The Georgia, Midland and Gulf is a different enterprise. It looks to the construction of a broad gauge railroad from Columbus to Atlanta. About two months ago the surveying party started from Columbus under Mr. Trammell to prospect a feasible route for the new road. Mr. Trammell said last night:

"We came to Atlanta through a fine country. It is well populated, naturally rich, and the people seem to be prosperous. It will be comparatively an easy matter to construct a railroad through it and the prospects for its support are fine."

"How did you come to Atlanta?"

"From Columbus we went directly to Warm Springs, Meriwether county. Then by Flat Shoals we came on to Fayetteville and directly to Atlanta."

"What is the length of the line as prospected by you?"

"One hundred and seven miles. Our party will start back toward Columbus Wednesday morning by another route, which will run near the one we have just passed over. After we finish that work we will immediately locate the road."

Mr. Davis was asked what he thought of the prospects that the road will be built soon. He said:

"The incorporators are in dead earnest, and are encouraged to believe that ample means to construct the road will soon be forthcoming. Most of the parties now interested are in Columbus, but the enterprise has friends in Atlanta and all along the proposed route."

"Will the proposed new line be opposed by the Central?"

"I think not. The statement that the Central controls the charter of the Columbus and Atlanta Air-Line, which now extends as far as Chipley, is not correct. That charter is controlled by Colonel Henry R. Harris, of Meriwether, and myself. The Georgia Midland and Gulf means business."

Russ, Sleiger, Barth, Heinzman, Leighton, Kriel, will play on the Athletics this evening.

Not Suits.

Sunday's CONSTITUTION mentioned several suits filed against Miss Abbie Howard. The statement was an error. The papers filed were deeds for record, and by an oversight they were referred to as suits.

Grocers.

Dohme & Dunning will leave you if you don't go to McBride's and get Dry Air Refrigerator and Ivory Soap and a "Gate City Stone Filter."

Cherry's Fruit Evaporator, Millsville Atmospheric Fruit Jars, Improved Fly Fans, Lorrillards, Baldwin Dry Air Refrigerators. Simplest, cheapest, best in the world at McBride's.

HARRY JACKSON.

Appointments to Speak.

Harry Jackson will address the people of Newton, Fayette and Walton counties on the following days:

Covington, July 31st.
Fayetteville, August 1st.
Monroe, August 2d.

He will speak on the issues involved in the present campaign and the slanderous attacks made on his character. All persons are earnestly invited to attend.

Congressional soup served at Mercer's.

The great game of the season to-day. The champion "Stars" vs. "Athletics" 4 o'clock. 25 cents. Ladies with escorts free.

Tate Spring water warranted to cure dyspepsia

MCRAE, GA., June, 1881.—I have cured some severe cases of sore throat with Holmes' Sure Cure Mouth Wash and Dentrifice; also, bad cases of foul and bleeding gums. J. H. CATES, Dentist.

COLUMBUS, GA., June 10th, 1881.—I have been using Holmes' Sure Cure Mouth Wash in my practice ten years with the greatest success, and have cured every case of diseased gums treated with it. I consider it the best mouth wash ever made. Every one should keep a bottle and use it as a dentrifice and wash. It cleans the teeth nicely, heals the gums and keeps the mouth pure and clean. J. M. MASON, Dentist.

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 1st, 1884.—We have cured every case of diseased gums we have treated with Holmes' Sure Cure Mouth Wash and Dentrifice. Cannot say too much in its praise. Send another dozen by express. FREEMAN & BALDWIN, Dentists.

WASHINGTON, GA., November 20th, 1882.—I have used Holmes' Sure Cure Mouth Wash and Dentrifice lately in mouths with horrid breath and bleeding gums. It cured them almost immediately. H. B. KEMME, Dentist.

Holmes' Wash and Dentrifice for sale by Lamar, Rankin & Lamar; Howard & Candler. su tu&wk.

Don't fail to see the great game this evening. "Stars"-"Athletics."

O. I. C.

Diamond Patent Flour, at O. I. CULBERSON'S, Whitehall street.

The great game of the season to-day. The champion "Stars" vs. "Athletics" 4 o'clock. 25 cents. Ladies with escorts free.

Festival.

The Catholic young ladies of this city will hold a festival at Concordia hall to-night and to-morrow night. They have engaged Professor Clark's excellent string band to furnish music for the dancing, and the occasion will be enjoyable to all who attend.

Don't fail to attend festival to-night at Concordia hall. Fun and frolic will be prolific for all who attend.

Baltimore Speaks.

We have sold largely of the "Gate City Stone Filter." We stand all our customers without exception pronounce it the only Perfect Filter.
KEENY & HAGGERT.

Give your children Smith's worm oil.

Don't fail to see the great game this evening. "Stars"-"Athletics."

Over 2,000 barrels Tate water shipped annually

TELEPHONE EXCHANGE.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.—Will the telephone subscribers please bear in mind the following rules when using their telephones:

ALWAYS give the number of the party wanted FIRST and your own number LAST. Thus, 309 on 252—the last number, 252, being the party giving the order. Speak clearly and distinctly.

NEVER attempt to carry on any conversation over the call wire. The operators are forbidden to converse with subscribers, and by addressing any remarks to them you are liable to cause them to violate their instructions.

If your telephone gets out of order report it to No. 309, manager's office, and it will receive immediate attention. If you wish to ask any question of the central office, call for No. 50, chief operator's desk, and converse on your private line.

The Exchange is a mutual concern, and to make it more beneficial, EVERY subscriber should answer HIS OWN bell promptly.

It is the earnest desire of the undersigned to give you the best possible telephone service, and I ask your co-operation. Yours respectfully,

W. T. GENTRY, Manager.

Congressional soup served at Mercer's.

STILSON, Jeweler.

Reliable Goods, Fair Dealing and Bottom Prices

53 WHITEHALL STREET ATLANTA GA.

Chamberlin, Johnson & Co

WILL OFFER

Special Prices

FOR 30 DAYS

ON FOLLOWING LINES OF GOODS:

Table Linens and Towels,
Plain Nainsooks
Persian Lawns,
India Linens,
Oriental Linens,
Princess Lawns,
Batiste d' Alsace,
Embroidered Swiss,
Fine Embroideries.

—ALSO—

Black Silks,
Colored Silks,
Brocade Silks.
Boys' Shirt Waists.

Black & Mourning Goods

10-4 Sheetings,
5-4 and 6-4 P. C. Cotton
and 4-4 Bleachings

OF ALL BRANDS.

The Prices of these goods will be made SO LOW they will be closed out rapidly.

Carpet Department

JUST RECEIVED

New Brussels

WITH HANDSOME BORDERS.

New China and Cocoa Mattings.

We have an elegant stock LACE CURTAINS and WINDOW DRAPERIES of newest designs.

BEAUTIES IN WINDOW SHADES.

Shoes! Shoes! Shoes!

We are offering some real Bargains in Gents', Ladies' and Children's

FINE SHOES.

Odd Lots at Lessthan Manufacturers Cost.

Chamberlin Johnson & Co.

LOOK HERE!

Sombody is Hurt.

500 White Ostrich PLUMES.

250 White Ostrich Plumes at $2.00.
250 White Ostrich Plumes at $2.50.
The above lot of Plumes were ordered three months ago and have just been received. Now is your chance. In buying these plumes the purchaser will get all our profit and half the original cost of the Plumes.

THE GA. SUIT CO.,

39 Whitehall Street

Telephone Exchange

The Atlanta Telephone Exchange is still on the increase, regardless of dull times. It is a business necessity, and more needed while money is scarce and business being carried on with reduced force. Four hundred and fifty subscribers at present and rapidly increasing. We are giving the best service in the United States, and solicit your orders at once to prevent a great rush this fall, as was the case last September. No business house can afford to be without this modern improvement. To do so lets others get ahead of you. The following new subscribers have been connected since last advertisement:

PLEASE CUT THIS OUT AND PASTE ON YOUR LIST.

419—Allen, E. T., retail grocer.
417 Curren & Scott, restaurant.
422—Durand, H. R., residence.
196—Green, A. L., residence.
416—Johnson, W. E., meat market.
402—McPherson, Wallace, agent.
265—Phelan, S. H., residence, Kirkwood.
414—Peters, Thos., residence.
408—Coal Creek Mining Company, coalyard.
421—Southern Express Company, E. T. V. and Ga. passenger depot.
420—Union Compress and Warehouse Company.
418—Whiting, W. F., grocer.

Our terms are less than any large city in the north, west or south. For any information please address us by postal or telephone, and you will be promptly called upon.

W. T. GENTRY, Manager,
H. H. JACKSON, Asst. Manager.

The Decisions of the February Term of the

SUPREME COURT

have just been published in pamphlet form.

We will send the Pamphlet, postage paid on receipt of One Dollar.

Address THE CONSTITUTION, Atlanta, Ga.

Office Georgia Electric Light Co.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 16, 1884.

This company is now prepared to furnish the electric light to city consumers at short notice and reduced prices, and have appointed J. T. Robinson as contracting agent to whom applications for lights can be made. Office at Electric light station Marietta street and W. and A. railroad.

W. E. VENABLE, President. JACK W. JOHNSON, Secretary.

1w

Typhoid, scarlet and malarial fevers, Bright's disease and summer complaints avoided by using "Gate City Stone Filter." Go to McBride's and see about it. su tu th

THE LAST STRAW

That will Break the Back of all Competition.

Another Whack at Prices.

SENDS PRICES DOWN 25 TO 50 PER CENT

We have selected from each department in our store, all the suits of every description and price of which we have not complete lines of sizes, and regardless of how greatly the prices may have been already reduced, we have now made a further reduction of 50 per cent to insure their immediate sale.

The very fact that there are but few of each kind left is assurance that they have met with most favor, and are the very choice styles in our stock. In the aggregate there are several hundred suits, comprising all sizes for men, boys and children, and every suit is marked below cost.

Jas. A. Anderson & Co.,

THE FASHIONABLE CLOTHIERS,

41 WHITEHALL ST.

Cholera Cure

IN AN INTERVIEW WITH THE ATLANTA Constitution Dr. S. T. Biggers, principal of the Georgia Eclectic Medical college, states that during his experience with the cholera in Nashville, he prescribed one tablespoonful of the Tincture of Red Pepper to one bottle of BIGGERS' SOUTHERN REMEDY with almost unfailing success and The Constitution advises its readers to ever keep on hand a bottle which by its timely use will save so much pain and anxiety.

A PROMINENT PHYSICIAN OF ATLANTA prescribes Dr. Biggers Southern Remedy in all bowel and stomach affections, and states that for restoring the little child that is wasting away by the daily drainage upon its system it is unequaled as it is also for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramp Colic, Cholera Morbus, AND ANY CHILD IS PLEASED TO TAKE IT.

PROFESSOR A. BARILI, of the Atlanta Female Institute, states that under no circumstances would he suffer his family to be without a bottle of Dr. Biggers Southern Remedy, the timely use of some having relieved almost every member of his family of some bowel or stomach trouble.

THE OLD GRAND MOTHER when called to the bedside of the little child suffering with that night fiend to children and horror to parents, CROUP, the old grand mother used to send for mullein and make a tea and at once relieve it—made into a tea now and combined with sweet gum it presents in Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein a pleasant and effective cure for Croup, Whooping-Cough, Colds and Consumption. Price 25cts. and $1.00. Ask your druggist for it. Manufactured by Walter A. Taylor, Atlanta, Ga., proprietor Taylor's Premium Cologne.

Send 2 cent stamp for Taylor's Little Riddle Book, got only for the amusement of the little ones, but containing information for the welfare of every home.

PORTER SPRINGS

BOARD REDUCED.

SINCE THE RATES OF BOARD WERE FIXED early this spring, a money panic has come upon the country, and besides that, the crops have been injured by unfavorable weather, and therefore we reduce the rates of board at Porter Springs to suit the times, as follows: Board per month, $25.00; for two months $45.00; and special rates on this basis to families. Hack fare, on Meaders' line of hacks, $4.00 for round trip from Gainesville to Porter Springs and return, and trunks fifty cents each way.

Porter Springs, July 22, 1884.

COOK & CLARK, Managers.

FOR CONGRESS.

HON. N. J. HAMMOND

DELEGATES:

JOHN R. GRAMLING.
SAMUEL WIEL.
FRANK M. POTTS.
WM. A. HAYGOOD.
T. T. SMITH.
JAMES F. BARDETT.
DR. J. D. TURNER.
A. L. HOLBROOK.
ALEX. W. SMITH
H. HARWELL.
MOSES LIPES.
A. B. CULBERSON

FOR CONGRESS

HARRY JACKSON.

DELEGATES.

HENRY W. GRADY,
SAMUEL M. INMAN,
JOHN J. DOONAN,
B. S. IVY,
SAM. F. PARROTT,
MARK L. TOLBERT,
LEVI COHEN,
GEORGE HILLYER,
GEO. W. WINBURN,
JAMES M. WILSON,
W. C. MADDOX,
W. M. CAMP

TEACHERS and SCHOOL GIRLS ATTENTION!

We will reduce our price of tuition during the summer months to accommodate ladies desirous of taking advantage of the school vacation. New Art Goods. Cool studio. Call and see specimens or send for circulars. Firing and gilding of China our specialty. Artists' requisites in great variety.
LYCETT'S ART SCHOOL,
67½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

H. I. KIMBALL, L. B. WHEELER & CO., ARCHITECTS,
9½ Peachtree Street.

THEO. H. PRICE, Late of Eure, Farrar & Price. FERGUS REID.

PRICE, REID & CO.,
Cotton Commission Merchants
—NORFOLK, VA.—

Special attention given to the sale of cotton, to arrive or in transit, for both foreign and domestic markets. Correspondence solicited.

COTTON AND WEATHER.

Cotton—Middling uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday at 6¼; New York at 11; in Atlanta at 10¾@10⅞.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A.,
U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, July 28, 10:31 P.M.

All observations taken at the same moment of time at each place named.

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	Wind Direction.	Wind Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
Atlanta	29.9[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Fresh	.00	Fair.
Augusta	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Light	.06	Fair.
Key West	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	E	Fresh	.00	Clear.
Savannah	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	S W	Light	.06	Fair.

[illegible] OBSERVATIONS.

Time of observation.							
6:[illegible]	30.00	74	70	S W	Fresh	.01	Cloudy
[illegible]	30.01	68	66	N W	Brisk	.00	H'y rain
2:[illegible]	29.97	75	67	S W	Fresh	.51	Cloudy
6:[illegible]	29.96	74	68	S W	Eresh	.00	Cloudy.
10:[illegible] m	29.95	73	70	S W	Fresh	.00	Fair.

Mean daily bar	29.973	Maximum ther	77.5
" " ther	74.2	Minimum ther	67.6
" " hu'y	84.7	Total rainfall	.52

HEADQUARTERS FOR
GORHAM M'F'G CO.'S!
CELEBRATED
STERLING SILVERWARE

Large Stock always on hand.

J. P. STEVENS & CO.,
Sole Agents for Atlanta.

PERSONAL.

A spelling bee and ice cream festival to be given to-night, July 29th, at 186 West Peters street, opposite Central Baptist church, by the ladies of that church.

Mrs. Willis Roberts and Miss Fannie Peacock, of Mobile, Ala., are visiting at the residence of Mr. B. R. Allen, 176 Davis street.

Miss Annie Camp, of Atlanta, is visiting friends in Rome.

Mr. T. S. Moseley, of Atlanta, is visiting friends in Richmond, Va.

Miss Kittie Orr and brother, who have been visiting their aunt, Mrs. J. E. Christian, 130 Thompson street, for several weeks, have returned to their home in Dawson.

Master Lee Coleman Higdon is a recent addition to the population of Atlanta.

Miss Irene Farrar has returned from a visit to Rome.

Colonel Reuben Arnold will make a speech to-night at Blooming Hill in favor of Captain Jackson for congress.

MOTE SIMMONS'S DEATH.

A Well-Known Atlantian Takes His Final Rest---His Burial.

Mote Simmons is dead. He died Sunday morning and was buried yesterday afternoon.

Few men are more widely known in Atlanta to-day than Mote Simmons a few years ago. He was a Georgian and for the past fifteen years had been a citizen of Atlanta. He began with the city and grew with it and at one time had a firm hold upon the people. He was at one time quite well off and during his flush days was a member of the city council. But adversity came and a few years ago he found himself compelled to return to hard work. By the aid of friends he secured a position on the police force and for three years made a good officer. Then his health began to fail and about eighteen months ago he was made city lamplighter, but the change resulted in no improvement in health, and nearly a year ago he was compelled to retire from active labor altogether. He then went Gainesville, where he spent several months with his father. The change was an advantage to him for a while, but a few months ago his physician informed him that his death was not far distant. He received the news with calmness, and at once came back to his home on Walton street, where he lingered until Sunday morning at nine o'clock, when he died. He leaves a wife and five children to mourn his loss. He was a member in good standing of the Masons, Odd Fellows and Red Men, and during his life filled the highest chairs in each of these orders. His funeral was a large one, and his remains were escorted to the cemetery by the Masons. Mr. Simmons was about forty-five years of age.

Don't mind the weather. The match game, "Stars-Athletics," will be called unless it is raining hard at 4 o'clock. Perfect shelter, rolled ground.

Admitted to the Bar.

Yesterday, on application, Mr. J. L. Sims was, after due and proper qualification certified to the court, admitted to plea and practice law in all the courts of this state, except the supreme court, and took the usual oath.

An Important Order.

Judge Hammond has issued the following order: "Ordered, That all parties to cases of file in this court have and are hereby allowed twenty days after the adjournment of this court in which to file any plea or defense which they may desire. It is further ordered that this court now stand adjourned to court in course."

Cases Set Down.

The hearing of the motion for a new trial in the case of the Anderson County coal company vs. Harrison & Brother, in which there was a verdict for the plaintiffs, was set down for Monday, August 4th.

In the case of Henry D. McDaniel, governor, ex-relator W. J. Tucker vs. the College of American medicine and surgery, by agreement of counsel an order was passed fixing the hearing for Tuesday, August 12th.

OUR CHURCHES AND PREACHERS.

Dr. Hawthorne, of the First Baptist, preaches to immense audiences. His sermon on Sunday, "The Ideal Christian," was a strong and wholesome one.

Mr. Bigham, of the Six Methodist, is rapidly growing in power and reputation. He is one of the strongest preachers in the conference.

The First Baptist choir, led by Mrs. Dow, is an excellent one, and adds very much to the enjoyment of the service.

The First Presbyterian people have given their pastor, Dr. Barnett, a month's vacation.

Dr. Hawtherne says: "Byron is the greatest poet this world has seen since Milton."

Buy your tickets for the Baseball game in the city and avoid the terrible rush at the gate.

—FOR—
BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY,
AND ALL OFFICE SUPPLIES,
—CALL AT—
LYNCH & LESTER'S.

C. W. MOTES,
Portrait Photographer,
34 WHITEHALL STREET.

THE BEST GALLERY, FINEST SCENERY AND best light in the city. My scenery has been carefully selected from Seavey, the celebrated New York artist, and is especially suited for young ladies in their graduating dresses. A large and fine assortment of Gold, Plush and Antique Bronze picture frames. Sittings made in cloudy weather. All work done by the instantaneous process.
C. W. MOTES.

COL. HAMMOND

Will address his fellow-citizens tonight at Kelly, Rosser & Co.'s warehouse, corner of Hunter and Forsyth streets, at 8:30 o'clock. Every democrat is invited to attend. The speaking will be upon timely topics to the voters. There will be ample lights and seats. The opera house could not be had for this meeting because it has been engaged by Captain Jackson.

BRADSTREET BUDGET.

The Financial Disasters for the Past Week—What was Done.

There were 225 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's during the week, against 211 in the preceding week, and 168, 122 and 78 in the corresponding weeks of 1883, 1882 and 1881, respectively.

About 70 per cent were those of small traders, whose capital was less than $5,000. Among those reported embarrassed were the Erie preserving company, Hand & Ellsworth, wholesale paper, and Rowe & Denman, building materials, New York city; Francis G. Hall, banker, Elmira, N. Y.; Richmond (Ind.) National bank; Green's bank, Jackson, Miss.; H. P. Robinson & Bro., bankers and general store, Ocala, Fla.; St. Louis Ore & Steel Co., and J. H. Wear, Boogher & Co., wholesale dry goods, St. Louis; Harman, Spruance & Co., grain, Chicago; Coatesville (Pa.) Iron Co., and the Ellington (Conn.) manufacturing Co., woolens. In the principle trades they were as follows: General stores, 25; grocers, 19; manufacturers, 18; liquors, 12; books, stationery, paper, etc., 12; produce and provisions, 11; clothing and cloth, 10; grain and flour, 9; hotels and restaurants, 9; tobacco and cigars, 9; dry goods, 8; lumber and material, 8; banks and bankers, 7; furniture, 7; hardware and agricultural implements, 7; shoes, 6; Jewelry, 5; millinery and straw goods, 5; bakers and confectioners, 4; carpenters and builders, 4; carriages and wagons, 4; fancy goods, 4; crockery and glassware 3; markets, 3; drugs, 2; iron, 2; harness, 2; men's furnishing goods, 2.

The failures in the territory tributary to Atlanta are:

FLORIDA.

Ocala—H. P. Robinson & Brother, general store and bankers, assigned to H. G. Robinson. Liabilities $200,000. They have been in the general store business since 1876, and started the bank about a year ago, with a capital of $25,000, which, it was said, was borrowed. They had a branch store in Citra, and were also in the sawmill business.

GEORGIA.

Augusta—J. H. Oppenheim, junk dealer, did not assign, as previously reported. He sold out.

Savannah—Solomons & Co., drugs, ask an extension.

Savannah—L. W. Wortsman, shoes, closed by sheriff.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Marion—John Hyms, general store, assigned to H. A. Tate.

Reidsville—C. M. Goode, grocer, assigned.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Charleston—M. Goldsmith & Son, paper stock, failed, and offer 25 cents. Liabilities about $78,000, of which $30,000 is secured; nominal assets $40,000. The senior partner accidentally killed himself.

Varnville—J. H. May, general store, closed by sheriff.

TENNESSEE.

Danville—F. French & Dean, general store, failed. Liabilities about $5,000; assets $2,698.

Tucker's Cross Roads—W. J. Lester, general store, deed of trust. Liabilities $1,800; assets $2,760.

Buy your tickets for the Baseball game in the city and avoid the terrible rush at the gate.

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Two Lunatics.

Ordinary Calhoun with a jury on lunacy yesterday, inquired into the mental condition of Ivey, the young white man, and the negro woman, who have been confined in the city prison for some days past. Both were adjudged lunatics and committed to jail until room can be procured in the asylum for them.

Don't fail to see the great game this evening, "Stars"-"Athletics."

The event of the season will be the festival at Concordia hall this evening.

The great game of the season today. The champion "Stars" vs. "Athletics" 4 o'clock. 25 cents. Ladies with escorts free.

Go to Concordia hall to-night for a plate of cream and help the young ladies in their noble efforts.

The great game of the season today. The champion "Stars" vs. "Athletics" 4 o'clock. 25 cents. Ladies with escorts free.

Congressional soup served at Mercer's.

COL. HAMMOND

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Besides aiding a worthy object, the time and few cents spent at Concordia will repay you by the amount of pleasure obtained by attendance.

Russ, Sleiger, Barth, Heinzman, Leighton, Kriel, will play on the Athletics this evening.

CLEARING OUT SALE!
Sweeping Reductions in all Lines

In our elegant stock of

Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing.

HIRSCH BROS.
CLOTHIERS AND TAILORS
42 and 44 WHITEHALL STREET.

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW,
Sterling Silver Ware.

The largest variety of new designs just received in the following goods: Tea Spoons, Desert Spoons, Table Spoons, Tea and Table Forks, Fish Sets, Crumb Knives, Berry Spoons, Olive Forks, Cheese Scoops, Butter Knives, Pickle Forks, Cake Knives, Ice Cream Slicers, Soup and Oyster Ladles, Vegetable Sets, and a large assortment of other goods suitable for table use at prices never before offered in this city.

31 Whitehall street.

THIN SUMMER GOODS
IN GREAT VARIETY AT VERY LOW FIGURES.
OUR BOYS' and CHILDREN'S SUITS
WE ARE SELLING OUT AT REDUCED PRICES.
A No. 1 Stock of Fine Dress Suits, Worsteds, Granites, &c., Kept Constantly on Hand.
SUITS MADE TO ORDER AT POPULAR PRICES.
MUSE AND SWIFT
38 WHITEHALL ST.

These young gentlemen appear to have made up their minds to captivate the lady in the picture. Well, say what you will, there's nothing like clothes for giving one a good appearance. True, they don't maket the man, bu they are a wonderful improvement. Now, let us say this in all candor. This week we will offer in men's and boys' ready-made Summer Clothing such bargains as were never heard of before. Don't take our word for it, come and see.

Our prices are reduced to crushing figures and we mean to sell, and intend to do it.

A. O. M. GAY,
Clothier, Hatter and Tailor,
35 WHITEHALL STREET.

SPOT CASH IS A POWER.

In all Summer Goods we are making sweeping reductions. You will find our Table Linens, White Goods, Quilts and Ginghams especially interesting. We are receiving a good many Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes for the early fall trade. We are making it lively in this department. In fact, we are going to do the business if you need goods and will call.

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY, SPOT CASH,
39 AND 41 PEACHTREE STREET.

NEW SEALED PROPOSALS

—FOR THE—

Georgia State Capitol Building

Are invited by the Capitol Commission until SEPTEMBER 24, (4 P. M.,) 1884.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, SCHEDULES AND instruction to bidders may be had upon application to the Commission, in Atlanta, Ga., or to Edbrooke & Burnham, architects, 184 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

Proposals may be submitted for the entire work, or for any classified portion, also for materials.

The Commission reserves the right to accept any bid, or to reject the whole.

No proposals will be considered unless made out on the schedules blanks.

All bidders will be required to furnish bond and security or a certified check (payable to the Chairman of the Board) equal in amount to 5 per cent of the bid submitted, as a guarantee to enter into contract with the Board should his bid be accepted.

Bids must be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for State Capitol Building," and addressed to the Board of Capitol Commissioners, Atlanta, Ga.

HENRY D. McDANIEL, Gov'r, and
tu Ex-Off. Ch'n Commission.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—BY VIRTUE OF an order granted by the court of ordinary of said county, will be sold before the court house door in the county of Campbell, said state, within the lawful hours of sale, on the first Tuesday in August next, the one-half undivided part of lot in the town of Fairburn, and said Campbell county, being lot No. 6, in block "C," 60 feet front on West Broad street, running back Malone street to Washington street some 400 feet, the same being part of land lot No. 52, in the ninth district of originally Fayette, now said Campbell county, containing half acre, more or less. Sold as the property of Effie Malone, minor, for reinvestment, etc. Terms cash.

SALLIE E. MALONE, Guardian.
july 8 15 22 29

R. H. KNAPP, ... Auctioneer.

Administrator's Sale.

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON—By Virtue of an order of the court of ordinary of said county will be sold before the courthouse of said county, within legal hours of sale, on the 5th day of August, 1884, the following real estate, to-wit: One house and lot fronting on the west side of Haynes street, sixty feet, more or less, running back west one hundred and two feet, more or less, and bounded on the north by Titlebaum's property, and on the south by a public alley, the same being part of land lot eighty-four in the fourteenth district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, and in the first ward of the city of Atlanta.

Also one house and lot adjoining the lot above described, and bounded as follows, to-wit: Forty-five feet, more or less, on Dover alley, thence running back from said alley towards Markham street eighty feet, more or less, and adjoining the lot first above described on the west.

Also one vacant lot fronting twenty feet, more or less, on Markham street, thence running south sixty feet, more or less, and adjoining the lot last above described on the north.

Said property above described belongs to the estate of Frank Quarles, deceased, and is to be sold for payment of debts and distribution among heirs. Terms, cash.

HENRY H. TUCKER, JR.,
july 8, 15, 22, 29 and aug 5. Administrator.

SAWMILL CLUB.

AT A MEETING OF THE SAWMILL MEN'S Club, held at Tallapoosa, Ga., June 21st, 1884, the following resolution was unanimously adopted: Resolved, That we respectfully solicit the cooperation of all persons engaged in the production or sale of lumber in Georgia and Alabama, and we recommend that clubs be organized in each county, city and town in said states and send delegates to meet in the city of Atlanta at 2 o'clock p.m. on the 31st day of July next, the object of said meeting to take into consideration such matters of facts as appertains to the interest of its members, particularly to try to regulate prices of lumber.

J. K. LISCHTENWATER, Chairman.
G. O. SMITH, Secretary.
june29—d&wkylm

Administratrix's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER FROM THE COURT of ordinary of Fulton county, will be sold on the first Tuesday in August, 1884, at the courthouse door in said county, within the legal hours of sale, the following described land: One hundred and ten acres, more or less, of land lot No. two hundred and twenty-three, in the 17th district of Fulton county, Georgia, being all of said lot lying north of the Western and Atlantic railroad; on which land there is a good four room dwelling house. Said land adjoins the land of W. R. Hill. Also a lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting fifty feet on the west side of Mangum street and running back same width two hundred feet, more or less; on which lot there is a two room house. Sold as the property of Hugh Dunning, deceased, for payment of debts and distribution amongst the heirs at law. Terms of sale, one-half cash; balance in three and six months, with interest at 8 per cent. Bond for titles given.

MATILDA DUNNING,
Administratrix of Hugh Dunning.
July 7, 1884. 5tues

EDUCATIONAL.

WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE,
MACON, GEORGIA.

THE 47th ANNUAL SESSION BEGINS OCTOBER 1st. MOST ELEGANT BUILDINGS IN THE South. All modern conveniences. Best advantages in Literature, Music and Art. Special attention to health and comfort of pupils. Moderate charges. Apply early to W. C. BASS.

KENTUCKY MILITARY INSTITUTE.

At Farmdale P. O., Franklin Co., Ky., six miles from Frankfort. Has the most healthful and beautiful location in the State. Lit by gas as well as heated by steam. A full and able College Faculty. Expenses as moderate as any first-class college. Fortieth year begins September 1st. For catalogues, etc., address as above.
COL. R. D. ALLEN, Supt.
july1—dl2wtues fri & wky6w eow

SWARTHMORE COLLEGE
FOR BOTH SEXES.

Under care of Members of the Religious Society of Friends. Thirty minutes from Broad St. station. Full College Courses—Classical, Scientific and Literary. Also a Preparatory School. Location unsurpassed for healthfulness. Extensive Grounds. New and costly buildings and apparatus. Academic year commences 9th month, (Sept.) 9th, 1884. Apply early to insure admission. For catalogue and full particulars address
EDWARD H. MAGILL, A. M., President,
Swathmore, Delaware Co., Pa.

College Temple,
NEWNAN, GEORGIA.
Chartered 1853.
M. P. KELLOGG, A. M., President and Proprietor.

The 33d Annual Session of Ten months begins 2d of September. For terms apply to the president.
wk & tu th su 1m

Atlanta Female Institute
—AND—
COLLEGE OF MUSIC.

THIS SCHOOL WILL BE RE-OPENED SEPT. 3, 1884. The Music and Art Departments are respectively under the charge of Mr. Alfredo Barili and Mr. J. H. Moser. For catalogue apply to
MRS. J. W. BALLARD Principal.

Augusta Female Seminary.
STAUNTON, VIRGINIA.

MISS MARY J. BALDWIN, PRINCIPAL, OPENS September 3d; Closes June 1885. Unsurpassed in its location; in its buildings and grounds; in its general appointments and sanitary arrangements. Its full corps of superior and experienced teachers; its unrivaled advantages in

Music, Modern Languages, Elocution, Fine Arts,

Physical culture and instruction in the theory and practice of book-keeping. The successful efforts made to secure health, comfort and happiness. Its opposition to extravagence; its standard of solid scholarship. For full particulars apply to the principal for catalogues.

WESLEYAN ACADEMY.

One of the half dozen best Preparatory and Classical Schools in New England. Excellent facilities in Academic Studies, Music, Painting, Industrial Science and Commercial Studies. The payment of $60 in advance will cover all tuition in the Preparatory and Academic Courses, together with board, limited amount of washing, room rent, heating, and all other necessary expenses, except books, stationary, lights, and small contingencies for the Fall Term of twelve weeks, beginning August 27. Send for catalogue to
Rev. G. M. STEELE, Principal,
WILBRAHAM, MASS.

MEAN'S HIGH SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
76 North Forsyth street, Atlanta, Georgia.
INSTRUCTION THOROUGH AND PRACTICAL
For circulars, address T. Æ. MEANS.

CIVIL, MECHANICAL AND MINING ENGINEERING at the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, N. Y. The oldest engineering school in America. Next term begins September 17th. The Register for 1884 contains a list of the graduates for the past 59 years, with their positions; also course of study, requirements, expenses, etc. Address
DAVID M. GREENE, Director.
th sa tu

Wesleyan Female College,
MACON, GA.

THE 47TH ANNUAL SESSION BEGINS OCT. 1st. Most elegant buildings in the South. All modern conveniences. Best advantages in Literature, Music and Art. Special attention to health and comfort of pupils. Moderate Charges. Apply early to W. C. BASS. sat tu thu

WARD'S SEMINARY
NASHVILLE, TENN.
Closed its 19th year with 354 young ladies.
An active, progressive, non-sectarian school. Thousands of parents have tested its value, and still it increases. A grand new building with a dining-room fit for a queen was erected during the year. Opens Sept. 1st. Address, for new catalogue, DR. W. E. WARD.

MISS HAINES'S SCHOOL,
WOODSIDE, P. O., Hartford, Conn.

THE AIM—A SOUND MIND IN A SOUND BODY Thorough courses in English, Latin, French German, Music and Art. French and German spoken in the family. Location unsurpassed. Tenth year opens Sept. 24. tu we th fr sat

Georgetown College, D. C.
Founded 1789.

ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT SCHOOLS open Sept. 11th, 1884. Terms, $300 per annum. Apply to PRESIDENT OF GEORGETOWN COLLEGE, D. C.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, lectures open Sept. 22, 1884. Terms, $100 per annum. Apply to J. W. H. LOVEJOY, M. D., Dean, 900 12th Street N. W., Washington, D. C.

LAW DEPARTMENT, lectures open Oct. 1, 1884. Terms, $80 per annum. Apply to S. M. YEATMAN, Cor. 6th and F sts., N. W., Washington, D. C. JAMES A. DOONAN, S. J., President.

WAVERLY SEMINARY
1537 I St. N.W., WASHINGTON, D.C.

Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies. Full corps of professors and teachers. Special attention is called to the superior advantages Washington offers for culture. Graduation on Full or Eclectic Course of Study. Session opens September 24th. For terms apply to MISS LIPSCOMB, Principal.
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GLENDALE
Female College.

Thirty-first year begins September 16th. Best facilities in one complete and thorough Course—English, Scientific and Classical. Superior advantages in Music and Art. Address,
Rev. L. D. POTTER, D. D., Glendale, O.
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PATAPSCO INSTITUTE.
(Fiftieth Session.)
ELLICOTT CITY, MD.
MISS SARAH N. RANDOLPH, PRINCIPAL.

SITUATION UNSURPASSINGLY BEAUTIFUL and climate noted for its salubrity. With its able corps of teachers; its great advantages for securing a liberal education, and the happy results from its methods of instruction and decipline, no other school can be found offering greater advantages for the training of young ladies and children than this well known institution offers. Apply to Principal for Circular. tues thur sat.

Georgia Military Academy,
SAVANNAH, GA.

INCORPORATED AND GOVERNED BY A BOARD of Trustees; a full and experienced Corps of Professors; location unsurpassed for beauty and healthfulness; discipline equal to that of the best schools of the country; new and magnificent buildings, erected especially for the school; seven states represented. Degrees conferred upon graduates. The Fall Session begins October 8th. For catalogues, etc., address the Superintendent.
MAJ. B. J. BURGESS.

MERCER UNIVERSITY,
MACON, GA.

THE FALL TERM OF THIS INSTITUTION WILL open on the last Wednesday (24th) in September.

The rate of tuition is low, and does not very greatly exceed the matriculation and other fees of institutions in which free tuition prevails.

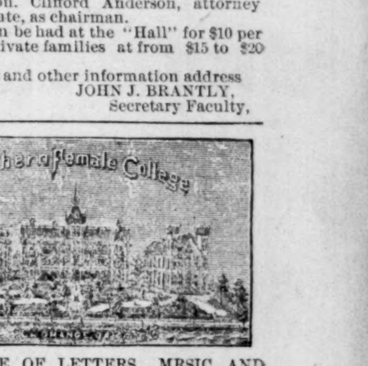
The theological department designed to prepare young men for the ministry, is presided over by Rev. J. G. Ryals. D. D.

The preparatory school, of which Mr. A. I. Branham, A. M., is principal, is in successful operation. A commodious school house is about to be built on the college grounds, and will be ready by the opening of the fall term.

The law department has a faculty of three professors, with Hon. Clifford Anderson, attorney general of the state, as chairman.

Good board can be had at the "Hall" for $10 per month and in private families at from $15 to $20 per month.

For catalogues and other information address
JOHN J. BRANTLY,
Secretary Faculty.



THE COLLEGE OF LETTERS, MRSIC AND Art opens September 24th. For catalogues demonstrating the unsurpassed advantages at lowest charges, address
I. F. COX, President,
july10—d&wky1m LaGrange, Ga.

ADVERTISEMENTS
Promptly and cheaply placed in all newspapers by T. E. Hanbury & Co., Advertising Agents, 15½ S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga. Send for Catalogue and Estimates.

PAUSE & SCHROETER,
Fresco and Scenic Artists,
Office, 31 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.
Sketching, Drawing and Designing.
References—GOVERNOR'S MANSION, CHAS. BEERMANN, BENJ. CRANE, ST. PHILIP'S CHURCH, GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK.
Out-of-town orders executed in the best style

VIRGINIA
MILITARY INSTITUTE.
LEXINGTON, VIRGINIA.

THOSE WISHING TO ENTER THIS WELL known State Institution should make early application to the undersigned by whom catalogues and full information will be supplied.
FRANCIS H. SMITH, Superintendent.
tu th sat 1w then sat

PANTOPS ACADEMY, near CHARLOTTESVILLE, VIRGINIA. For Boys and Young Men. Fully equipped. Begins September 10th. Send for Catalogue.
REV. EDGAR WOODS, PH. D. }
JOHN R. SAMPSON, A. M., } CO-PRINCIPALS.
th sa tu

Law School
—OF—
WASHINGTON AND LEE UNIVERSITY.
Gen. G. W. C. LEE, President.

INSTRUCTION BY TEXT-BOOKS AND PRINTED Lectures, with courses of lectures on special subjects by eminent jurists. Tuition and fees $80 for session of nine months, beginning Sept. 18. For catalogue and full information address CHAS. A. GRAVES, Prof. of Law, Lexington, Va. tue fri

NEW
WINDSOR COLLEGE
CHARTERED 1843.

COLLEGE FOR YOUNG LADIES.	COLLEGE FOR YOUNG MEN.
Diplomas and Degrees	Diplomas and Degrees
ALSO	ALSO
Preparatory and Primary Schools for girls.	Preparatory and Business Schools for boys.

Assistance to worthy persons preparing to preach or teach.

Distinct courses of study and government. Separate buildings. One management.

Fall term opens September 10, 1884. For catalogues and full information address Rev. A. M. JELLY, D. D. President, New Windsor, Md.
july 27 su th

EDGEHILL SCHOOL.
Keswick Depot, Albermarle County, Va.
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THE
VOLUME XVII.

IN CLEVELAND'S HANDS.

THE PRESENTATION OF THE DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION.

The Scene on the Way to the Governor's Mansion—In the Large Parlor—The Address of Chairman Vilas and the Reply of the Candidate—Other Political Matters.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 29.—The national democratic committee met at the Delavan house and was called to order by Secretary Prince. In the absence of Chairman Barnum, John S. Barbour, of Virginia, was chosen chairman pro tem. The proceedings of the meeting of July 24 were approved.

Mr. Dawson, of South Carolina, on behalf of the committee on organization, made a report, which was adopted, but the committee decided not to publish it at present, the matter being left in abeyance with the chairman and secretary, who will decide what portion, if any, shall be given to the newspapers.

The following were announced as the executive committee: William H. Barnum, Connecticut, executive officer; A. P. Gorman, Maryland; W. W. Ransom, North Carolina; B. F. Jones, Louisiana; Hubert O. Thompson, New York; William A. Wallace, Pennsylvania; John S. Barbour, Virginia; William S. Vilas, Wisconsin; Austin H. Brown, Indiana; M. M. Ham, Iowa; H. D. McEhney, Kentucky; P. H. Kelly, Minnesota; Bradley B. Smalley, Vermont; A. W. Sulloway, New Haven; F. W. Dawson, South Carolina; W. W. Armstrong, Ohio; Miles Ross, New Jersey; S. Corning Judd, Illinois; J. B. Barnaby, Rhade Island, and John G. Prather, Missouri. The committee adjourned to meet at the Delavan house at 3 p. m., to accompany the notification committee to the executive chamber. The executive committee will meet in New York on Thursday of this week.

Presentation of the Nomination.

ALBANY, July 29.—The committee of notification met at 10 a. m., Colonel Vilas presiding. It was arranged that the committee should visit the governor at 3:30. After the signing of the official letter, the committee adjourned until 3 p. m. The rain, which had ceased at noon, set in again at about 2 o'clock. Despite the weather Pearl street and Broadway were lined with people standing under the shelter of umbrellas. About the headquarters of the Phalanx, number 56 State street, the crowd was greatest. At A little before three o'clock, the Phalanx formed on State street, 120 strong. They were attired in dark suits, high white hats, and carried canes. Preceded by the Albany City band, they marched through State street into Broadway and to the Delevan house, where the throng was so great that the streets and sidewalks were almost impassable.

ON THE WAY TO THE CHIEF.

There carriages, to the number of forty, were provided for the distinguished gentlemen composing the committee. At about 3:35 o'clock, the procession got under way, headed by the band, the Phalanx, marched up Broadway, followed by the committee in carriages. The governor's residence was reached about four o'clock. An immense concourse of people assembled about the executive mansion, and the police were stationed about to prevent injurious trespass upon the grounds surrounding the residence. The guests were prompt in arriving, and when the members of the two committees were provided for, there was very little extra space. The ceremony took place in the large, handsome main parlor of the mansion. The only attempt at adornment was seen in huge banks of flowers which rested upon the mantles of the parlor and library. The ceremony was brief, but exceedingly impressive. The arrival of the committees in a body was the signal for concentration in the main parlor. There the committee of notification took position on the south end of the room, and the members of the national committee on the north.

IN CLEVELAND'S PRESENCE.

Space was reserved in the center, and as soon as preparations were completed, the governor entered through the main hall way, standing with his back to the flower banked mantle. The ladies of the party stood near the governor at his left. His appearance at the doorway was the signal for a hearty and spontaneous outburst of hand clapping, which continued for several minutes. As soon as this had subsided, Colonel W. T. Vilas, of Wisconsin, chairman of the late democratic national convention, and of the notification committee, stepped slightly forward, and addressing the governor in a clear resonant tone, and with marked enthusiasm, said:

Grover Cleveland Governor, of the state of New York: These gentlemen, my associates here present, whose voice I am honored with authority to utter, are the committee appointed by the national democratic convention which recently assembled in Chicago, and charged with the grateful duty of acquainting you officially and in that solemn and ceremonious manner which the dignity and importance of the communication demand, with the interesting result of its deliberations, already known to you through the ordinary channel of news. Sir, that august body, convened by direct delegation from the democratic people of the several states and territories of the republic, deliberating under the witness of the greatest assembly of freemen ever gathered to such conference, in the forethought of the election which the constitution imposes upon them to make during the current year, have nominated you to the people of these United States to be their president for the next ensuing term of that great office, and with a grave consideration of its exalted responsibilities, have confidently invoked their suffrages to invest you with its functions. Through this committee the convention's high requirement is delivered that you accept that candidacy. This choice carries with it the profound respect and admiration, but it has been in a manner the fruit of these sentiments. The national democracy seek a present, not in compliment for what a man is, or a reward for what he has done, but in the just expectation of what he will accomplish as a true servant of a free people, fit for that lofty trust. They conceive the public exigency to be now of transcendant importance, that laborious reform, in the administration, as well as in legislation, is imperatively necessary to the prosperity and honor of the republic, and a competent chief magistrate must be of usual temper and power. They have observed with attention your execution of the public trusts you have held, especially of that with which you are now so honorably invested. They place their reliance for the usefulness of services which they expect to exact for the benefit of the nation, upon the evidence derived from the services you have performed for the state of New York. They invite the electors to such proof of character and competence to justify their confidence, that in the nation as heretofore in the state, the public business will be administered with commensurate intelligence and ability, with single eye to honesty and fidelity, and resolute and daring fearlessness, which no faction, no combination, no power, no wealth, no mistaken clamor, can dismay or qualify. In the spirit of wisdom, and invoking the benediction of the divine creator of men, we challenge from the sovereignty of this nation, his words in commendation of the ratification of the choice "Well done, thou good and faithful servant. Thou hast been faithful over a few things. I will make thee the ruler of many things." In the further fulfillment of our duty the secretary will now present a written communication signed by the committee."

THE FORMAL ADDRESS.

Colonel Vilas was several times interrupted by applause. At the close of his remarks, Nicholas M. Prince, of Missouri, secretary of the committee, read the following formal address, prepared by the committee:

NEW YORK CITY, July 28, 1884.—To Hon. Grover Cleveland, of New York: Sir—In accordance with the custom-befitted nature of the communication, the undersigned, representing several states and territories of the union, were appointed a committee by the national democratic convention, which assembled at Chicago on the 8th day of the current month, to perform the